

Bradford District

School Organisation

Plan

2020

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School Organisation Plan

Bradford Council is responsible for ensuring that:

- Sufficient early education and childcare provision is available which offers the early year's free entitlement;
- Sufficient high-quality, maintained school provision is available to meet the needs of all Bradford District children aged 5-16;
- Sufficient high-quality, maintained school or college provision is available to meet the needs of all Bradford District young people aged 16-18;
- At all ages, priority is given to meeting appropriately the needs of all children and young people with special educational needs, learning difficulties and/or disabilities;
- All maintained nurseries, schools and colleges are able to function as high-quality, viable and financially efficient institutions.

Introduction

Bradford's Education Covenant recognises that all children and young people are entitled to high quality educational provision. Key to this aim is that all schools in Bradford are good schools serving their local communities. Whilst schools have a high degree of autonomy in this regard, the way that schools are organised and the policies that the Council adopts play a fundamental role in this overarching aim.

Local authorities have a statutory duty to ensure that sufficient places are available within their area for every child of school age whose parents wish them to have one; to promote diversity, parental choice and high educational standards; to ensure fair access to educational opportunity; and to help fulfil every child's educational potential. Bradford Council seeks to exercise this function in partnership with Schools, Governing Bodies, Dioceses, Academy Trusts, head teachers, local communities and other key stakeholders.

Planning future education provision and predicting future demand of school spaces is a complex process. To do so, the local authority uses a range of information including fertility and birth rates, local demographic data, migration data and information regarding planned housing developments. By analysing all of this data, we can review trends in pupil numbers and this helps with effective future forecasting of pupil places. As a result, planning for school places is based on probabilities not certainties and while projections may be derived from sound calculations they come without guarantees.

Since 2011, new providers of school places have been able to establish state-funded free schools outside of the local authority school planning process and now all new schools are deemed to be free schools. There are also a growing number of schools that have converted to become academies, which are also independent of local authority control.

This School Organisation Plan shows local communities, and those interested in their development, how we expect school provision to change over the next few years. It brings together information from a range of sources and sets out the issues the Council will face in meeting its statutory duties for providing nursery and school places up to 2024 for primary and 2027 for secondary.

The School Organisation Plan includes present and predicted future pupil numbers on roll, together with information about birth rates, school capacity and new housing. The Plan sets out proposed changes in the number of school places available over the next year and it suggests where other changes may be necessary in the future. The Plan also sets out our policies on school organisation and the statutory framework for making changes such as opening, closing, enlarging or reducing the capacity at schools.

Data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) indicates that over half a million people (540,909) live in the Bradford District. Subnational population projections published by the ONS indicate that the population in Bradford District will increase to 564,842 by mid-2043. These projections are published every two years; and this is based on the data published in March 2020 and based on the data available from 2018.

Source: [2018-based Subnational Population Projections, ONS.](#)

Population growth and ethnic diversity among young people is an asset to the Bradford District. The challenge however is to ensure all children have the best possible start in life and the Council must ensure that there are enough high quality school places available, giving Bradford the opportunity to grow a diverse and skilled young workforce.

Over the last decade, the focus on School Organisation has been on meeting pressures for places as the numbers of children requiring school places increased. Although there is still pressure on places in the secondary phase, this pressure is now subsiding in the primary phase, as the numbers of younger children not yet in school are reducing.

A breakdown of the schools in Bradford is shown in the following table

School Type	Academy	Aided	Community	Controlled	Foundation	Free	Trust	Total
Nursery			7					7
Primary	78	15	48	6	6	2	1	156
All through (primary-secondary)	3					1		4
Secondary	19	3	1		1	6	1	31
Special	5		3					8
Pupil Referral Unit	1		4					5
Total	106	18	63	6	7	9	2	211

Note: information correct as at 1 September 2020

In addition to the schools counted in the table, two sixth form free schools opened in September 2019.

The District has a diversity of provision with 63 community schools; 18 voluntary aided schools; 6 voluntary controlled schools; 7 foundation schools; 9 free schools; 2 trust schools and 106 academies.

Academies are run by a trust which is responsible for every aspect of managing the school. Trusts can be set up by a range of organisations including religious groups, educational specialists, employers, charities and community groups. They have greater flexibility in the way the school is run. Academies receive their funding directly from the government. Where schools have converted to academy status, the premises are typically leased to the trust by the Council on a 125-year lease.

Community, foundation, voluntary aided, voluntary controlled and trust schools are classed as Local Authority maintained schools. These schools are funded and supported via Bradford Council.

Free school was the term initially used for non-profit making, independent, state-funded academies set up since 2010 in response to demand for a greater variety of schools. In 2015, the term broadened to become the DfE's term for any new academy.

All through schools make provision for primary and secondary aged pupils within a single school. The Council supports the principle of all through schools, though a number of factors need to be considered in any proposal of a new all through school, including premises, standards and management capacity.

Bradford Council works closely with all schools and academies in the District. There is a good track record of schools working together to address the needs of all children in an area.

School organisation issues rarely affect schools in isolation; school partnerships are important to understanding the impact school organisation decisions may have on education provision in an area.

Local Authorities' Duties for sufficiency of places

Local authorities have a statutory duty to ensure that sufficient schools for providing primary and secondary education are available for their area. ([Education Act 1996, section 14](#))

Legislation governing school organisational changes is found in the [Education Act 1996](#), [The School Organisation \(Establishment and Discontinuance of Schools\) Regulations 2013](#), Making significant changes ('prescribed alterations') to maintained schools 2018 and [Making significant changes to an open academy and closure by mutual agreement](#).

Ages 0-5

Legislation relating to Early Years provision is contained in The Childcare Acts of 2006 and 2016 and the Children and Families Act 2014. Of particular relevance to school organisation planning are the following:

- Councils have a duty to ensure that there are sufficient places for two year olds from disadvantaged and low income families to access 15 hours a week of funded early learning from the term after their second birthday
- Councils have a duty to ensure there are sufficient places for all 3&4 year olds to access 15 hours a week of funded early learning from the term after their third birthday until the child reaches statutory school age or joins a Reception class. 3&4 year-old children of working parents are also entitled to a further 15 hours a week of childcare until such time as they go to school;
- Councils also have to ensure that there are sufficient places for these children.

It should be noted that while Councils have a duty to ensure sufficiency of early education places and promote take up, there is no legal obligation for parents to make sure that their children attend pre-statutory school age provision.

Ages 5-16

The law requires that parents and carers make arrangements and Councils make provision for the education of children from the first term after their fifth birthday, to the end of the academic year in which their sixteenth birthday falls (statutory school age). In Bradford the majority of children begin reception in the September following their fourth birthday. Where parents feel it is appropriate, they can request that their child's entry to reception is deferred until later in the school year, or that their child attends on a part-time basis until they reach statutory school age.

Ages 14-19 (or up to 25 for young people with special educational needs and disabilities)

Local Authorities are the lead strategic commissioners of 16-19 education and training. This means that the Council has a duty to ensure that sufficient and appropriate education and training opportunities are accessible to all young people in the district who are over the compulsory school age, but under 19 and those up to age 25 for young people with SEND who have an Education, Health and Care Plan.

The Council worked closely with schools, colleges and local businesses to agree a strategy to improve post-16 outcomes – details can be found in '[A Joint Approach to Post-16 Education Improvement in Bradford and the Need for Change](#)'. This was published in summer 2016. Partners are continuing to work collaboratively to implement the way forward identified in this document, as is evidenced by the two new Free Schools which opened in September 2019.

Ensuring there are sufficient places

Supporting parental preference, performance and popularity

Where changes are required to accommodate growing populations, consideration will be given to the performance of existing provision when drafting and consulting on proposals for expansion. However, it is acknowledged that it is not always possible to increase the size of some schools due to other constraints such as land availability. Increasing the capacity of a school in an area where there are places available at other schools within close proximity, may have adverse impacts on these nearby schools and this will be given due consideration. All maintained schools and academies will be considered for expansion when deciding where additional places will be of greatest benefit to the children.

Dealing with a surplus or shortfall of places

Where surplus places are identified, the Council will work with appropriate bodies to remove these places. A range of options will be considered, including:

- Temporary removal of places by re-designation of space within the school where forecasts show demand will increase at a later date.
- Permanent removal of places and reduction in Published Admission Number (PAN) following the statutory consultation process.
- Merging or federation of schools with reduced overall numbers.
- Closure of schools.

Where a shortage of places is identified, the Council will work with existing and potential new providers to consider options for addressing this shortage. Options will include:

- Increasing pupil numbers on existing school sites where capacity exists, this may include re-designation of space within schools such as the change of use of a library to a classroom, with library facilities being relocated elsewhere.
- Increasing the size of existing schools by providing additional accommodation on the site, or expansion onto a 'satellite site'.
- Working with Academy Trusts to promote the demand for new free schools.

Ages 0-5

The Childcare Act 2006 requires local authorities in England and Wales to ensure sufficiency of childcare, so far as is reasonably practicable, for working parents, parents who are studying or training and for disabled children. To meet the needs of families' childcare provision should be accessible, affordable and delivered flexibly in a range of high quality settings.

The process of ensuring sufficiency of early years places is covered by the Childcare Sufficiency Assessment 2020 which can be found on the [Bradford Council website](#).

For age 5-16

Education institutions operate most efficiently when they are full or almost full. The Council recognises this and seeks to keep the number of surplus or spare places to a minimum. However, not all unfilled school places are considered surplus to requirements and best practice has shown that some level of spare school capacity is necessary to allow for flexibility for unexpected additional children either through the annual admissions round, or in-year admissions. Previous national best practice guidance (2013) from the [Audit Commission](#) recommended that Councils should plan for a 95% occupancy rate in schools. Currently, the DfE uplifts the forecast mainstream pupil numbers

from reception to year 11 to include a 2 per cent operating margin. Note that the Audit Commission has been replaced by the National Audit Office.

Source: [10089-001 Capital-funding-for-new-school-places.pdf \(nao.org.uk\)](#)

For age 16+

There is a duty to ensure that there are sufficient places for post-16 students. National funding formula is used to calculate the allocation of funding to each institution each academic year for those students aged 16-19 and up to the age of 25 for students with an education, health and care plan. The basic funding is calculated using national funding rates, which depend on their students' study programmes. The number of students recruited and retained in the previous academic year, known as 'lagged student numbers' are used to reflect the demand for places. Although the funding model would theoretically allow an increase in numbers year on year, any increase is limited by the availability of suitable teaching and learning space and the demands of delivering a post-16 curriculum offer.

Capital funding for additional school places

The majority of the capital funding for new pupil places is allocated to local authorities, as Basic Needs Funding. This is allocated according to the need for new places based on forecast data provided by local authorities to the Department for Education (DfE) in the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return.

In addition to Basic Needs Funding, where the number of additional children expected to move into new housing developments will create a shortfall, requests towards the development of education provision is requested from housing developers. Since July 2017, Bradford has operated the Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) system, where funds are paid by developers to the Council for overall infrastructure enhancement. It is no longer possible to make a request for funding direct to the developer through this process. Instead the Council's Executive Committee is responsible for making decisions on the distribution of the CIL funds received. Selected areas of infrastructure are invited to request CIL monies towards their area.

Planning Principles

Ages 4-19

When considering changes to provision, the council will plan based on the following principles.

- a) The Council will work within existing legislation regarding Infant Class Sizes, which states that no infant class at a school may contain more than 30 pupils while an ordinary teaching session is conducted by a single school teacher. The Council will therefore plan provision such that no class within a primary school will be greater than 30.
- b) Where possible, Published Admission Numbers (PANs) will be in multiples of 30. Where this is not possible, multiples of 15 will be preferred. It is expected that mixed age classes will be necessary in primary schools where the PAN is a multiple of 15.
- c) The Council will seek to plan provision so that no class within a secondary school will be greater than 30 where practically possible.
- d) It is the Council's view that all through primary schools will eliminate potential barriers to learning by providing continuity which will in turn lead to an overall higher quality of provision. The Council prefers primary schools rather than separate infant and junior schools as the model for primary phase education in the Bradford District.
- e) The Council will consider sympathetically, arrangements that manage small local provisions within a single framework under a single governing body and headteachers. This is

particularly the case in more rural areas and where such arrangements reduce the transport needs for young children.

- f) All present primary school provision is co-educational and the Council would encourage that future arrangements will conform to this pattern.
- g) The majority of secondary provision is co-educational and the Council prefers any new provision to conform to this pattern.

Ages 14-19

The opening of the post-16 Free Schools, the University Technical Colleges (UTC) in Leeds and flexibilities for FE Colleges to recruit at age 14 means that the traditional pattern of 14-19 delivery is already changing in the District, with the potential to shift further.

As part of our response to this changing landscape, the Council has worked with a range of employers and education providers to develop “Industrial Centres of Excellence” (ICE). These build on the UTC ethos but have been developed into a bespoke local solution during 2019 – 2020. To date 2,353 students have accessed an ICE programme, but this has been delivered without generating significant movement between institutions for young people under the age of 16 and therefore without implication for school organisation. The Council’s approach to ICEs is set out on our [website](#). The Council and partners are currently reviewing and setting plans to develop the provision and facilitate an improved offer for all 14-19 year olds in the District.

Ages 16+

The Council’s role is the strategic commissioner of post-16 provision. This role involves working to improve standards and shaping provision across the district by identifying gaps, enabling new provision and developing the market. This is part of the wider leadership of education up to the age of 19 and the broader shaping of place approach and economic development across the District and not about procurement or practical commissioning matters.

To effectively plan and deliver on its strategic commissioning function for 16-19 year olds, the Council will plan on the following principles:

- a) Have in place a strategic commissioning business cycle based upon the collection and analysis of data and other intelligence that will inform the Council’s place shaping role.
- b) Undertake on-going dialogue with key stakeholders including funding agencies, the district’s education and training providers and employers to inform our view of post-16 provision and highlight where gaps exist. The Council will work with and on behalf of, all post-16 providers to champion the needs of local young people and ensure that post-16 education and training is one of the keystones on which local regeneration and prosperity can be built.
- c) Produce a Local Commissioning Statement Report on the alignment of post-16 education and training with current and future labour market demands: Contributing to the delivery of the District Workforce Development Plan, [People Skills Prosperity](#), and the West Yorkshire Combined Authority [Devolution Deal](#).
- d) Work with providers to ensure that they deliver high quality education and training provision that offers genuine progression pathways to our young people. The Council takes the position that the interests of the institution cannot be placed above what is right for the young person.

Implementation of the Post-16 Review

Following the Review, the Council took the position that we need to work toward a reduction in the number of school sixth forms and the development of a small number of large school sixth form

colleges (as Free Schools). The Council’s view was that these needed to be located in areas of demographic demand such as Bradford City Centre and in the north of the District. The opening of the two new post-16 free schools in the City Centre in September 2019, represented a significant milestone in the implementation of this approach. Dialogue is on-going with partners about the approach for provision in the North of the District.

FE estate and learners

The latest available information about FE Colleges based in the District is set out in the table below.

Institution	16-18 Learner numbers
Bradford College	3,402
ShIPLEY College	845
Keighley College	802

Learner numbers are taken from the institution’s 2020/21 funding allocation, except Keighley Campus, which are taken from data supplied by the Education Funding Agency (which excludes Apprenticeships). In addition, many of our students attend FE provision outside of the District, in particular at Craven College and Calderdale College.

The FE Estate in Bradford has received significant investment and over recent years: Bradford College opened the flagship David Hockney Building and the Advanced Technology Centre although these were not built with the intent of greatly increasing 16-18 learner numbers. ShIPLEY College has also opened the new Jonathan Silver building as a specialist facility to address a specific need for a cohort of post-16 learners with particular special educational needs. This is similar to the above in that this development was not intended to significantly increase 16-18 learner numbers.

Triggers for change

The Council keeps all educational provision that it has responsibility for in Bradford under constant review. A variety of factors may lead to the Council making proposals for changes in provision. As the list below indicates, the supply and demand of places is only one of the factors that the Council will consider:

- Rises and falls in the child population and/or the continuing demand for places in an area.
- The opportunity to make new and positive educational developments.
- The opportunity to regularise local arrangements to accord with general Bradford arrangements.
- Action to address institutions that are failing or at risk of failing.
- Working with institutions that can be shown to be adding to the educational achievement of pupils.
- Findings by Ofsted on the quality of the institution.
- The popularity of the institution with local residents and wider user groups.
- The prospects for the institution of remaining or becoming viable in terms of numbers of children admitted.
- Indicators that the institution has a good understanding of the challenges it faces and the ability and determination to tackle these challenges.
- Condition of existing buildings and sites.

The Council operates a robust system to monitor schools’ standards, achievements and the quality of the provision. This is based on a process of school prioritisation which enables the Council’s resources, which are available for monitoring, supporting, challenging and if necessary, intervention,

to be directed at those schools at the greatest risk of failing the children and young people educated within them and with the greatest needs. Regular Ofsted inspections of schools provide an external view of the performance of schools. The Council has statutory powers of intervention, that it won't hesitate to use, should any school be delivering an inadequate education and is not taking appropriate steps to rectify the situation.

Proposals to change any provision will conform to the principles stated earlier in this document. However, when considering any such change the long-term interests of the District will take precedence over short term difficulties and disruption.

How change is managed

The duty to decide on statutory proposals with respect to school organisation such as closing or expanding schools falls to the Council, Governing Bodies or the Schools Adjudicator. Academy conversions can be instigated by Governing Bodies, Trusts or the DfE.

The Council cannot open a new school. Applications to open a new school (as a free school since 2015) are made through the DfE.

How the supply of places in the District is managed

The supply of education places required across the District is managed according to the age range of the children. It is therefore important to understand how forecasts or projections (both terms are used synonymously throughout) are created for the supply of education places required over time. Demand for early years and childcare places fluctuate according to employment trends as well as population trends. The difficulty of managing the supply of places is compounded by the fact that the number of children eligible for free nursery education rises by almost 60% over the course of a school year. Private and voluntary sector provision provides much of the flexibility needed to meet demand. The Council seeks to influence market development within the private and voluntary sector by the provision of information which highlights gaps and also areas of possible over-supply across the District. The [Childcare Sufficiency Assessment](#) uses current and historic information regarding the availability and take up of places by different age ranges, rather than a forecasting approach.

The District Workforce Development Plan, People Skills Prosperity, was published in February 2020 and sets out the strategic approach for post-16 employment and skills provision (including adults) for the next five years. An annual needs analysis for post-16 in the District will be published in 2021.

For school aged children (aged 4 - 16), the Council works with schools and governing bodies to address school place supply or demand issues in the shorter and longer term. The information below explains how we plan places for school age children.

Bradford District School forecasting methodology

The Council uses past and present pupil numbers in all schools across the District. Pupil numbers are usually recorded by schools three times each year (October, January and May) as part of the School Census return. Information is reported to the DfE in October, January and May (note that the May 2020 census return was cancelled due to Covid 19). This information is used together with health data and approved housing developments, to assess the extent to which a surplus or shortfall of places is likely to exist across the District in the future. This is referred to as pupil 'projections' or 'forecasts'.

The purpose of forecasting pupil numbers is to satisfy the Council's statutory requirement to meet current and future demand for places.

The Bradford District covers a large geographical area and is a mixture of rural and urban centres. In order to carry out pupil forecasts effectively it must split up the District into smaller areas. There are 26 'primary school planning areas' and eight 'secondary school planning areas'. There are fewer secondary schools than primary schools and they usually admit children from a wider area than primary schools.

Primary school planning areas are typically made up of between 2 and 10 schools. They vary in size depending on the rural or urban nature of the area with rural areas generally having larger geographical planning areas. The sizes of the planning areas are also dependent on where children live and where they are likely to attend schools. Other factors are taken into account when determining the areas such as major roads which are difficult to cross or adjacent to moor land with little access (natural topography).

Secondary school planning areas are based loosely on geographical areas. They were originally set up as schools that worked together in some cases sharing resources, however this has now changed particularly as many schools have converted to Academy status.

Any decisions on changes to mainstream school provision such as the expansion or contraction of schools, are taken within the context of these primary or secondary school planning areas.

When it comes to choosing a school for their child, parents/carers are under no obligation to select their closest school and can apply for schools that may not be in their own local area or even District. Parents may apply, for example, for a faith school in another area, or a school close to their place of work. Parents may also choose independent schooling for their child. As a result, there is no direct link between the number of children living in a particular 'primary school planning areas' or 'secondary school planning areas' and school places located there.

Past and present data on the number and addresses of pupils in schools is used to identify historic and current trends in patterns of movement and where children attend school. This analysis is applied to further data to forecast expected future patterns of demand. Nevertheless, most parents/carers of primary aged children will seek local schools for their children.

For secondary aged children parents/carers often seek a school place outside their own immediate area. Historic trends of children moving from primary to secondary school are therefore used to forecast expected future patterns of demand. The average number of children from outside the District that attend secondary schools within the District is also considered over a period of 3 years.

In both primary and secondary school selection, parents/carers are required to complete an application and can state up to 5 school preferences which should be realistic in relation to accessing each school, as places cannot be guaranteed. Further information is provided in the 'Guide for parents about admission arrangements booklets' which is also on the Council's website.

Much attention within this document is focused on the "starter" years in schools – 'Reception' (YR) for primary schools and 'Year 7' for secondary schools. These are the most significant year groups when there is a changing school population, either increasing or declining. As the most recent admissions to schools they are the year groups that best reflect current parental attitudes to schools. Therefore, forecasts state how many children are predicted to require a school place in a given primary or secondary school planning area. This is evaluated against the number of available

places there are in the planning areas. Action is then taken if the demand significantly outstrips the supply or vice versa.

Health Authority registrations underpins all primary school forecasts. This data is provided to the Council monthly and provides full details of children aged 0-18 in the District registered with the NHS. Only those registered at the time can be included and therefore any movement or new children moving into the District may not be included.

By comparing one year's data to the next any increases or decreases in the size of age groups over time can be identified and provides information on the number of children that may require school places in the future.

Although there are different ways by which the future need for school places can be estimated, the forecast methodology used identifies:

- the pattern of how numbers of children aged under 5 registered with the NHS in a primary school planning area turn into numbers of reception pupils in that area.
- the pattern of how percentages of pupils attending each primary school transfer to individual secondary schools.

There are four key reasons this methodology is used:

- good data in the relevant areas from the NHS;
- good data for those attending primary and secondary schools in each of the areas from national census data submitted by each school;
- the areas used are large enough not to be too influenced by short-term or very local peaks and troughs, but small enough not to rely on wholly inaccessible provision to meet local needs;
- able to make year on year comparisons to avoid discrepancies and make allowances or find reasons for sudden changes by local and central knowledge of each school.

As well as Health data there are a number of different factors that will influence the number of children in an area that turn into the numbers of pupils. The level of new housing, inward and outward migration, popularity, Ofsted reports, movement between Councils mainly on the borders and the take up of places at independent schools are all examples. Where possible these factors are accounted for in the methodology.

The impact of housing

Bradford Council's Core Strategy Development Plan Document (DPD) forms part of the Local Plan for Bradford, setting the strategic planning framework and policies to guide development within the District up to 2030. The current plan, which was adopted in 2017, sets out a housing requirement of 42,100 homes for the period 2013-2030. The Government has changed the approach to how housing need is calculated in England using a 'Standard Method'. For the Bradford District, using this new 'standard method' and making adjustments, the total figure is 26,150 over a 17-year plan period.

It is recognised that new housing developments have an impact on the demand for school places and as such, a calculation is made to include additional children who may come to live in new housing, this is added to future primary and secondary school forecasts.

The effects of new housing are

- Families that move into housing developments in a new area are likely to wish to enrol their children into a school. This may result in a short-term increase in the number of pupils on roll in schools, across all years, where places are available.
- A formula is used to calculate the likely number of additional children who might come to live in these developments. When the developments are completed, checks are made to identify the actual number of children and any changes over time are incorporated in future calculations. Calculations of the number of additional children requiring school places from new housing developments are dependent on the size of the homes and development.
- The community Infrastructure Levy (CIL) was introduced in 2017. The Council is no longer able to request direct contributions, however in some areas of the District a levy applies for overall infrastructure enhancement. Decisions on the distribution of these funds are made by the Council's Executive Committee.
- There can be a knock-on effect caused by families upsizing or moving from existing homes into new developments within the District, with new families moving into their vacated home.

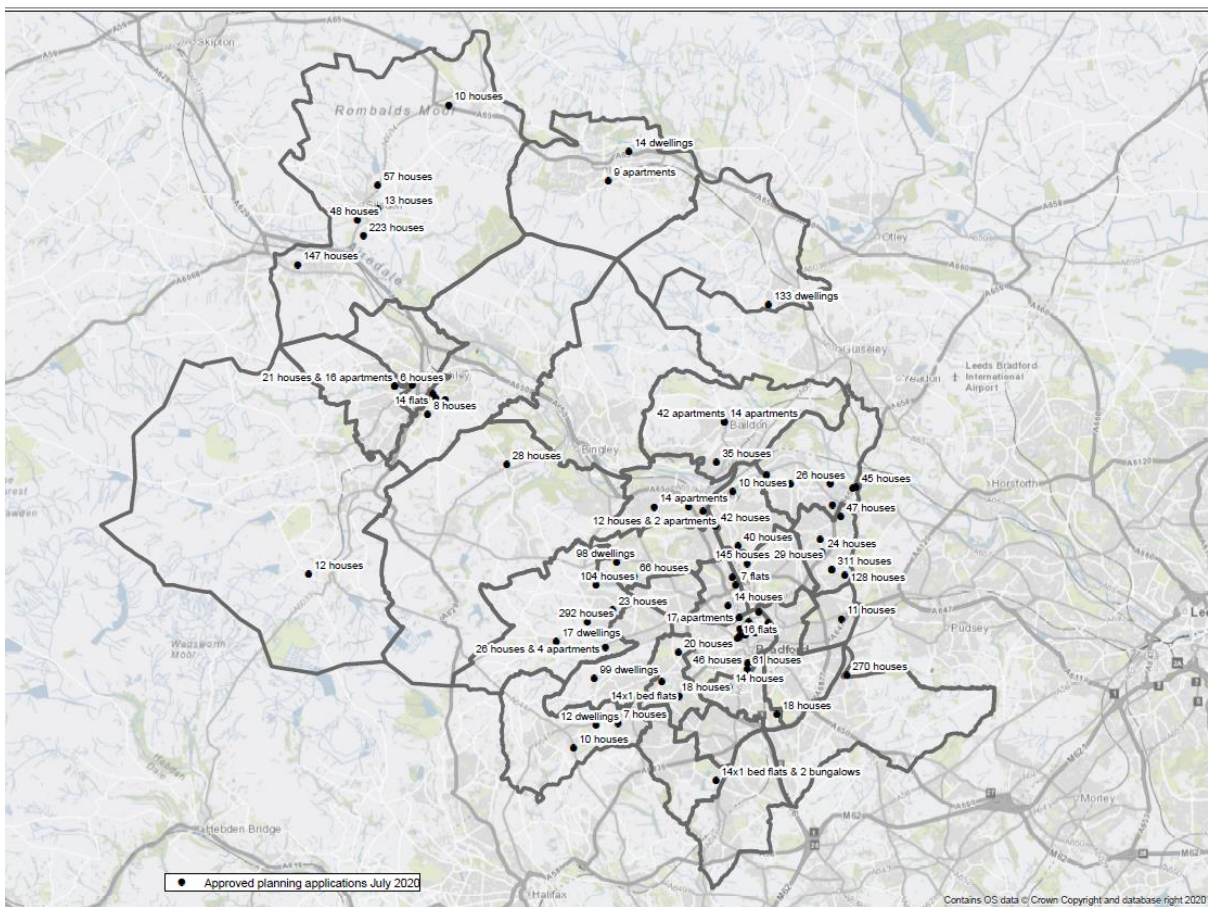
The table and map below shows all housing development included in the 2019/20 final forecasts. These forecasts would usually be submitted to the DfE as part of the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return, however in 2020 this was cancelled due to Covid-19.

Application Reference	Area Details	Units	Additional Primary Pupils	Additional Secondary Pupils
15/07357/MAR	Allerton Lane (Land at), Cote Lane, Bradford	292 houses	20	17
18/03304/MAR	Belton Road, Silsden	223 houses	28	16
18/04238/MAF	Bingley Road (Hallmark Cards Ltd), Bradford	385 flats	4	2
17/04591/MAF	Bingley Road, Menston	133 dwellings	15	10
18/05140/MAR	Bolton Road, Silsden	57 houses	9	7
17/05824/MAF	Brunswick Road (Land East of), Bradford	8x2 bed flats & 2xstudio	1	0
17/04699/MAF	Cape Street (Conditioning House), Bradford	81x1 bed & 52x2 bed apartments	4	2
18/01911/MAF	Captain Street (Cathedral Centre, 2), Bradford BD1 4EL	20 apartments	1	1
17/03303/FUL	Cavendish Road (Former Fitness First), Eccleshill	29 houses	4	2
16/05707/MAF	Cliffe Lane (Fernihurst First School), Baildon	35 houses	5	3
18/00897/MAR	Fagley Lane (former Fagley Quarry), Bradford	311 houses	28	16
18/01127/MAR	Fagley Lane (former Fagley Quarry), Bradford	278 dwellings	28	16
17/05678/MAF	Fagley Road (former Fagley Youth and Community Centre)	128 houses	18	10
16/03564/MAF	Grammar School Street (Car Park), Bradford	166 apartments	8	4
16/08277/MAF	Green Lane, Manningham	14 houses	2	1
18/03868/MAR	Harden Road/Keighley Road Harden	28 houses	4	2
16/02062/MAF	Harrogate Road (1023), Bradford BD10 0NG	2x1 bed & 26x2 bed flats	2	1
19/01150/MAF	Haworth Road (Chellow Grange Quarry), Bradford	98 dwellings	14	7

19/02329/MAR	Highgate Road, Bradford	12 dwellings	2	1
18/01700/MAF	Hillcrest Road, Queensbury	10 houses	1	1
17/06421/MAF	Hollin Wood Close (Former Ivy House Nursing Home, 6), Shipley	14 apartments	1	0
17/05251/MAF	Holts Lane (Land at), Clayton, Bradford	99 dwellings	7	3
19/01268/MAF	Ingleby Road (former Otto House), Bradford	167 houses	23	13
18/03853/MAR	Kimberley Street (Former Allotment Gardens), Ilkley	14 dwellings	2	1
13/04148/MAF	Leeds Road (land at Cote Farm), Thackley	60 houses	8	5
15/06447/MAF	Little Horton Lane (407), Bradford	14 houses	2	1
17/06967/MAF	Livingstone Road, Bolton Woods, Bradford	40 houses	6	3
19/02851/MAF	Long Lee Lane, Keighley	61 dwellings	9	5
14/00450/MAO	Main Road (Land west of Airedale General Hospital), Steeton	147 houses	11	9
19/01617/MAR	Middleway (land east of 25), Silsden	13 houses	2	1
13/04498/MAF	North Parade, Allerton, Bradford	104 houses	16	13
17/00921/MAF	Northgate (Baildon Mills), Baildon (1)	14 apartments	1	1
16/06606/MAF	Northgate (Baildon Mills), Baildon (2)	42 apartments	3	2
17/05781/MAF	Northside Terrace Bradford	20 houses	3	2
16/01758/MAF	Oak Avenue Bradford	6 houses & 6 apartments	1	0
17/02730/MAF	Osmond, Taunton & Ashton House, Croscombe Walk (Y Blocks Manchester Road)	46 houses	6	3
18/00229/MAF	Park Lane (Land at), Keighley	12 houses	2	1
17/00704/MAF	Pollits House, Pollits Farm Close	7 houses	1	1
17/04666/MAF	Poplars Park Road (Land at), Bradford	145 houses	20	11
17/04103/MAR	Reyhill Grove (City Gate), Manchester Road, Bradford	364x1 bed & 190x2,3,4 bed apartments	13	7
17/06811/MAR	Romanby Shaw	47 houses	6	4
16/08734/MAF	Rombalds Hotel West View Wells Road Ilkley	9 apartments	1	0
18/03783/MAF	Rushton Road (Former Wainfleet House), Bradford	11 houses	2	1
18/03975/MAF	Sapgate Lane (Land North of 79 to 111), Thornton	17 dwellings	1	1
17/04233/MAR	Scrap Yard, Castle Mills, Becks Road, BD21 1SP	21 houses & 16 apartments	4	2
18/03569/MAF	Simpson Green (Land at), Apperley Bridge, Bradford	60 dwellings	8	5
14/00255/MAF	Simpson's Green Apperley Bridge Bradford	267 houses	18	10
16/09318/MAF	Site of Avenel Club, Whitburn Way, Bradford	23 houses	3	2
16/09142/MAF	Sports Ground Harrogate Road Bradford	45 houses	6	3
17/02799/MAF	Sports Ground, Sunny Brow Lane	48 houses & 11 apartments	7	4
16/06182/MAF	Sports Grounds Sunny Brow Lane Bradford	66 houses	9	5
17/00662/MAF	Springfield Mills, Oakworth Road	14 flats	1	0
16/00464/MAF	Springhurst Road Shipley	12 houses & 2 apartments	2	1

15/03871/MAF	Sykes Lane Silsden	48 houses	7	4
17/00570/MAF	The Street (Darkwood House), Addingham	10 houses	2	1
16/09263/MAF	Thornton Road (126-128), Bradford	16 flats	1	1
17/05079/MAF	Thornton Road (Leaventhorpe Hall), Bradford	26 houses & 4 apartments	4	2
16/06503/MAF	Tristram Ave and Springwood Gds Bradford	18 houses	3	1
17/03503/MAF	Valley Road/Wallbank Drive Shipley	42 houses	6	3
19/02773/MAF	Victoria Road (Airedale House), Eccleshill	24 houses	3	2
16/09452/MAF	Vincent Street (Galem House), Bradford	37x1 bed & 27x2 bed apartments	2	1
17/06489/MAF	West Shaw Lane (Brooks Meeting Mill), Oxenhope	12 houses	2	1
18/02325/MAF	Westfield Lane, Idle	26 houses	4	2
18/05418/MAF	Windsor Court, Bolingbroke Court, Stuart Court, Tudor Court, Hapsburg Court, Elsdon Grove	61 houses	7	5
19/04145/REM	Woodhouse Road (Former site of The Woodhouse), Keighley	8 houses	1	1
16/04772/MAF	Wrose Brow Road (The Old School Building), Shipley	10 houses	1	1

Approved Housing Developments across the Bradford District: July 2020



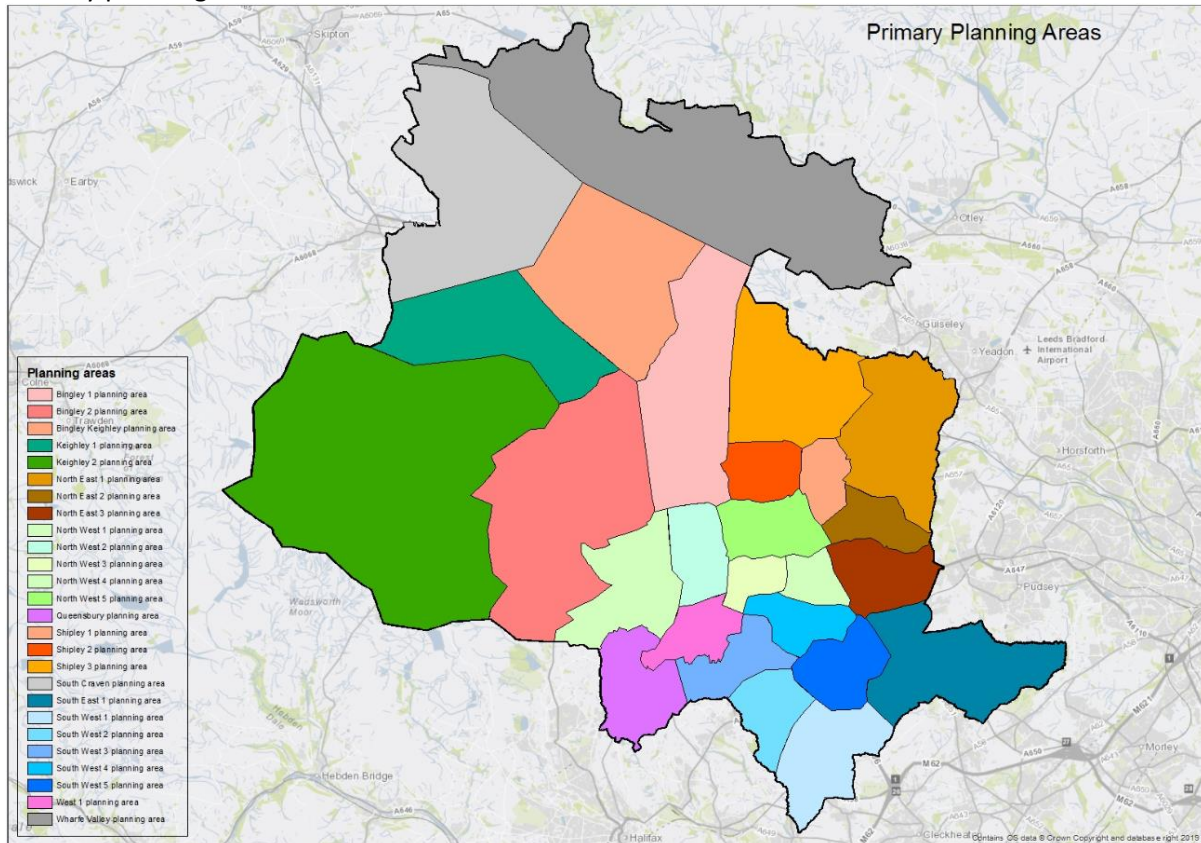
Impact of the economy

Economic instability can lead to a reduction in the use of independent education and therefore an increased call for places in local state schools. There are differing levels of use of independent education across different areas of the District and therefore these impacts are unlikely to be felt in all areas.

Recession can also influence housing developments. Families may sell their houses to downsize or move into other areas and the birth rates of areas may change (including inward and outward migration factors). During the recent recession a number of housing developments were delayed or halted and it has therefore been difficult to include numbers of additional places required into the forecast. There now appears to be a change in the building industry, developments have been re-started and there has been an upturn in the number of completions.

Information on the sites and potential numbers of children is shown in the impacts of housing section.

Primary planning areas



For a list of schools in each primary school planning area, please refer to Appendix A

Forecasting primary aged pupils using the primary planning areas

In the primary sector, forecasts are made for primary school planning areas as identified in the **Bradford District School forecasting methodology** section. It is noted that Catholic primary schools generally serve a wider area than the planning area in which it is situated.

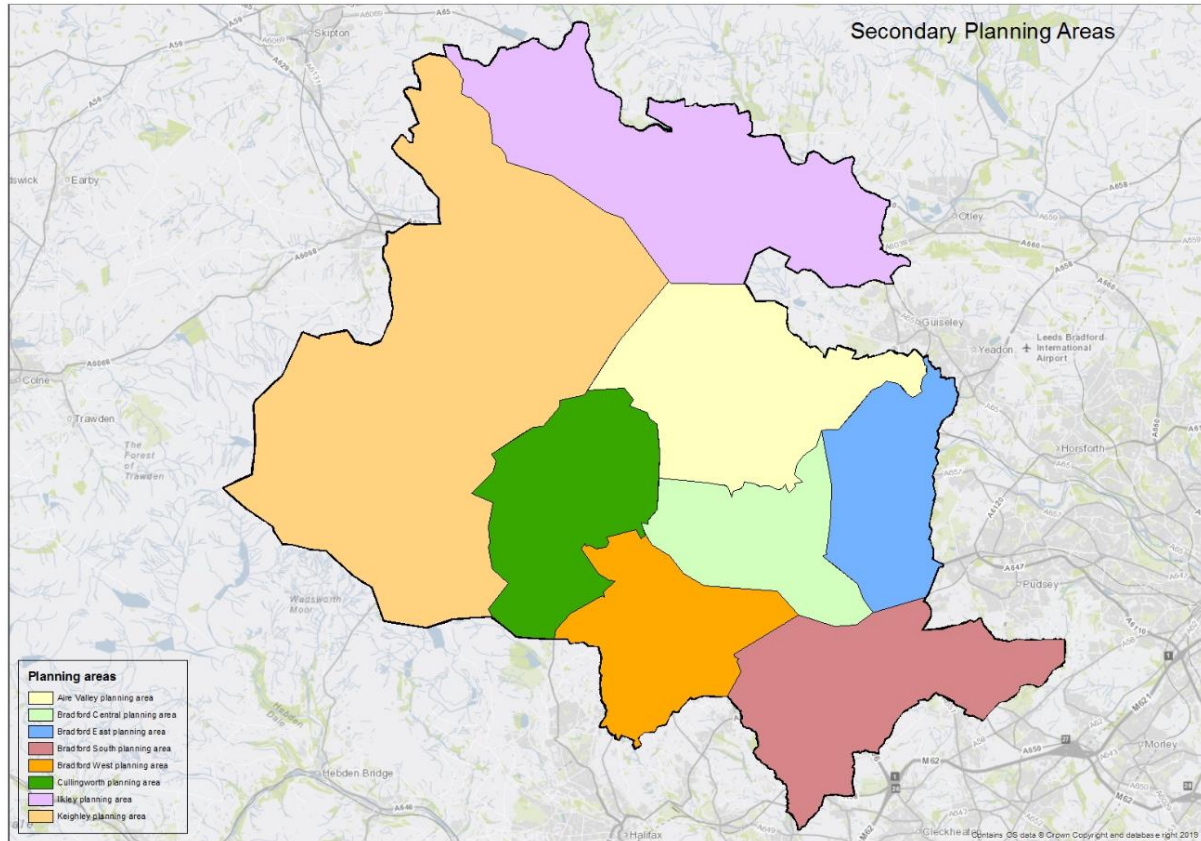
Although planning areas were initially established to best fit where children live and the area that they are likely to attend school through historical and demographic trends, this is not always the case. Often parental preferences are made for what is perceived as ‘better’ or more popular schools, ease of access or where childcare arrangements fit in with their family circumstances. To reflect this, part of the forecasting process factors in application data and movement between planning areas.

School census data is used to identify patterns of how many children from each planning area attend each school. By applying this information to the health data, we can provisionally forecast the number of reception children starting at each primary school. Where required, adjustments are made where recent changes in parental preferences are not reflected in previous years’ trends.

The census data is used to calculate a ‘retention rate’ of pupil numbers remaining in each school in each year group. This is then applied to the most recent census data to forecast ‘in-year’ numbers expected at each school.

Estimates of the likely number of additional pupils in approved new housing are then added to these numbers over a four-year period beginning in the following academic year, to allow time for the development to begin.

Secondary planning areas



For a list of schools in each secondary school planning area, please refer to Appendix B

Forecasting secondary aged pupils using the secondary planning areas

In general, families are more willing for children to travel further for secondary education than for primary education given the choice of schools available, which include single gender and faith schools.

Analysis of historic trends of children transferring from primary to secondary school is key to the forecasting of future cohorts seeking year 7 places.

Information on the numbers of children from each primary school transferring to each secondary school is monitored and maintained. This includes children from private, independent schools and from children living across the borders in other Local Authorities. By applying this information to the primary school census data, we can provisionally forecast the number of year 7 children starting at each secondary school. Where required, adjustments are made where recent changes in parental preferences are not reflected in previous years' trends.

Again, the census data is used to calculate a 'retention rate' of pupil numbers remaining in each school in each year group, including the staying on rate in schools with a sixth form. This is then applied to the most recent census data to forecast 'in-year' numbers expected at each school.

Estimates of the likely number of additional pupils in approved new housing are then added to these numbers over a four-year period beginning in the following academic year, to allow time for construction to begin on the development and to become occupied.

Impact of Free Schools

Applications to set up a free school are made to the Department for Education (DfE). A free school can be set up by groups such as: academies; businesses; charities; community or faith groups; independent schools (private, fee-paying schools); parents; schools maintained by local authorities; teachers and universities.

All applications to set up a free school must be approved by the Secretary of State for Education.

The Council is consulted on all free school applications and assesses the potential effects of new free schools on existing schools. Any new school will have an impact on which children are able to gain a place in surrounding schools. Free schools are included in planning areas, however the methodology for forecasting the number of pupils for each school changes as additional schools are added and in some cases this results in established schools taking children from a wider or different area.

Although the Council is now consulted on free school applications, this has not always been the case and some free schools have opened in areas where there are already surplus school places or existing plans for the expansion of established schools. This can create further surplus resulting in schools with unfilled places.

Understanding the forecasts for schools in your area

The current pupil numbers and school place numbers are provided for each of the primary and secondary school planning areas within the Bradford District. They set out projections for how pupil numbers will change and what general changes in school organisation and the Published Admission Numbers (PAN) are needed to meet the changing pupil population.

This information will be of interest to school governors, head teachers and parents/pupils. The analysis is presented in 26 sections for primary schools and 8 sections for secondary schools.

When looking at the projections in each of the planning area sections it is important to note that whilst the Council will seek to meet parental preferences, projections are primarily concerned with the number of available school places in the District. It may be the case that there are some schools in an area that are consistently oversubscribed due to parental preferences. This may give the impression that there is a shortage of school places in this area. However, parental preferences give a view on where parents would prefer their children to go to school not whether there is a shortage of school places in an area.

It is the number of spare reception and year 7 places in an area against the number of children that are seeking to start school that is the principal factor that the Council seeks to predict and respond to. The actual need for these places may be distributed evenly across all areas in the District or they may be concentrated in a particular area. To enable the Council to meet the demand for places of families moving into the District and the amount of mobility the aim is to have some spare capacity of around 5% to ensure that children are placed into schools as soon as possible. This would ideally be in each primary and secondary school planning area.

Population in the Bradford District

The population of Bradford District has increased significantly over recent years and data from the Office of National Statistics (ONS) indicates that over half a million people (540,909) live in the Bradford District. Subnational population projections published by the ONS indicate that the population in Bradford District will increase to 564,842 by mid-2043. These projections are published every two years; the latest was published in May 2020 and was based on the data available from 2018. Source: [2016-based Subnational Population Projections, ONS](#).

Birth and fertility data

Health data shows that across the District, the numbers of younger children who are not yet in school are reducing. This is not a unique situation for Bradford, as the Office of National Statistics (ONS) states that the number of births in 2019 was the lowest Nationally since 2004. As seen in the table below, the total births in Bradford in 2019 were slightly higher than 2018, but still significantly lower than previous years. The total fertility rate in England decreased for the seventh consecutive year to 1.65. Although the total fertility rate for Bradford in 2019 was higher than England at 2.08, it has reduced steadily since the peak of 2.36 in 2008 and 2009. Source: [2019 Birth Summary Tables, ONS](#)

Live birth data from the ONS showed a steady increase in the number of births up to 2010 across the District. The number of births across the District have reduced significantly since that time as shown in the table below:

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Live Births	8627	8301	8322	8039	8100	7931	7930	7639	7244	7270

Health authority data

Information provided by the Child Health Information Service of the NHS is crucial to primary school forecasting. The data is received monthly and analysed by age group and primary school planning area.

The changes in each cohort of children aged 0-10 can be seen in the table below. Note that due to changes in the way data is provided, for age 0 the figures are not full years until 2014.

January Health data	Ages as at 31st August										
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2010	7022*	8521	8562	8390	8413	8195	7816	7687	7510	7252	7282
2011	8309*	8540	8535	8445	8338	8278	8071	7762	7663	7430	7218
2012	8084*	8441	8630	8618	8567	8270	8340	8028	7850	7688	7558
2013	8073*	8283	8332	8664	8689	8607	8327	8364	8121	7776	7787
2014	8011	8215	8266	8616	8596	8509	8221	8257	7987	7639	7660
2015	8082	8080	8226	8298	8763	8631	8529	8263	8294	8024	7671
2016	8117	8214	8217	8408	8481	8771	8694	8571	8235	8303	8020
2017	8078	8117	8247	8183	8389	8439	8743	8697	8582	8336	8360
2018	7745	8136	8227	8326	8348	8494	8667	8842	8746	8701	8407
2019	7312	7821	8170	8227	8385	8245	8390	8515	8696	8590	8559
2020	7414	7440	7944	8199	8316	8354	8332	8480	8614	8757	8634

* part year only

Ages as at 31 August in the previous year

The number of 11-16 year olds recorded in the health data is shown in the table below:

	Ages as at 31st August					
January Health data	11	12	13	14	15	16
2010	7351	7268	7237	7022	7198	7289
2011	7307	7439	7229	7200	7004	7184
2012	7257	7365	7528	7276	7218	7110
2013	7594	7425	7494	7520	7297	7106
2014	7446	7249	7308	7346	7117	6908
2015	7745	7515	7269	7310	7318	7088
2016	7787	7718	7586	7235	7304	7313
2017	8097	7837	7739	7528	7271	7309
2018	8444	8173	7849	7787	7555	7302
2019	8262	8407	8059	7806	7698	7506
2020	8648	8379	8384	8083	7857	7721

Ages as at 31 August in the previous year

Accuracy of forecasts

School forecasts produced using data from the NHS for each primary school planning area can be compared with actual numbers of children recorded in the school census data. However, not all children registered with the NHS within the Bradford District will attend a maintained school or academy. Comparisons are made year on year to ensure the forecast process is as accurate as possible and reflects demographic and other factors such as housing changes.

Forecasts for primary and secondary school planning areas

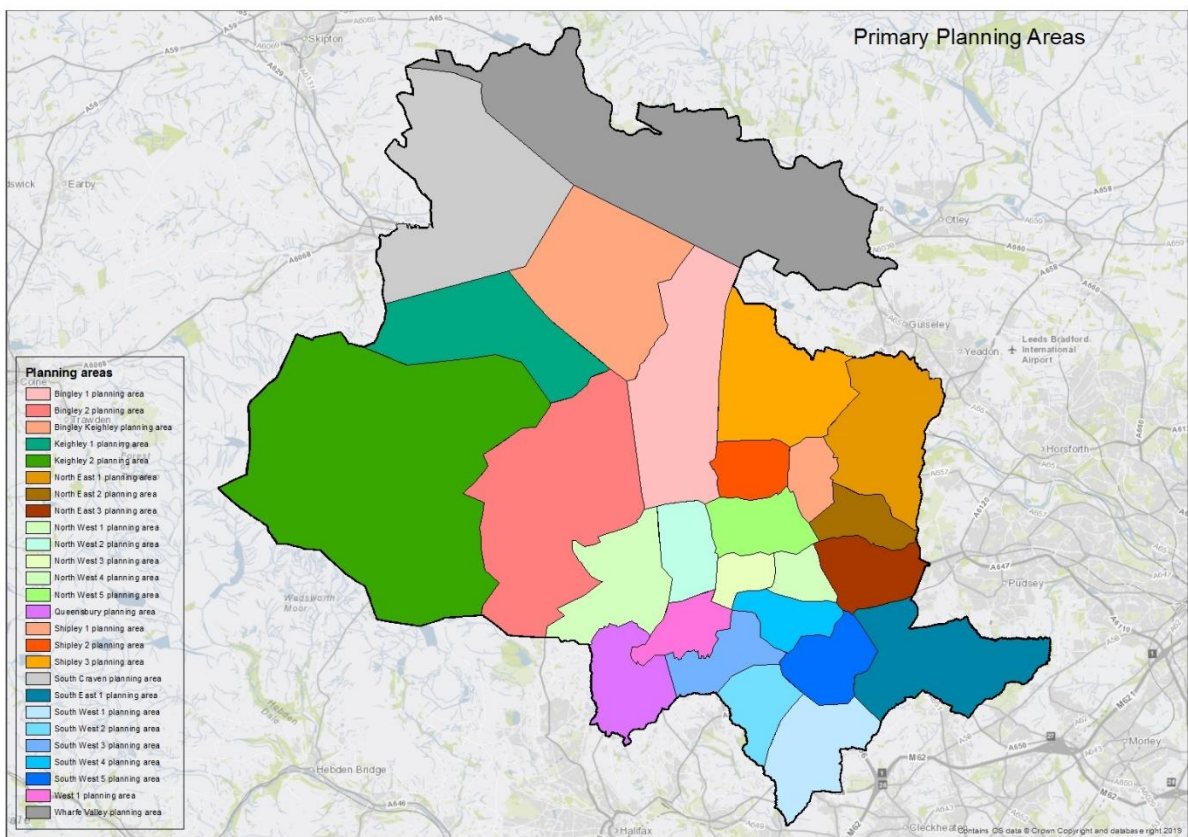
The forecasts submitted to the DfE as part of the annual School Capacity (SCAP) return for each primary and secondary school planning area are shown at the end of this document. Further details are shown in each of the following individual planning area sections.

Bradford District Primary Summary

Primary education in the Bradford District is divided into the following twenty-six separate planning areas:

Bingley 1	North East 3	Shipley 1	South West 3
Bingley 2	North West 1	Shipley 2	South West 4
Bingley/Keighley	North West 2	Shipley 3	South West 5
Keighley 1	North West 3	South Craven	West 1
Keighley 2	North West 4	South East 1	Wharfe Valley
North East 1	North West 5	South West 1	
North East 2	Queensbury	South West 2	

Map showing the boundaries of the twenty-six primary planning areas:



The table below shows the number of primary schools in each planning area, the number of those with nursery provision and the published admission number (PAN) for each planning area (2020/21 academic year):

Planning Area	Number of Primary Schools	Number of Primary Schools with Nursery Provision	Published Admission Number (PAN)
Bingley 1	6	5	285
Bingley 2	4	1	165
Bingley/Keighley	3	2	150
Keighley 1	9	7	375
Keighley 2	11	9	443
North East 1	9	5	420
North East 2	8	6	360
North East 3	10	10	780
North West 1	2	2	105
North West 2	6	5	315
North West 3	6	4	352
North West 4	5	5	330
North West 5	8	6	510
Queensbury	3	2	120
Shipley 1	4	3	170
Shipley 2	4	2	180
Shipley 3	4	3	195
South Craven	3	1	165
South East 1	8	8	470
South West 1	6	4	225
South West 2	6	5	330
South West 3	6	4	300
South West 4	11	8	730
South West 5	7	7	420
West 1	3	2	120
Wharfe Valley	8	1	360
Total	160	117	8375

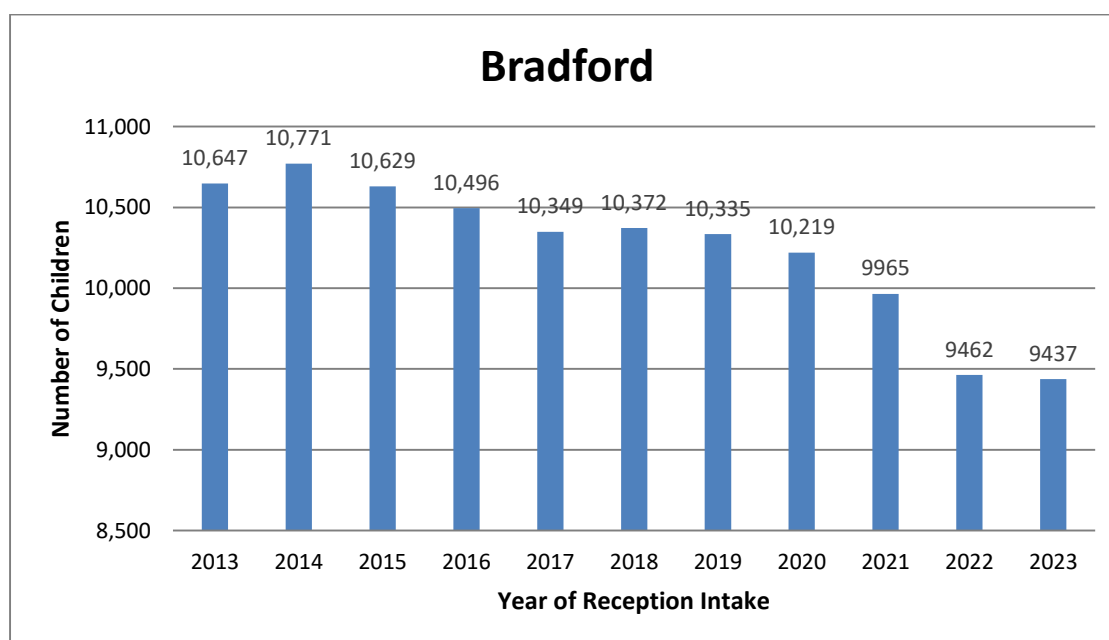
Historic numbers of primary pupils and applications in the Bradford District

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Bradford District									
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	% Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	8279	8073	8030	249	3.0	56213	53917	2296	4.08
2015	8264	7872	7911	353	4.3	57318	54656	2662	4.64
2016	8328	8056	7753	575	6.9	57699	55088	2611	4.53
2017	8373	7882	7613	760	9.1	58370	55060	3310	5.67
2018	8418	7743	7574	844	10.0	58652	55030	3622	6.18
2019	8435	7476	7553	882	10.5	58653	54848	3805	6.49
2020	8375	7167	7568	807	9.6	58833	54503	4330	7.36

Health Authority Data for Bradford District

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of Reception Intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bradford District	10647	10771	10629	10496	10349	10372	10335	10219	9965	9462	9437
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for the Bradford District

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of reception places required in the coming years for the Bradford District.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	7579	7327	6881	6864	6864

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the 2020 annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	8375	7568	807	58,833	54,503	4330	7.36
2021	8255	7381	874	58,865	53,961	4904	8.33
2022	8255	6946	1309	58,865	53,050	5815	9.88
2023	8255	6927	1328	58,865	52,249	6616	11.24
2024	8255	6927	1328	58,865	51,513	7352	12.49

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in each planning area in 2019, with the previous year's forecast.

Planning Area	No. of Reception Children Forecast in 2018/19 for 2019/20	Actual No. of Reception Children in Jan 2020	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Bingley 1	236	239	-3	-1.27%
Bingley 2	148	149	-1	-0.68%
Bingley/Keighley	147	146	1	0.68%
Keighley 1	329	327	2	0.61%
Keighley 2	385	384	1	0.26%
North East 1	390	384	6	1.54%
North East 2	345	341	4	1.16%
North East 3	686	692	-6	0.87%
North West 1	88	89	-1	-1.14%
North West 2	276	277	-1	-0.36%
North West 3	292	306	-14	-4.79%
North West 4	275	269	6	2.18%
North West 5	446	439	7	1.57%
Queensbury	118	116	2	1.69%
Shipley 1	176	172	4	2.27%
Shipley 2	147	142	5	3.40%
Shipley 3	187	187	0	0%
South Craven	160	170	-10	-6.25%
South East 1	402	397	5	1.24%
South West 1	227	227	0	0%
South West 2	328	321	7	2.13%
South West 3	269	267	2	0.74%
South West 4	683	660	23	3.37%
South West 5	407	407	0	0%
West 1	117	117	0	0%
Wharfe Valley	334	328	6	1.80%
Total	7598	7553	45	0.59%

The table below shows the overall number of pupils forecast in each planning area in 2018/2019 against the actual numbers recorded:

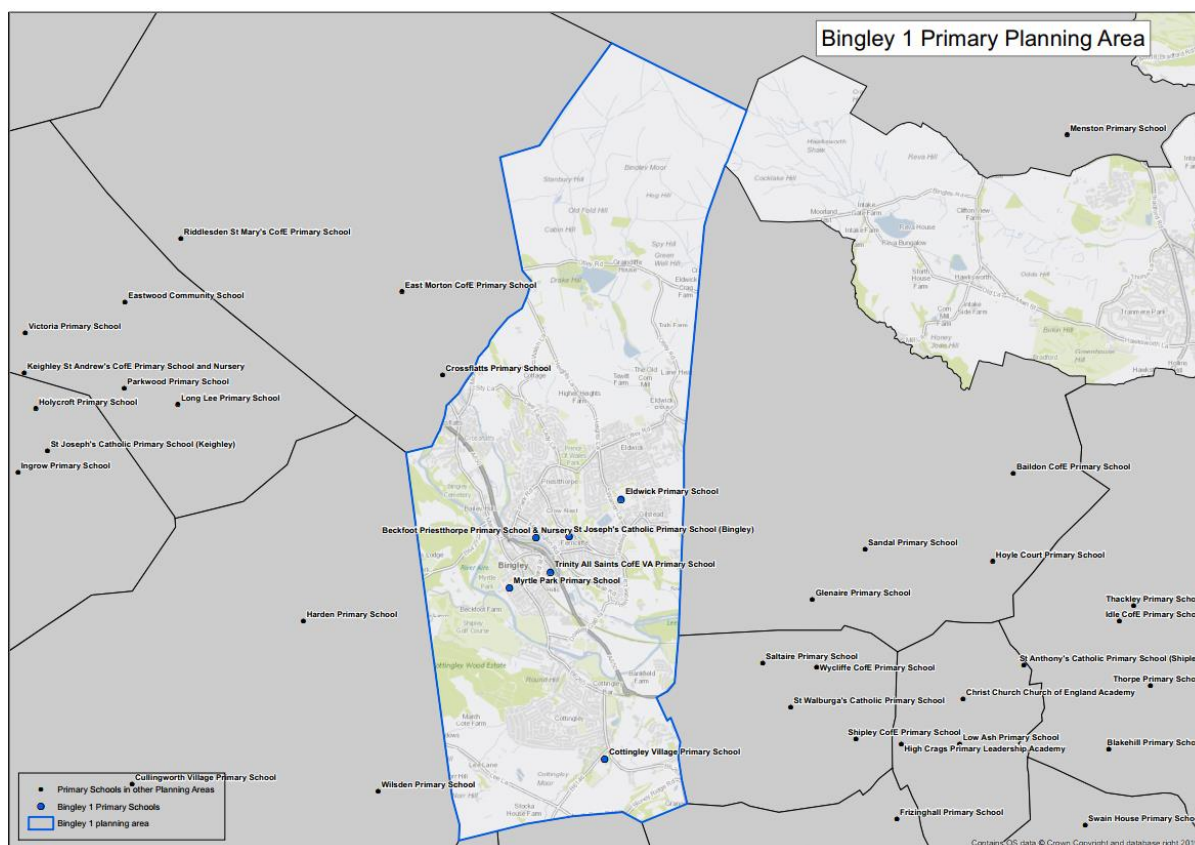
Planning Area	No. of Children Forecast in 2018/19 for 2019/20	Actual No. of Children in Jan 2020	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Bingley 1	1829	1861	-32	-1.75%
Bingley 2	1059	1066	-7	-0.66%
Bingley/Keighley	1004	1017	-13	-1.29%
Keighley 1	2440	2476	-36	-1.48%
Keighley 2	2789	2789	0	0%
North East 1	2652	2671	-19	-0.72
North East 2	2379	2352	27	1.13%
North East 3	5043	5090	-47	-0.93%
North West 1	646	658	-12	-1.86%
North West 2	1984	1908	76	3.83%
North West 3	2270	2291	-21	-0.93%
North West 4	2104	2146	-42	-2.00%
North West 5	3339	3353	-14	-0.42
Queensbury	817	834	-17	-2.08%
Shipley 1	1107	1100	7	0.63%
Shipley 2	1152	1157	-5	-0.43%
Shipley 3	1299	1311	-12	-0.92%
South Craven	1087	1073	14	1.29%
South East 1	2916	2924	-8	-0.27%
South West 1	1537	1532	5	0.33%
South West 2	2244	2236	8	0.36%
South West 3	1976	1980	-4	-0.20%
South West 4	4985	5025	-40	-0.80%
South West 5	2954	2940	14	0.47%
West 1	841	831	10	1.19%
Wharfe Valley	2395	2409	-14	-0.58%
Total	54,848	55,030	-182	-0.33%

Bingley 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in the Bingley 1 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area is semi-rural and covers the town of Bingley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	30	Yes
Cottingley Village Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Eldwick Primary School	Community	-	75	Yes
Myrtle Park Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Bingley)	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic AT	30	No
Trinity All Saints Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley 1 Planning Area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Bingley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

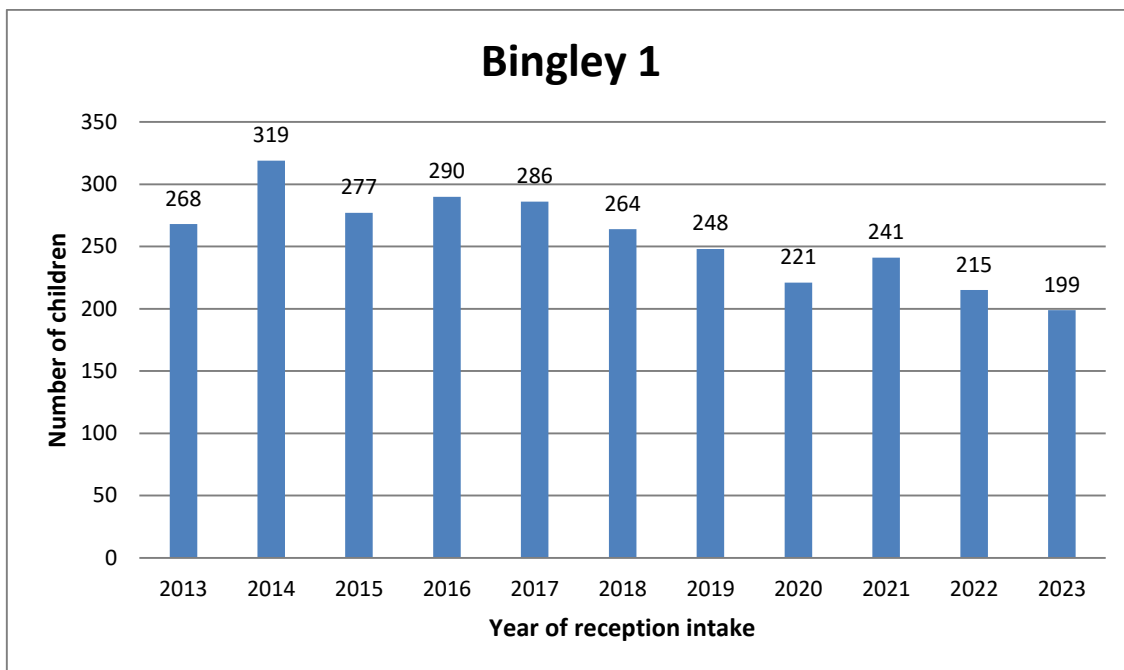
Bingley 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	285	306	289	-4	1849	1807	42	2.30%
2015	285	259	252	33	1995	1803	192	9.60%
2016	285	273	267	18	1995	1817	178	8.90%
2017	285	282	268	17	1995	1852	143	7.20%
2018	285	256	251	34	1995	1861	134	6.70%
2019	285	226	239	46	1995	1829	166	8.30%
2020	285	147	237	48	1995	1807	188	9.40%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- The PAN at Eldwick Primary School increased from 60 to 75 reception places from September 2014.
- The building expansion at Eldwick Primary School was completed in February 2017 with a total capacity of 525.
- Priestthorpe Primary School converted to academy status in September 2017 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academies Trust.

Health Authority Data for Bingley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bingley 1	268	319	277	290	286	264	248	221	241	215	199
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Bingley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	214	227	205	192	192

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the 2020 annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	285	237	48	1995	1807	188	9.4
2021	285	246	39	1995	1779	216	10.8
2022	285	223	62	1995	1737	258	12.9
2023	285	204	81	1995	1674	321	16.1
2024	285	204	81	1995	1607	388	19.4

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 236 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 239, a difference of minus 3, or -1.27%.

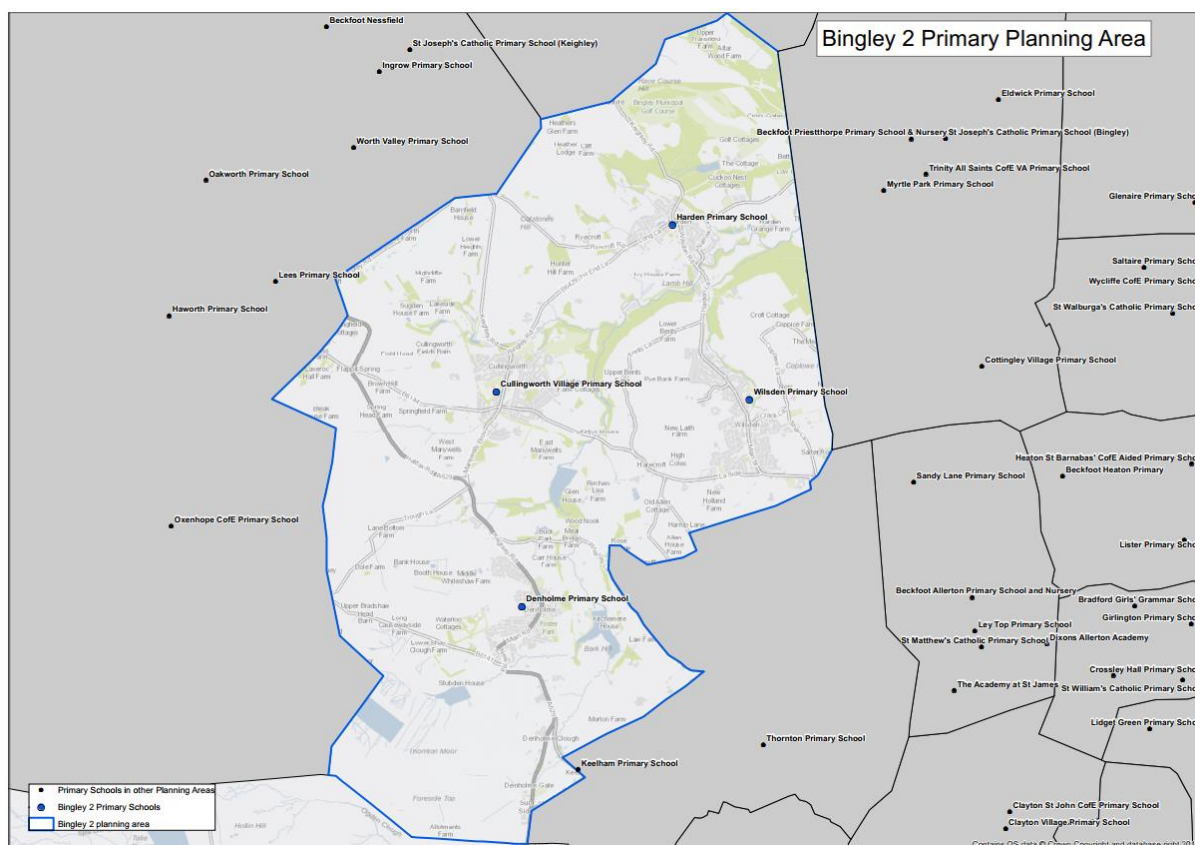
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1829, but the census shows 1861 which is a difference of minus 32 or -1.75%.

Bingley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Bingley 2 planning area, one of which has nursery provision. The area is rural and is made up of four discrete villages.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Cullingworth Village Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	45	No
Denholme Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	30	Yes
Harden Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	30	No
Wilsden Primary School	Academy	Focus Trust	60	No

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Bingley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

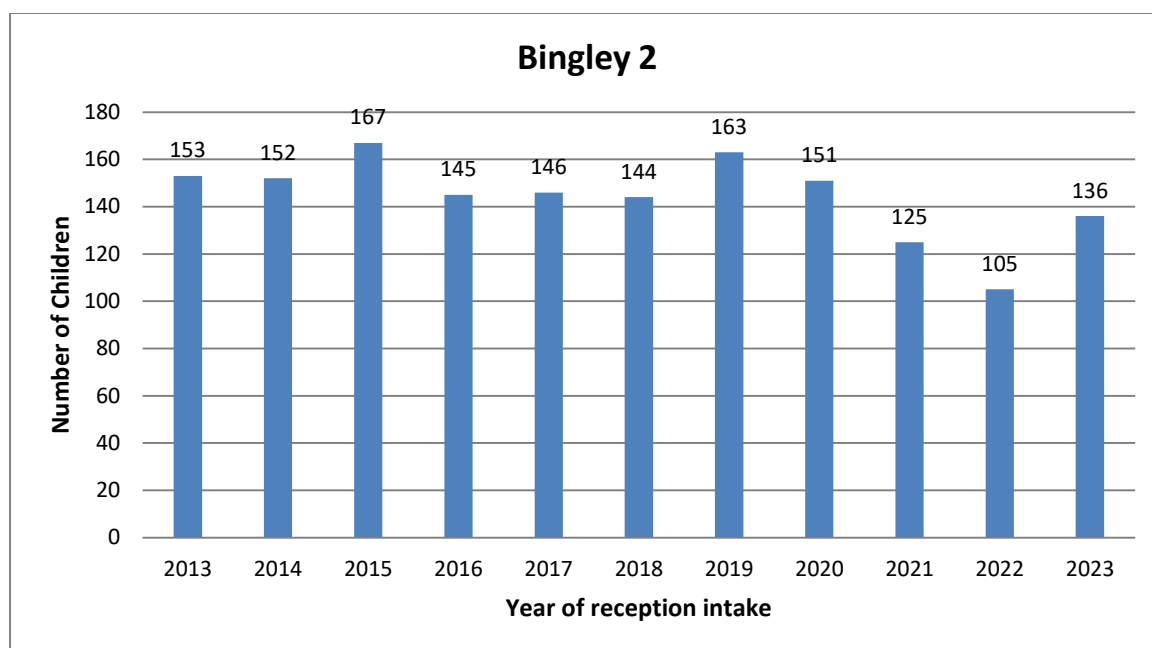
Bingley 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	165	158	163	2	1152	1054	98	8.50%
2015	165	164	166	-1	1152	1057	95	8.20%
2016	165	131	152	13	1152	1066	86	7.50%
2017	165	149	148	17	1152	1063	89	7.70%
2018	165	154	146	19	1155	1066	89	7.70%
2019	165	156	149	16	1155	1059	96	8.30%
2020	165	155	154	11	1155	1062	93	8.10%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Harden Primary School converted to Academy status in September 2013 and then joined the Exceed Academies Trust in October 2018.
- The PAN at Cullingworth Primary School was increased from 30 to 45 from September 2014. The capacity at Cullingworth has been increased to enable the school to accommodate the additional children as the numbers increase incrementally over a period of 7 years.
- Denholme Primary School converted to Academy status in January 2017 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Wilsden Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Focus Trust.
- Cullingworth Village Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).

Health Authority Data for Bingley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bingley 2	153	152	167	145	146	144	163	151	125	105	136
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Bingley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 93% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	149	120	100	127	127

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	165	154	11	1155	1062	93	8.1
2021	165	140	25	1155	1041	114	9.9
2022	165	132	33	1155	1007	148	12.8
2023	165	144	21	1155	997	158	13.7
2024	165	144	21	1155	993	162	14.0

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 148 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 149, a difference of minus 1, or -0.68%.

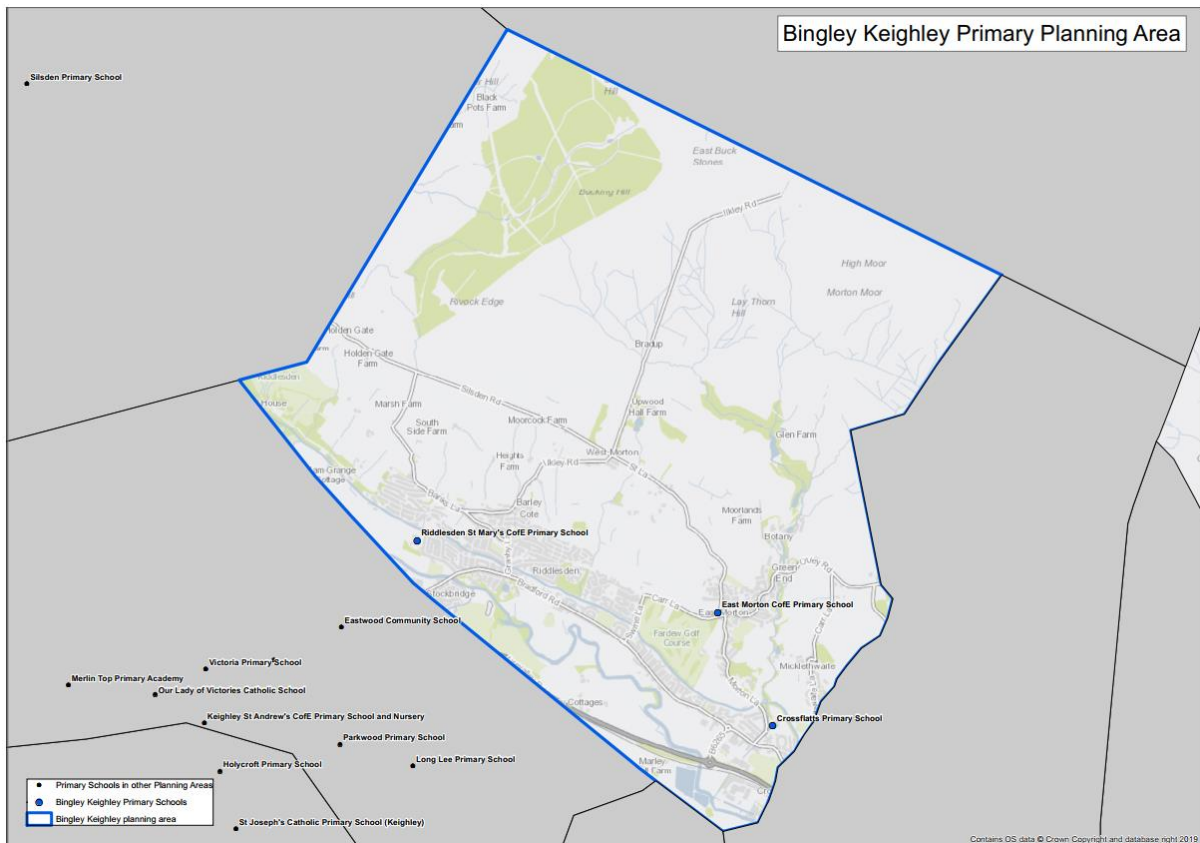
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1059, but the census shows 1066, which is a difference of minus 7 or -0.66%.

Bingley Keighley Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in Bingley/Keighley planning area, two of which have nursery provision. The area is semi rural but has links into both Bingley and Keighley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Crossflatts	Community	-	60	Yes
East Morton C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust BDAT	30	No
Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Bingley Keighley planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Bingley Keighley

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

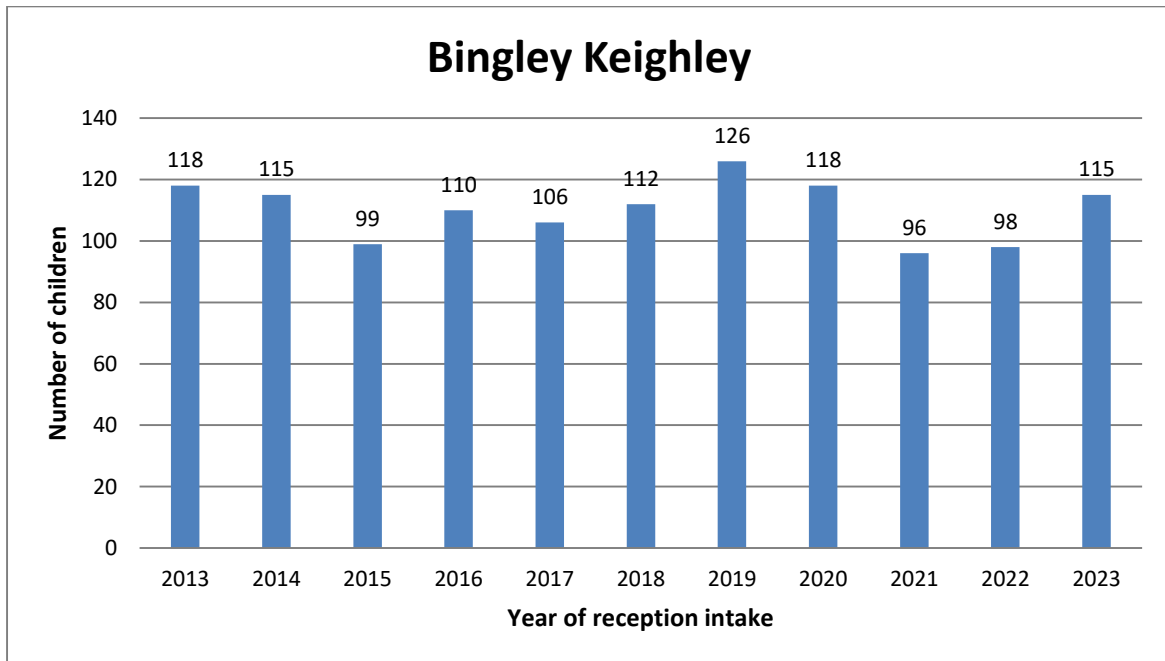
Bingley Keighley								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	150	163	152	-2	1023	1013	10	1.00%
2015	150	162	132	18	1023	1005	18	1.80%
2016	150	161	140	10	1023	1001	22	2.20%
2017	150	165	146	4	1023	1003	20	2.00%
2018	150	153	140	10	1050	1017	33	3.10%
2019	150	166	146	4	1050	1004	46	4.40%
2020	150	148	139	11	1050	999	51	4.90%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- East Morton C of E Primary School converted to academy status in October 2017 under the Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School began providing places for 2 year olds from September 2018.

Health Authority Data for Bingley Keighley

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Bingley Keighley	118	115	99	110	106	112	126	118	96	98	115
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Bingley Keighley

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 93% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	108	87	92	107	107

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	150	139	11	1050	999	51	4.9
2021	150	119	31	1050	965	85	8.1
2022	150	125	25	1050	963	87	8.3
2023	150	137	13	1050	968	82	7.8
2024	150	137	13	1050	955	95	9.0

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 147 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 146, a difference of 1, or 0.68%.

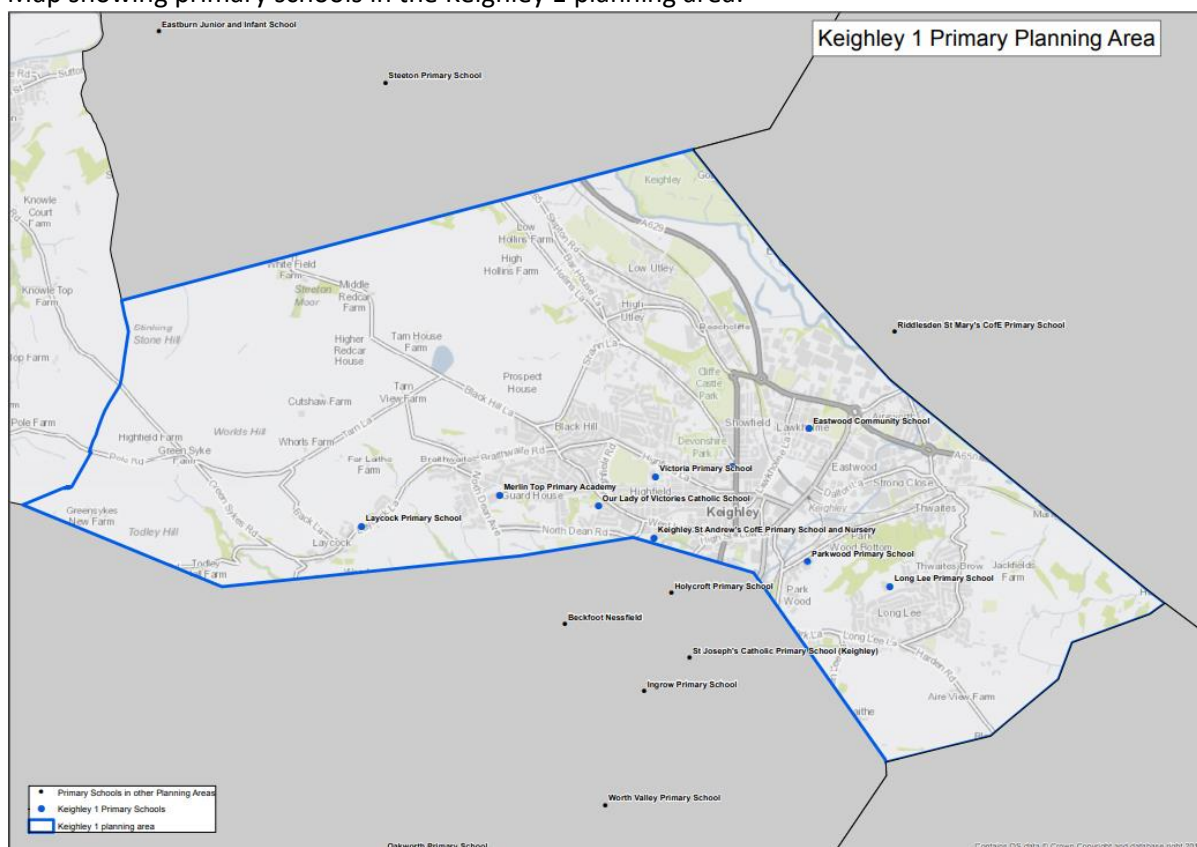
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1004, but the census shows 1017, which is a difference of minus 13 or -1.29%.

Keighley 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are nine primary schools in Keighley 1 planning area, seven of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly an urban town area but has some more rural villages within its boundary

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Eastwood Community School	Community	Northern Star Academies Trust	60	Yes
Keighley St Andrew's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided		60	Yes
Laycock Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	15	No
Long Lee primary School	Community		60	Yes
Merlin Top Primary Academy School	Academy	NET Academy Trust	45	Yes
Our Lady of Victories Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton (BCW)	30	Yes
Parkwood Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	30	Yes
St Anne's Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton (BCW)	30	Yes
Victoria Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	45	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Keighley 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Keighley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

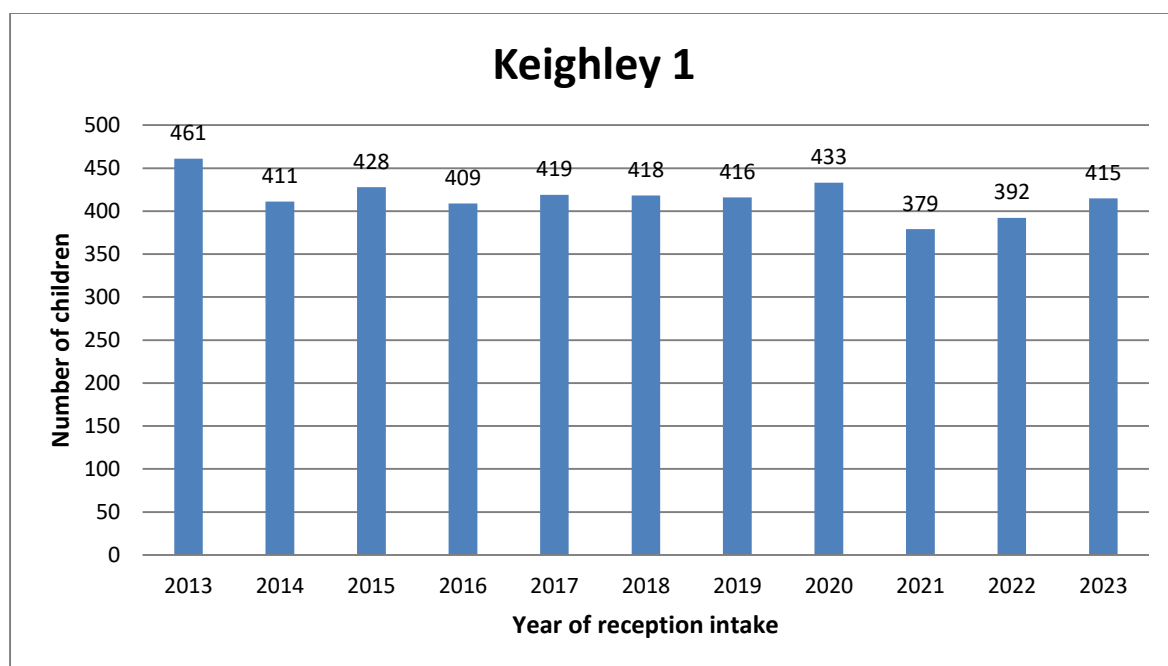
Keighley 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	375	384	353	22	2775	2487	288	10.40%
2015	375	360	368	7	2775	2505	270	9.70%
2016	375	350	343	32	2731	2487	244	8.90%
2017	375	343	343	32	2731	2474	257	9.40%
2018	375	375	355	20	2730	2476	254	9.30%
2019	375	316	327	48	2730	2440	290	10.60%
2020	375	343	347	28	2730	2420	310	11.40%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Long Lee Primary School increased its' PAN from 30 to 60 in September 2011.
- St Anne's Catholic Primary School reduced its' PAN from 50 to 30 in September 2012 due to reduction in baptised Catholic children registered with the Catholic Diocese.
- Victoria Primary School admitted a bulge class in September 2013 prior to a permanent increase in their PAN from 30 to 45 in 2014.
- Merlin Top Primary School converted to academy status in May 2013 under the NET Multi Academy Trust.
- Our Lady of Victories Catholic Primary School and St Anne's Catholic Primary Schools both converted to Academy status in July 2014 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Academies Trust.
- Victoria Primary School and Parkwood Primary School converted to academy status in January and February 2017 respectively, both under the Birth to 19 Trust which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Laycock Primary School converted to academy status in May 2018 under the Pennine Academies Yorkshire Multi Academy Trust.
- Eastwood Community School converted to academy status in September 2018 under Northern Star Academies Trust.

Health Authority Data for Keighley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Keighley 1	461	411	428	409	419	418	416	433	379	392	415
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Keighley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	414	350	373	392	392

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	375	347	28	2730	2420	310	11.4
2021	375	303	72	2730	2384	346	12.7
2022	375	314	61	2730	2328	402	14.7
2023	375	332	43	2730	2314	416	15.2
2024	375	332	43	2730	2296	434	15.9

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 329 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 327, a difference of 2, or 0.61%.

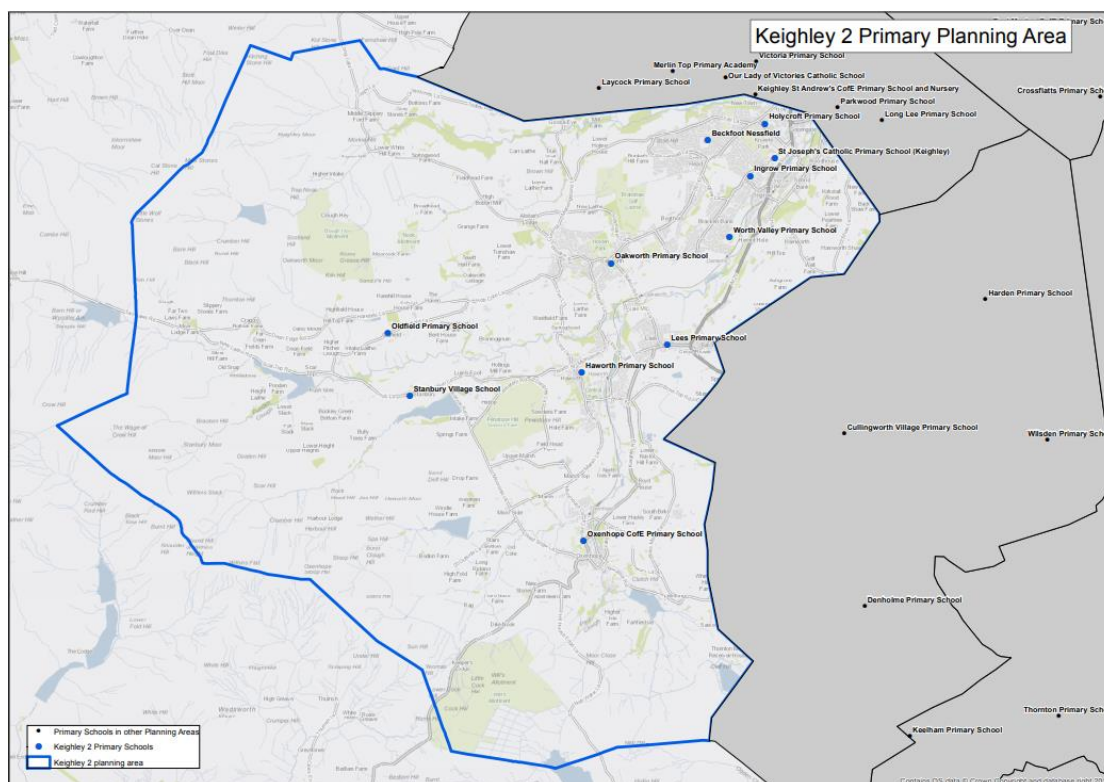
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2440, but the census shows 2476, which is a difference of minus 36 or -1.48%.

Keighley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are eleven primary schools in Keighley 2 planning area, nine of which have nursery provision. The planning area covers a wide area to the western border of the District and includes a number of villages, moving down into parts of the town of Keighley.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Haworth Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	45	Yes
Holycroft Primary School	Academy	Northern Star Academy trust	60	Yes
Ingrow Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Lees Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	30	No
Beckfoot Nessfield	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	60	Yes
Oakworth Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	60	Yes
Oldfield Primary School	Academy	Bronte Academy Trust	8	Yes
Oxenhope Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust	30	No
St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Keighley)	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton (BCW)	45	Yes
Stanbury Primary School	Community	-	15	Yes
Worth Valley Primary School	Academy	Leading Learners	30	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the Keighley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Keighley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

Keighley 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	428	447	431	-3	3037	2777	260	8.60%
2015	428	395	422	6	3085	2792	293	9.50%
2016	428	408	410	18	3085	2803	282	9.10%
2017	443	411	417	26	3085	2825	260	8.40%
2018	443	359	370	73	3086	2789	297	9.60%
2019	443	396	384	59	3086	2789	297	9.60%
2020	443	392	405	38	3086	2816	270	8.70%

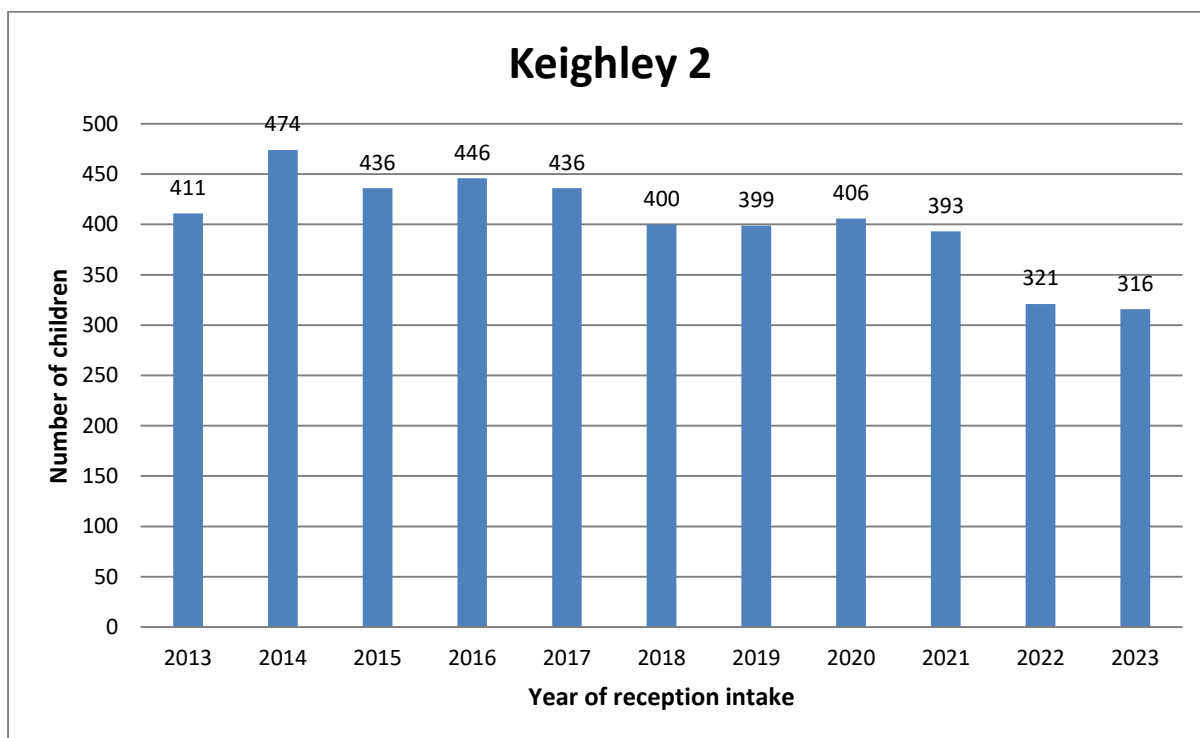
Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Haworth Primary School increased the PAN from 30 to 45 from September 2014.
- Lees Primary School and Oakworth Primary School converted to academy status under the Bronte Academy Trust in July 2016.
- Oxenhope C of E Primary School converted to academy status in July 2016 under the Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT).
- Haworth Primary School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Bronte Academy Trust.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academies Trust.
- Worth Valley Primary School converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Leading Learners Trust.
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School increased the PAN from 30 to 45 from September 2017.
- Holycroft Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under the Northern Star Academies Trust.
- Nessfield Primary School converted to academy status in September 2018 under the Beckfoot Trust, with a name change to Beckfoot Nessfield.
- Oldfield Primary School converted to academy status in June 2019 under the Bronte Academy Trust.

- Oldfield Primary School opened a nursery provision for 13 children in September 2020.

Health Authority Data for Keighley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Keighley 2	411	474	436	446	436	400	399	406	393	321	316
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Keighley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 98% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	397	388	317	318	318

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	443	405	38	3086	2816	270	8.7
2021	443	370	73	3086	2765	321	10.4
2022	443	317	126	3086	2674	412	13.4
2023	443	314	129	3086	2581	505	16.4
2024	443	314	129	3086	2479	607	19.7

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 385 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 384, a difference of 1, or 0.26%.

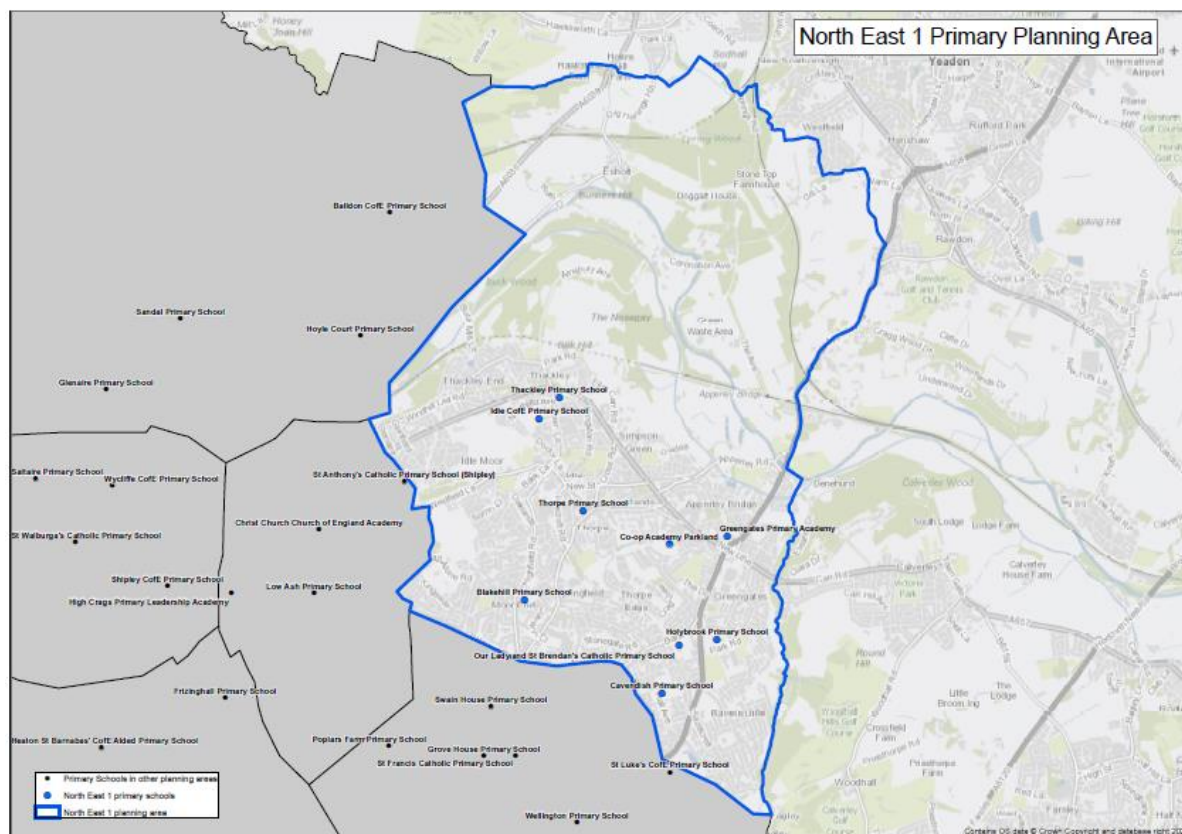
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2789 and the census shows 2789, therefore there is no difference between these figures or 0.00%.

North East 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are nine primary schools in North East 1 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area where the primary schools are located is urban but the outline of the planning area also covers some rural parts to the north.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Blakehill Primary School	Community	-	60	No
Cavendish Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Greengates Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	30	Yes
Holybrook Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	30	Yes
Idle C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	No
Our Lady & St Brendan's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	No
Co-op Academy Parkland	Academy	Co-op Academies Trust	60	Yes
Thackley Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Thorpe Primary School	Community	-	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the North East 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North East 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

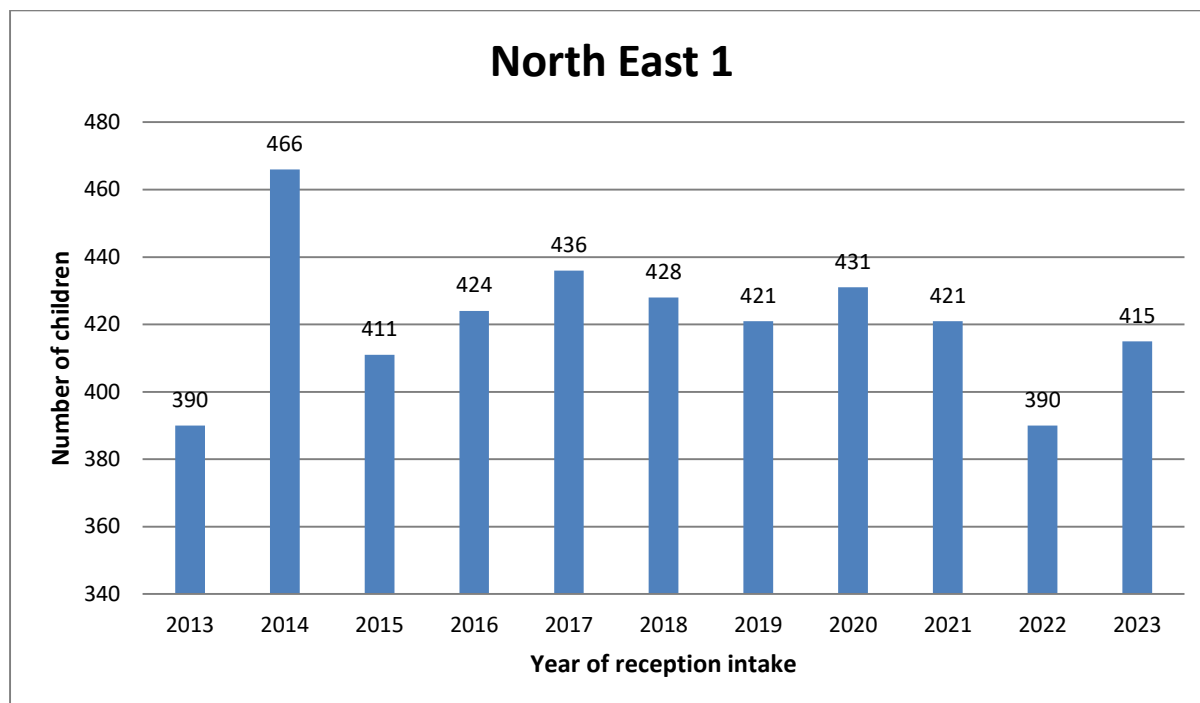
North East 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	390	431	408	-18	2693	2549	144	5.30%
2015	390	399	390	0	2935	2600	335	11.40%
2016	390	422	392	-2	2935	2632	303	10.30%
2017	420	413	396	24	2935	2664	271	9.20%
2018	420	397	376	44	2935	2671	264	9.00%
2019	420	408	384	36	2935	2652	283	9.60%
2020	420	406	402	18	2935	2687	248	8.40%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Cavendish Primary School and Thackley Primary School admitted additional children into their reception classes in 2010 prior to permanent expansion of their PANs from 45 to 60 in 2011.
- Parkland Primary School admitted an additional bulge reception class of up to 30 children in 2012.
- Idle C of E Primary School admitted a bulge class of up to 30 additional pupils in September 2014 prior to their permanent PAN increase from 30 to 60 in September 2015.
- Parkland Primary School has increased its' PAN from 30 to 60 as from September 2017 following internal refurbishment and adjustments to their building.
- Holybrook Primary School converted to academy status in December 2017 under Exceed Academies Trust.
- Parkland Primary School converted to academy status in November 2018 under the Co-op Academies Trust with a name change to Co-op Academy Parkland.
- Greengates Primary School converted to academy status in December 2018 under Delta Academies Trust.

Health Authority Data for North East 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North East 1	390	466	411	424	436	428	421	431	421	390	415
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North East 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	395	385	362	387	387

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	420	402	18	2935	2687	248	8.4
2021	390	389	1	2935	2680	255	8.7
2022	390	376	14	2935	2674	261	8.9
2023	390	388	2	2935	2676	259	8.8
2024	390	388	2	2935	2678	257	8.8

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 390 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 384, a difference of 6, or 1.54%.

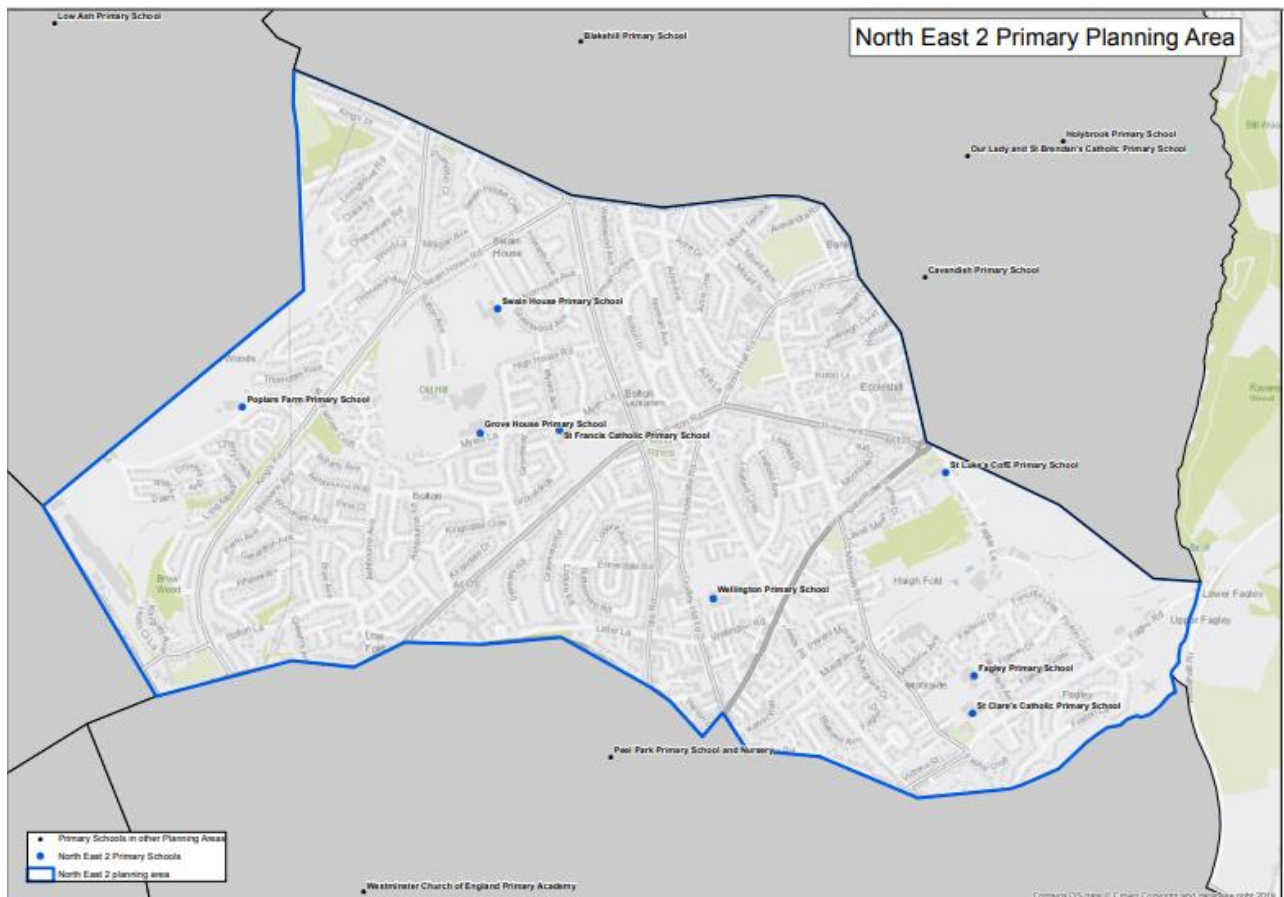
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2652, but the census shows 2671, which is a difference of minus 19 or -0.72%.

North East 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in North East 2 planning area, six of which have nursery provision. The area where the primary schools are sited is urban.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Fagley Primary School	Community	-	30	Yes
Grove House Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Poplars Farm Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
St Clare's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	No
St Francis Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic AT	30	Yes
St Luke's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	No
Swain House Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Wellington Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North East 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North East 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

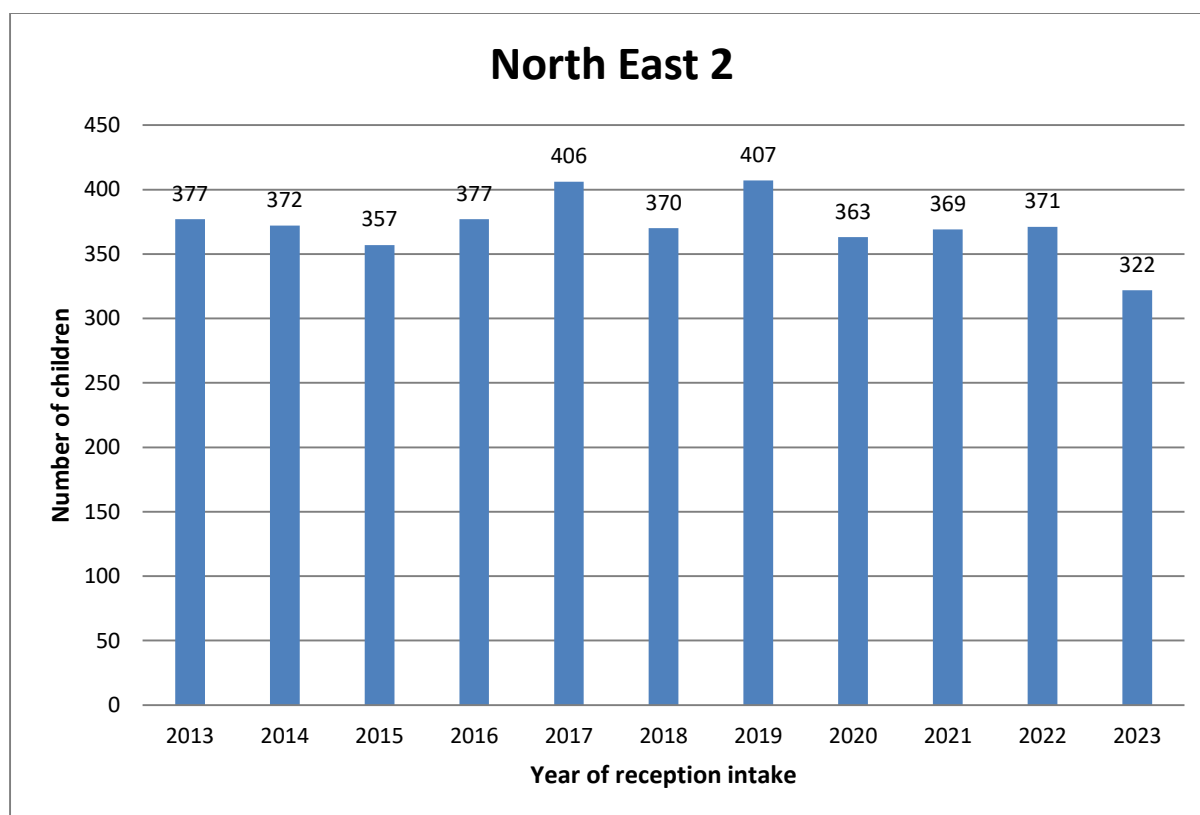
North East 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	330	409	333	-3	2301	2314	-13	-0.60%
2015	330	327	325	5	2301	2302	-1	0.00%
2016	330	358	333	-3	2301	2310	-9	-0.40%
2017	330	381	334	-4	2301	2328	-27	-1.20%
2018	360	336	334	26	2307	2352	-45	-2.00%
2019	360	354	341	19	2307	2379	-72	-3.10%
2020	360	331	338	22	2517	2378	139	5.50%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Fagley Primary School increased the PAN from 20 to 30 in 2011.
- St Clare's Catholic Primary School increased the PAN from 20 to 30 in 2014.
- Poplars Farm Primary School increased the PAN from 30 to 60 in 2018.
- Grove House Primary School is proposed to convert to academy status in the 2020 academic year.
- St Francis' Catholic Primary School converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for North East 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North East 2	377	372	357	377	406	370	407	363	369	371	322
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North East 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Calculated places required	346	339	340	297	297

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	360	338	22	2517	2378	139	5.5
2021	360	336	24	2517	2395	122	4.8
2022	360	331	29	2517	2423	94	3.7
2023	360	296	64	2517	2399	118	4.7
2024	360	296	64	2517	2366	151	6.0

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 345 children in reception in January 2020.

The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 341, a difference of 4, or 1.16%.

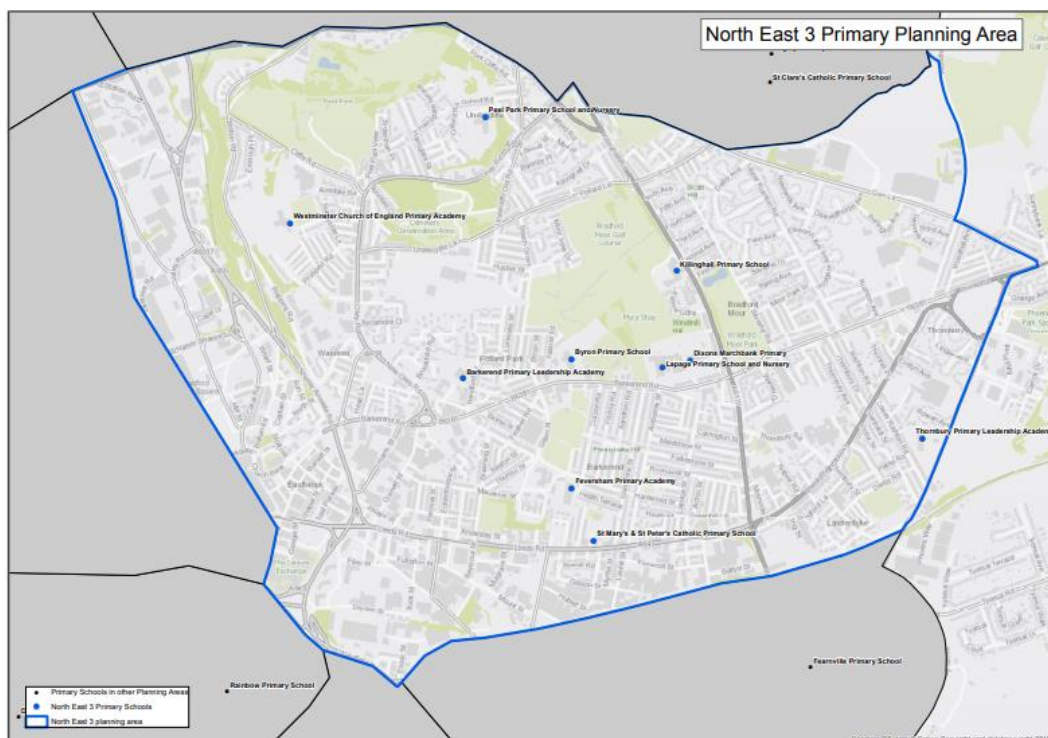
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2379, but the census shows 2352, which is a difference of 27 or 1.13%.

North East 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are ten primary schools in North East 3 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area covered is urban spreading down to the city centre.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Barkerend Academy	Academy	Star Academies	90	Yes
Byron Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	90	Yes
Dixons Marchbank Primary Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust.	60	Yes
Feversham Primary Academy	Academy	Academies Enterprise Trust (AET)	60	Yes
Killinghall Primary School	Foundation	-	90	Yes
Lapage Primary School and Nursery	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust	90	Yes
Peel Park Primary School and Nursery	Community	-	90	Yes
St Mary's & St Peter's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	Yes
Thornbury Primary Leadership Academy	Academy	Star Academies	90	Yes
Westminster C of E Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT)	90	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North East 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North East 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

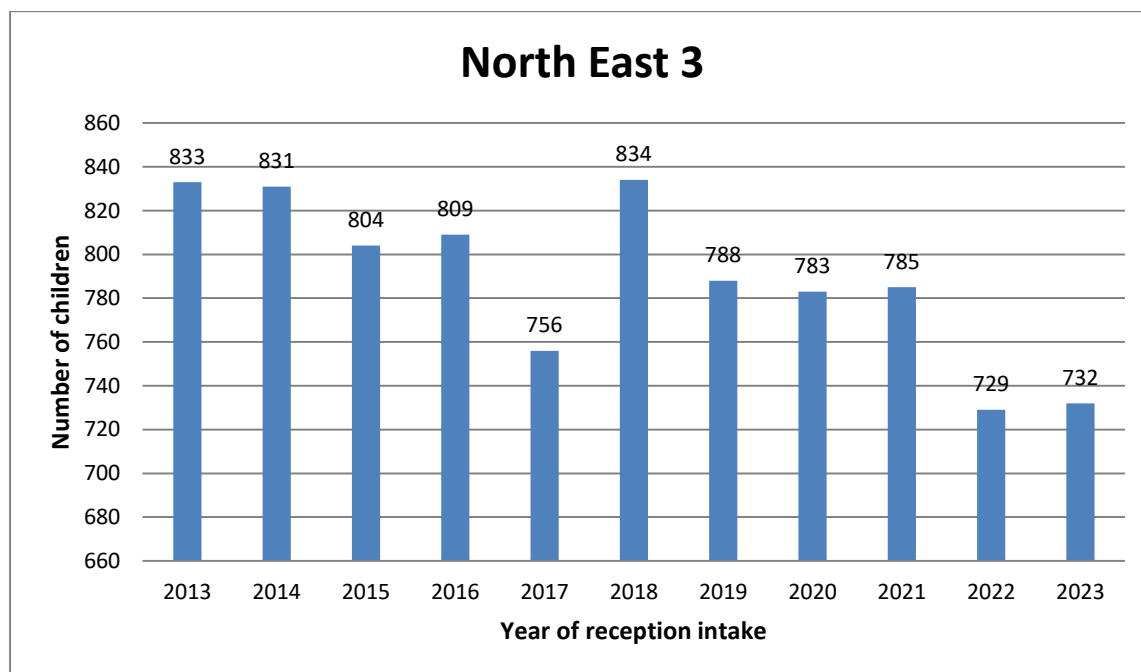
North East 3								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	750	696	737	13	5250	5062	188	3.60%
2015	750	644	693	57	5250	5107	143	2.70%
2016	780	685	710	70	5250	5140	110	2.10%
2017	780	643	673	107	5460	5115	345	6.30%
2018	780	696	705	75	5460	5090	370	6.80%
2019	780	655	692	88	5460	5043	417	7.60%
2020	780	612	661	119	5460	4973	487	8.90%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Killinghall Primary School increased the PAN from 60 to 90 in September 2011.
- Peel Park increased the PAN from 60 to 90 in September 2011.
- Westminster C of E Primary School increased the PAN from 60 to 90 in September 2011.
- Feversham Primary School converted to academy status in November 2012 under the Academies Enterprise Trust (AET).
- Bradford Moor Primary School converted to academy status in January 2014 under the Dixons Academy Trust with a name change to Dixons Marchbank Academy.
- Barkerend Primary School and Thornbury Primary School both converted to academy status in June 2016 under the Wakefield City Academy Trust (WCAT). They have since joined Star Academies (the new name for Tauheedul Education Trust) in April 2018.
- Westminster C of E Primary School converted to academy status in July 2016 under Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT).
- Barkerend Primary School increased the PAN from 60 to 90 in September 2016.
- Lapage Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.
- Byron Primary School converted to academy status in July 2018 under the Bradford Birth to 19 Trust, which has since had a name change to Nurture Academies Trust.

Health Authority Data for North East 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North East 3	833	831	804	809	756	834	788	783	785	729	732
Age at 31 August 2018	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North East 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 88% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	683	689	638	639	639

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	780	661	119	5460	4973	487	8.9%
2021	720	655	65	5460	4887	573	10.5%
2022	720	629	91	5460	4819	641	11.7%
2023	720	634	86	5460	4730	730	13.4%
2024	720	634	86	5460	4683	777	14.2%

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 686 children in reception in January 2020.

The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 692, a difference of minus 6 , or -0.87%.

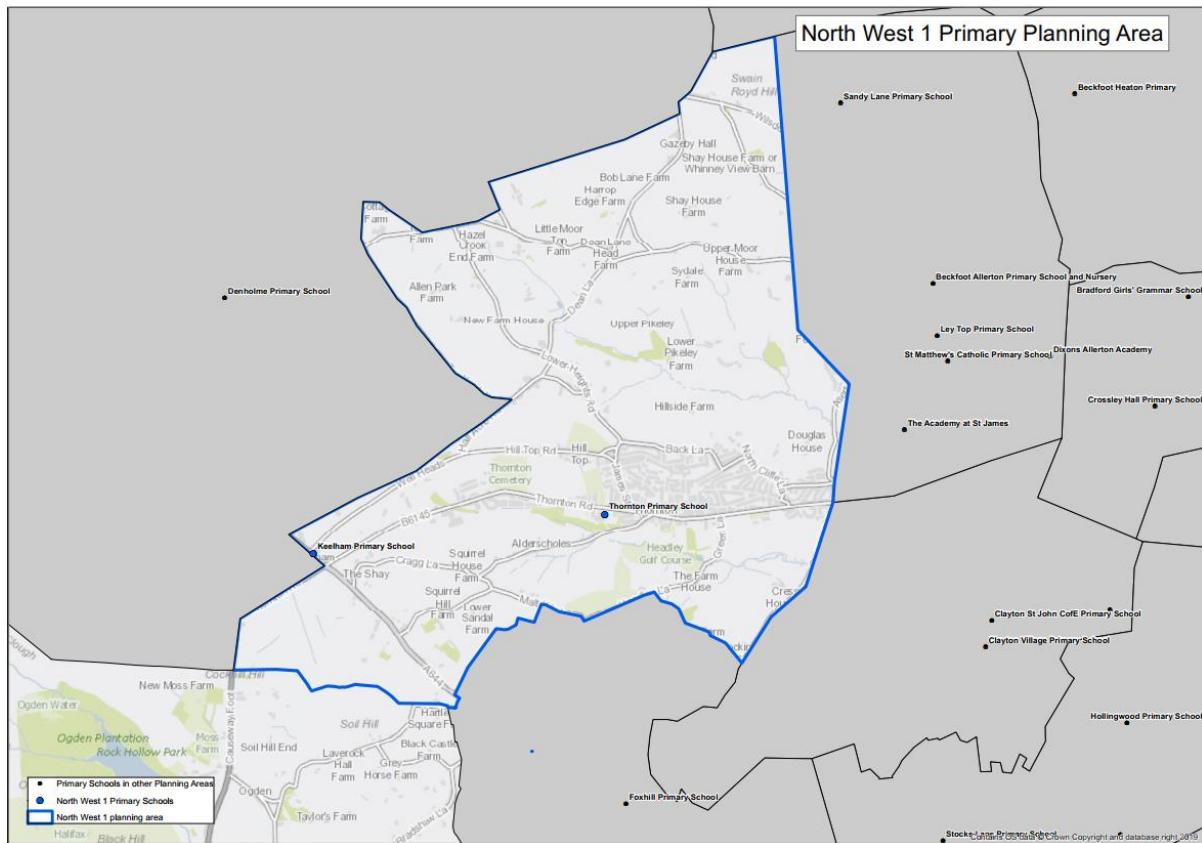
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 5043, but the census shows 5090, which is a difference of minus 47 or -0.93%.

North West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are just two primary schools in North West 1 planning area, both of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly rural and covers the village of Thornton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Keelham Primary School	Foundation	-	15	Yes
Thornton Primary School	Academy	Focus Academy Trust	90	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

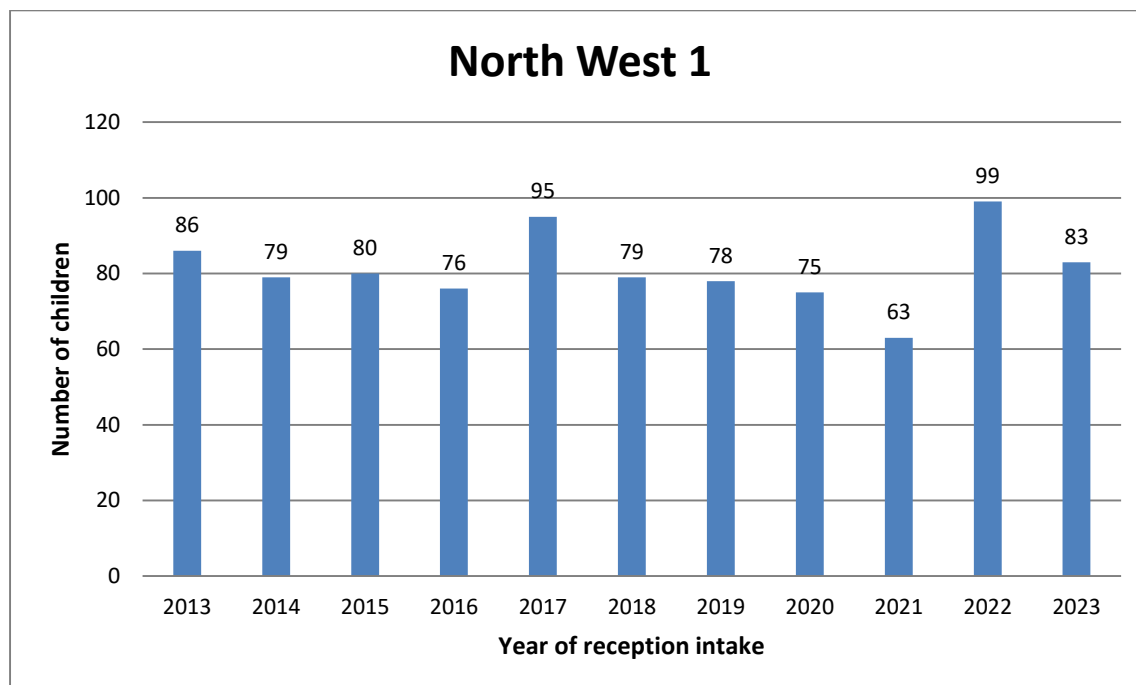
North West 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	105	100	103	2	672	685	-13	-1.90%
2015	105	87	93	12	702	695	7	1.00%
2016	105	95	93	12	732	692	40	5.50%
2017	105	107	100	5	732	681	51	7.00%
2018	105	80	81	24	732	658	74	10.10%
2019	105	86	89	16	733	646	87	11.90%
2020	105	68	85	20	733	624	109	14.90%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Thornton Primary School admitted additional pupils in 2009 and 2010 prior to a permanent PAN increase from 60 to 90 in 2011.
- Thornton Primary School converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Focus Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for North West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North West 1	86	79	80	76	95	79	78	75	63	99	83
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	70	64	95	79	79

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	105	85	20	733	624	109	14.9
2021	105	84	21	733	604	129	17.6
2022	105	89	16	733	604	129	17.6
2023	105	88	17	733	602	131	17.9
2024	105	88	17	733	588	145	19.8

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 88 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 89, a difference of minus 1, or -1.14%.

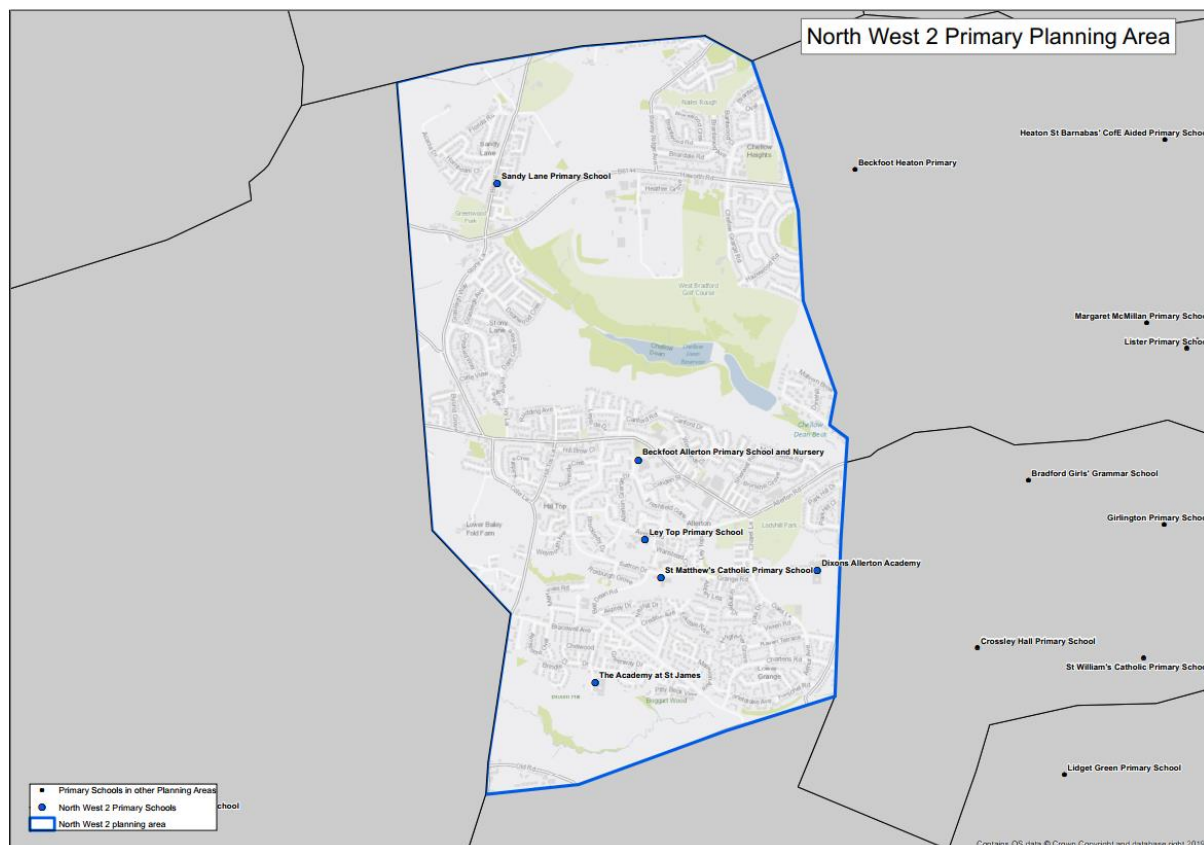
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 646, but the census shows 658, which is a difference of minus 12 or -1.86%.

North West 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in North West 2 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area is semi urban covering Allerton, Lower Grange and Sandy Lane.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Allerton Primary School and Nursery	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	60	Yes
Dixons Allerton Academy	Academy	Dixons	60	Yes
Ley Top Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Sandy Lane Primary School	Community	-	45	No
St Matthew's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	Yes
The Academy at St James	Academy	Bradford Diocese Academies Trust BDAT	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North West 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

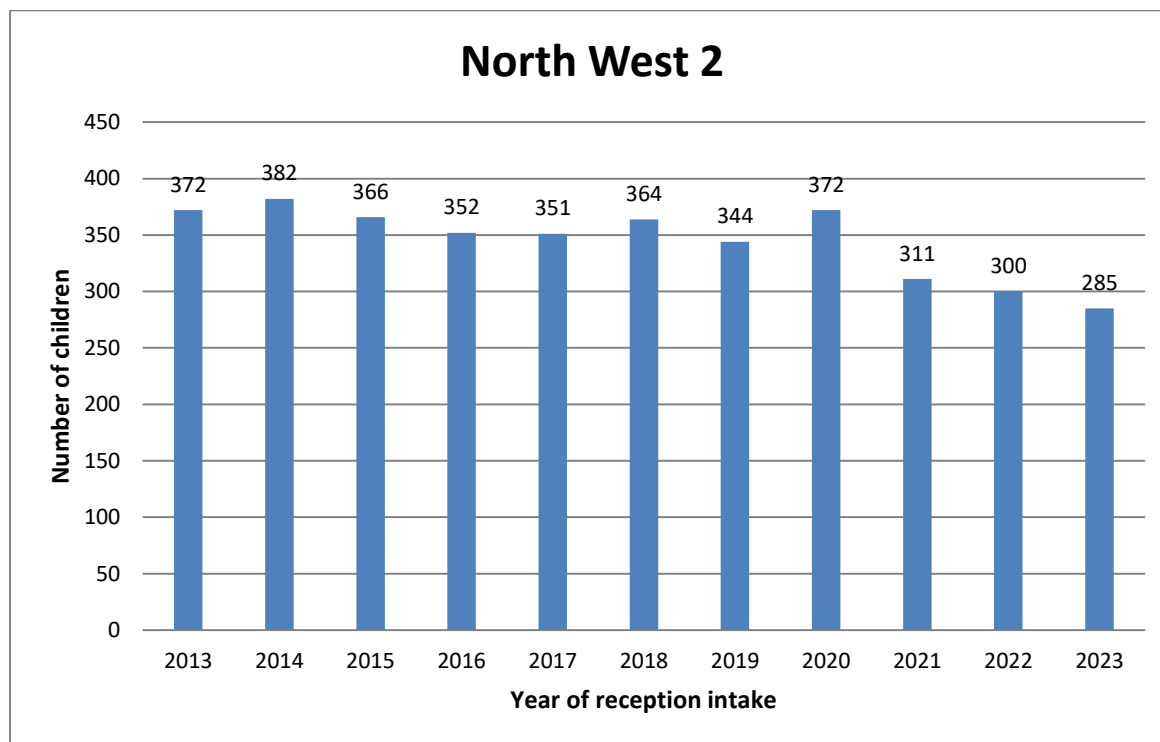
North West 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	315	264	284	31	1945	1701	244	12.50%
2015	315	284	290	25	2095	1760	335	16.00%
2016	315	279	263	52	2200	1784	416	18.90%
2017	315	247	256	59	2200	1832	368	16.70%
2018	315	290	291	24	2200	1908	292	13.30%
2019	315	248	277	38	2200	1984	216	9.80%
2020	315	266	295	20	2200	2001	199	9.00%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places

- St James Primary School increased the PAN from 30 to 60 in 2011.
- Dixons Allerton Academy became an all-through academy by opening primary provision with a PAN of 60 in September 2013.
- Allerton Primary School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Beckfoot Trust in with a change in name to Beckfoot Allerton.
- St James Primary converted to academy status in January 2017 under the Bradford Diocese Academies Trust (BDAT) with a change of name to The Academy at St James.

Health Authority Data for North West 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North West 2	372	382	366	352	351	364	344	372	311	300	285
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North West 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 95% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	326	304	293	274	274

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	315	295	20	2200	2001	199	9.0
2021	315	263	52	2200	1995	205	9.3
2022	315	254	61	2200	1969	231	10.5
2023	315	233	82	2200	1942	258	11.7
2024	315	233	82	2200	1916	284	12.9

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 276 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 277, a difference of minus 1 or -0.36%.

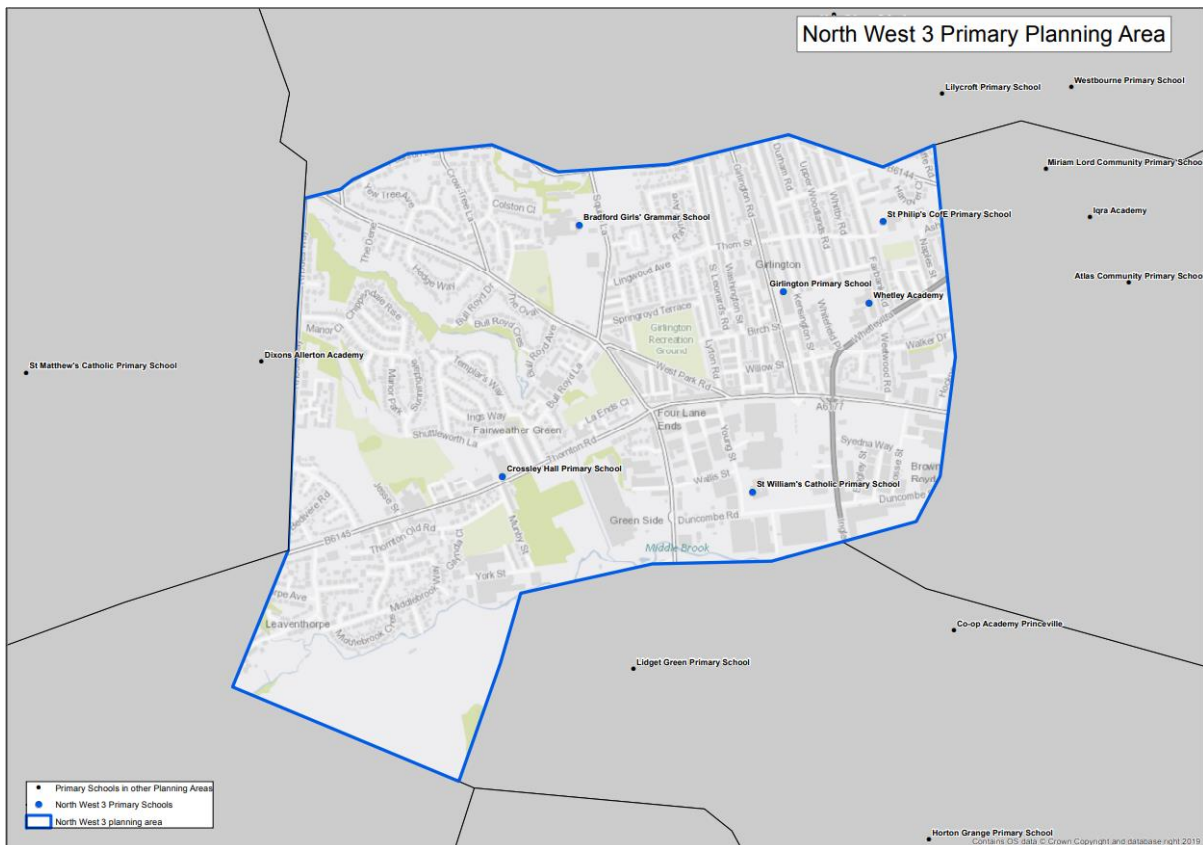
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1984, but the census shows 1908, which is a difference of 76 or 3.83%.

North West 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in North West 3 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and quite densely populated to the north.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	Free	-	52	No
Crossley Hall Primary School	Academy	Pennine Academies Yorkshire	90	Yes
Girlington Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
St Philip's C of E Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust BDAT	30	Yes
St William's Catholic Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	No
Whetley Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	90	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North West 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

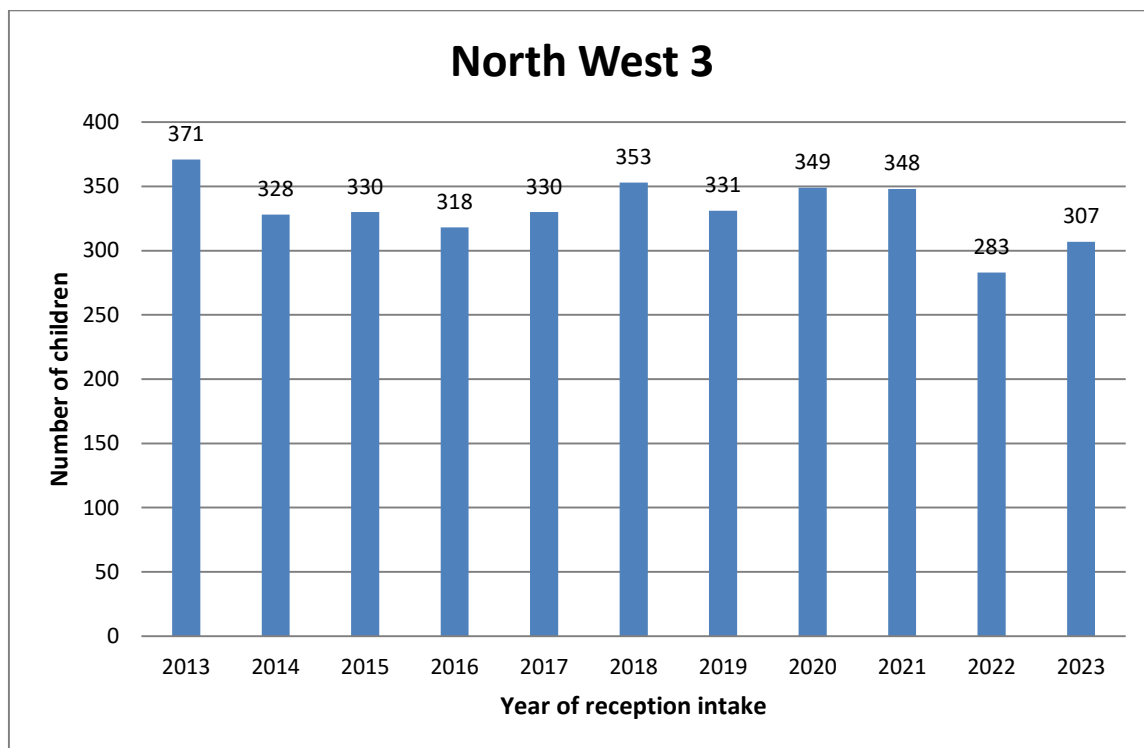
North West 3								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	348	379	303	45	2446	2345	101	4.10%
2015	348	376	306	42	2446	2308	138	5.60%
2016	352	352	304	48	2446	2319	127	5.20%
2017	352	367	309	43	2446	2304	142	5.80%
2018	352	359	327	25	2446	2291	155	6.30%
2019	352	316	306	46	2446	2270	176	7.20%
2020	352	295	300	52	2446	2240	206	8.40%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Whetley Primary converted to academy status in December 2012 with a name change to Whetley Academy, under the Schools Partnership Trust which later changed name to Delta Academies Trust.
- Bradford Girls' Grammar School became a Free School in September 2013.
- St Philip's C of E converted to academy status in August 2014 under Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT).
- The nursery at St Williams Catholic Primary School closed in July 2016.
- Bradford Girls Grammar School increased its' PAN by 4 from 48 to 52 in 2016.
- Crossley Hall Primary School converted to academy status in December 2018 under Pennine Academies Yorkshire Multi Academy Trust.
- St William's Catholic Primary is proposing to convert to academy status in the 2020 academic year.

Health Authority Data for North West 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North West 3	371	328	330	318	330	353	331	349	348	283	307
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North West 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	326	313	270	285	285

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	352	300	52	2446	2240	206	8.4
2021	352	295	57	2446	2219	227	9.3
2022	352	268	84	2446	2186	260	10.6
2023	352	284	68	2446	2163	283	11.6
2024	352	284	68	2446	2130	316	12.9

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 292 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 306, a difference of minus 14, or -4.79%.

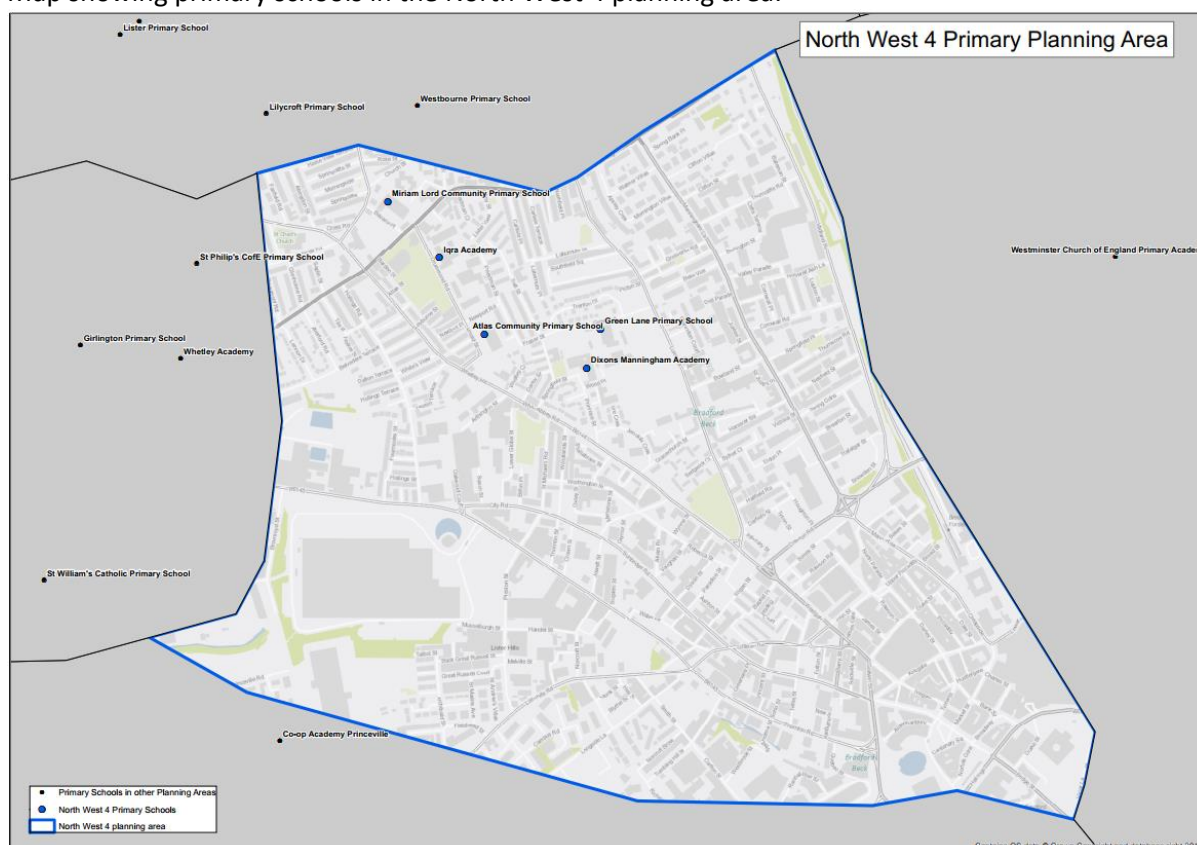
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2270, but the census shows 2291, which is a difference of minus 21 or -0.93%.

North West 4 Primary School Planning Area

There are five primary schools in North West 4 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is urban, covering Girdlington, Lister Hills, Manningham and parts of the centre of Bradford.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Atlas Community Primary School	Academy	Priestley Academy Trust	30	Yes
Dixons Manningham Academy	Academy	Dixons Academies Trust	60	Yes
Green Lane Primary School	Academy	Priestley Academy Trust	90	Yes
Iqra Academy	Academy	Feversham Education Trust	90	Yes
Miriam Lord Community Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 4 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North West 4

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

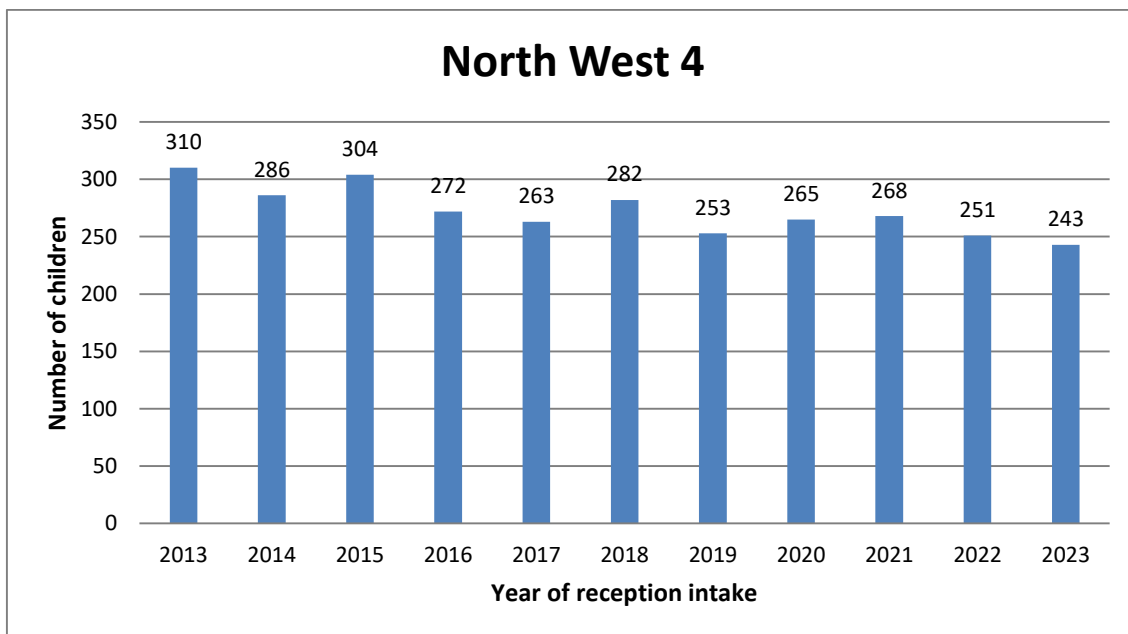
North West 4								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	330	301	303	27	2324	2136	188	8.10%
2015	330	320	309	21	2324	2174	150	6.50%
2016	330	461	283	47	2310	2192	118	5.10%
2017	330	426	271	59	2310	2131	179	7.70%
2018	330	387	279	51	2310	2146	164	7.10%
2019	330	235	269	61	2310	2104	206	8.90%
2020	330	259	281	49	2310	2059	251	10.90%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Iqra admitted additional children into their reception classes in 2009 and 2010 prior to a permanent increase in their PAN from 60 to 90 in 2011.
- Rainbow Academy opened in temporary accommodation in this planning area in September 2011 but moved to the South West 4 planning area in January 2014.
- Iqra Academy converted to academy status on 1 September 2013 and joined Feversham Education Trust in July 2019.
- Springwood Primary converted to academy status in January 2015 under Dixons Academies Trust with a name change to Dixons Manningham Academy.
- Atlas and Green Lane converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Priestley Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for North West 4

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North West 4	310	286	304	272	263	282	253	265	268	251	243
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North West 4

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 93% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	243	249	219	226	226

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	330	281	49	2310	2059	251	10.9
2021	330	286	44	2310	2042	268	11.6
2022	330	252	78	2310	1979	331	14.3
2023	330	264	66	2310	1969	341	14.8
2024	330	264	66	2310	1958	352	15.2

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 275 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 269, a difference of 6, or 2.18%.

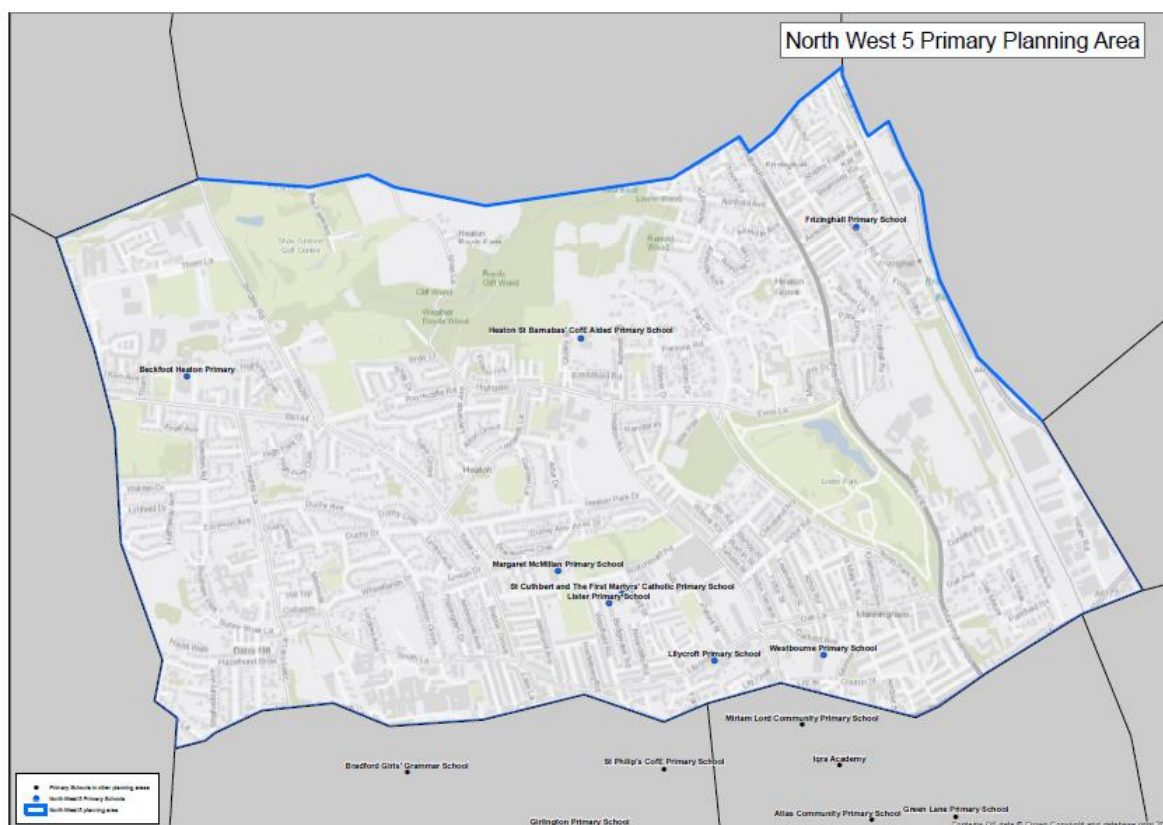
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2104, but the census shows 2146, which is a difference of minus 42 or -2.00%.

North West 5 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in North West 5 planning area, six of which have nursery provision. The area is urban, covering parts of Frizinghall, Heaton, Lilycroft and Manningham.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Beckfoot Heaton Primary	Academy	Beckfoot Academy Trust	90	Yes
Frizinghall Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Heaton St Barnabas C of E Aided Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	No
Lilycroft Primary School	Academy	Priestley Academy Trust	60	No
Lister Primary School	Academy	Carlton Academy Trust	60	Yes
Margaret McMillan Primary School	Academy	Priestley Academy Trust	90	Yes
St Cuthbert & the First Martyr's Catholic Primary	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes
Westbourne Primary	Academy	Priestley Academy Trust	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the North West 5 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in North West 5

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

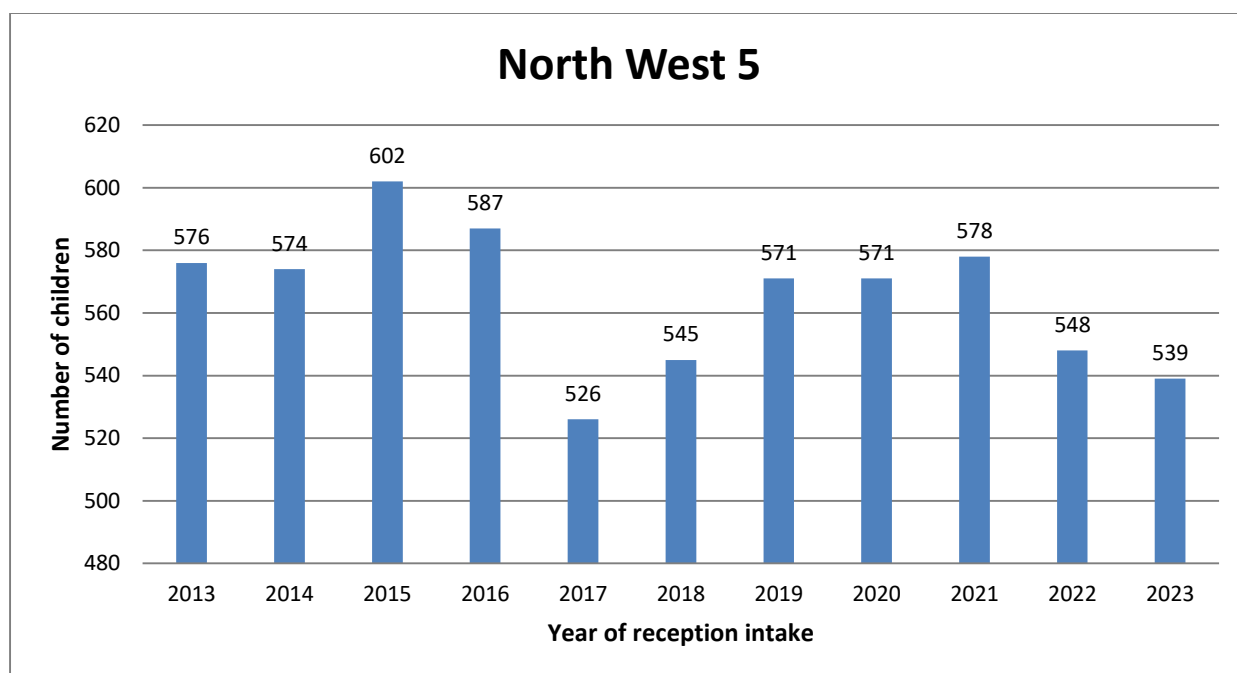
North West 5								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	510	428	474	36	3472	3461	11	0.30%
2015	510	418	478	32	3630	3473	157	4.30%
2016	510	461	482	28	3570	3464	106	3.00%
2017	510	426	455	55	3570	3427	143	4.00%
2018	510	387	440	70	3570	3353	217	6.10%
2019	510	418	439	71	3570	3339	231	6.50%
2020	510	435	460	50	3570	3315	255	7.10%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Margaret McMillan Primary School admitted additional children in 2010 before permanently increasing the PAN from 60 to 90 in 2011.
- Heaton Primary School converted to academy status in December 2016 under the Beckfoot Academy Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Heaton.
- Lilycroft, Margaret McMillan and Westbourne Primary School all converted to academy status in February 2017 under the Priestley Academy Trust.
- St Cuthbert & the First Martyrs' Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.
- Lister Primary School converted to academy status in September 2020 under Carlton Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for North West 5

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
North West 5	576	574	602	587	526	545	571	571	578	548	539
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for North West 5

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 92% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	509	521	489	491	491

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	510	460	50	3570	3315	255	7.1
2021	510	466	44	3570	3318	252	7.1
2022	510	432	78	3570	3285	285	8.0
2023	510	422	88	3570	3226	344	9.6
2024	510	422	88	3570	3203	367	10.3

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 446 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 439, a difference of 7, or 1.57%.

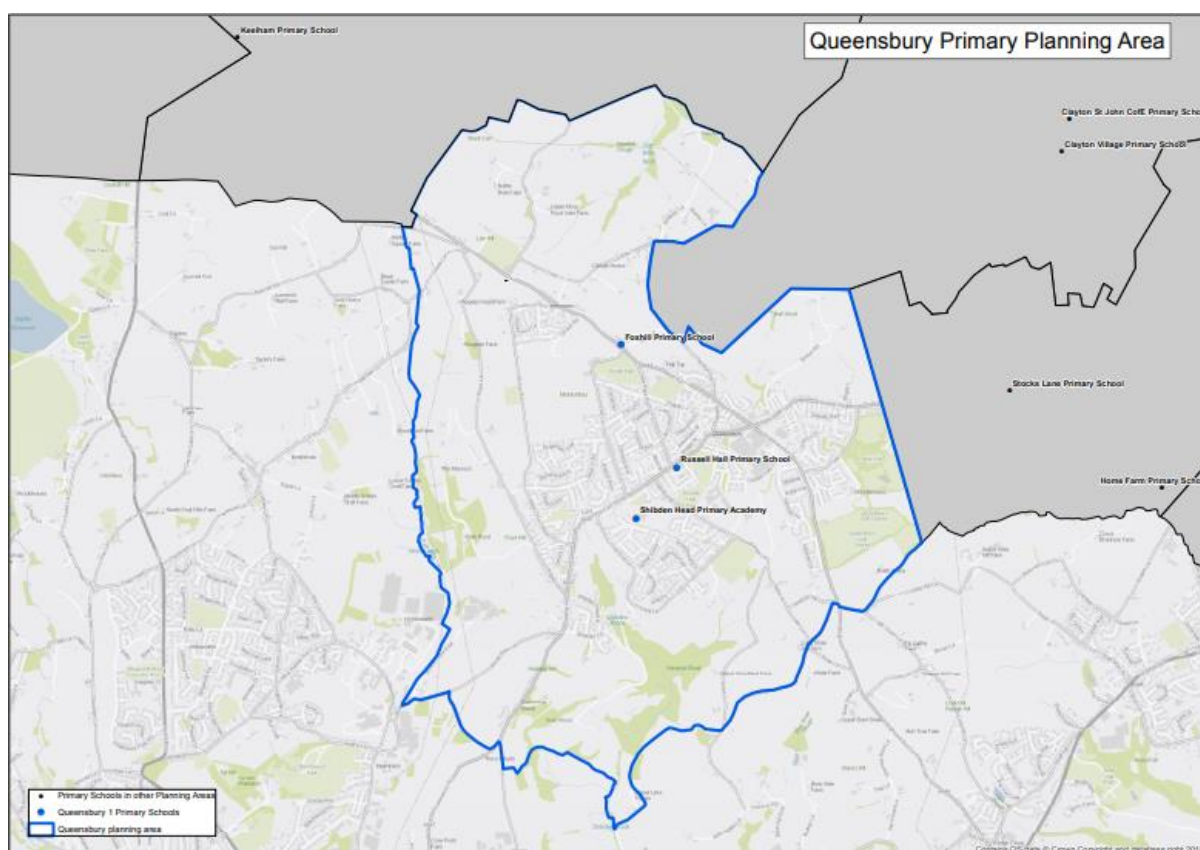
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 3339, but the census shows 3353, which is a difference of minus 14 or -0.42%.

Queensbury Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in Queensbury planning area, two of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and semi rural and covers mainly Queensbury.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Foxhill Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
Russell Hall Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
Shibden Head Primary Academy	Academy	Focus Multi Academy Trust	60	No

Map showing primary schools in the Queensbury planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Queensbury

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

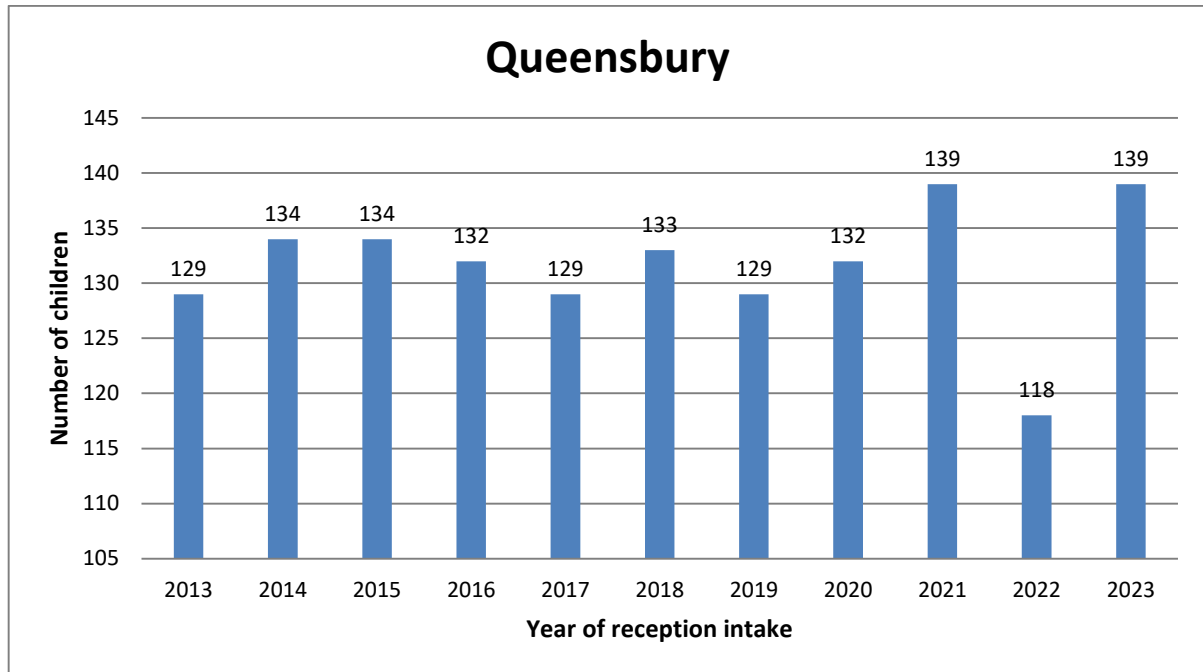
Queensbury								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	120	120	122	-2	869	840	29	3.30%
2015	120	124	119	1	840	839	1	0.10%
2016	120	141	124	-4	839	851	-12	-1.40%
2017	120	124	122	-2	839	846	-7	-0.80%
2018	120	115	118	2	839	834	5	-0.60%
2019	120	117	116	4	839	817	22	2.60%
2020	120	114	120	0	839	804	35	4.20%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Stocks Lane Primary School in the adjoining south west 3 planning area increased their PAN from 15 to 30 to admit additional children from September 2016. This appears to have relieved the pressure on school places in Queensbury.
- Shibden Head Primary School converted to academy status in March 2013 under the Focus Multi Academy Trust with a name change to Shibden Head Primary Academy.

Health Authority Data for Queensbury

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Queensbury	129	134	134	132	129	133	129	132	139	118	139
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Queensbury

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 90% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	118	131	111	126	126

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	120	120	0	839	804	35	4.2
2021	120	120	0	839	799	40	4.8
2022	120	120	0	839	796	43	5.1
2023	120	120	0	839	793	46	5.5
2024	120	120	0	839	791	48	5.7

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 118 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 116, a difference of 2, or 1.69%.

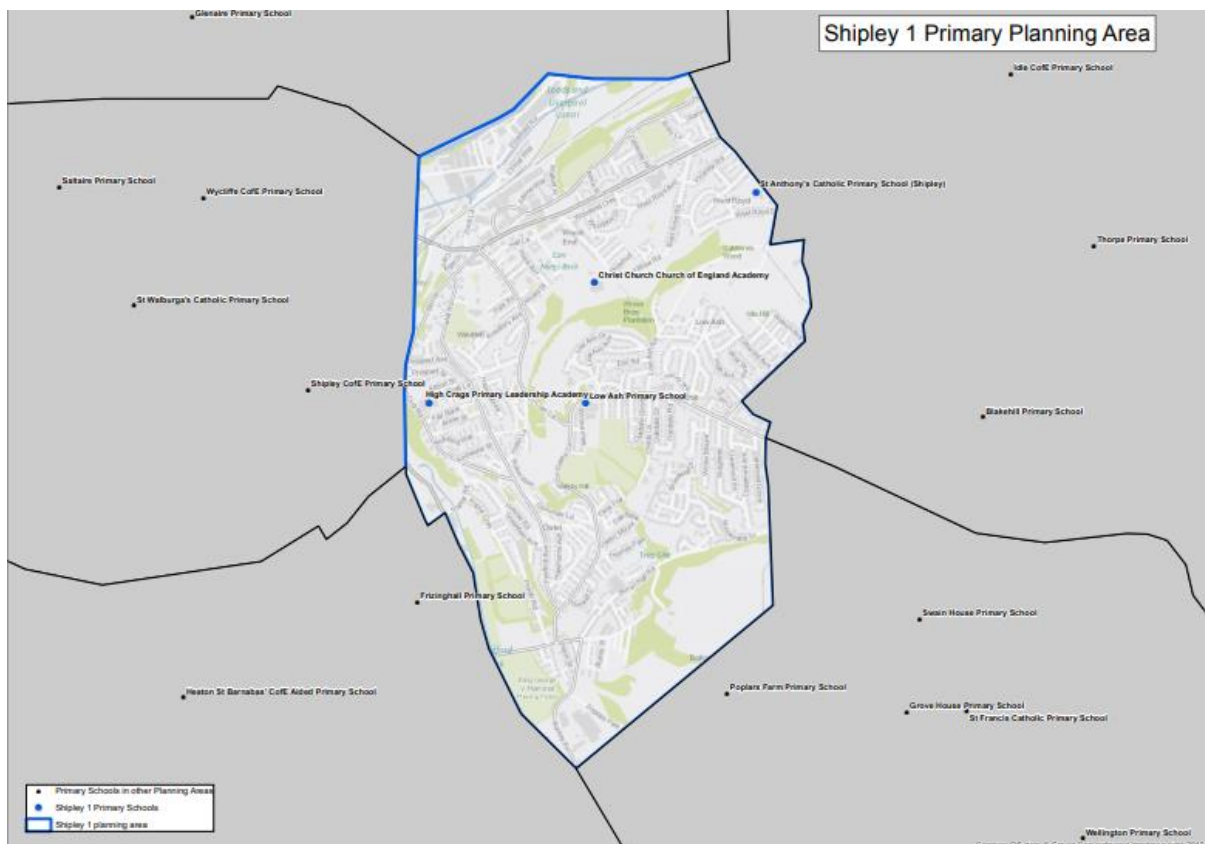
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 817, but the census shows 834, which is a difference of minus 17 or -2.08%.

ShIPLEY 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Shipley 1 planning area, three of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and covers mainly the Windhill and Wrose areas.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Christ Church C of E Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	30	Yes
High Craggs Primary Leadership Academy	Academy	Star	60	Yes
Low Ash Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
St Anthony's Catholic Primary School (Shipley)	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	18	No

Map showing primary schools in the Shipley 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Shipley 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

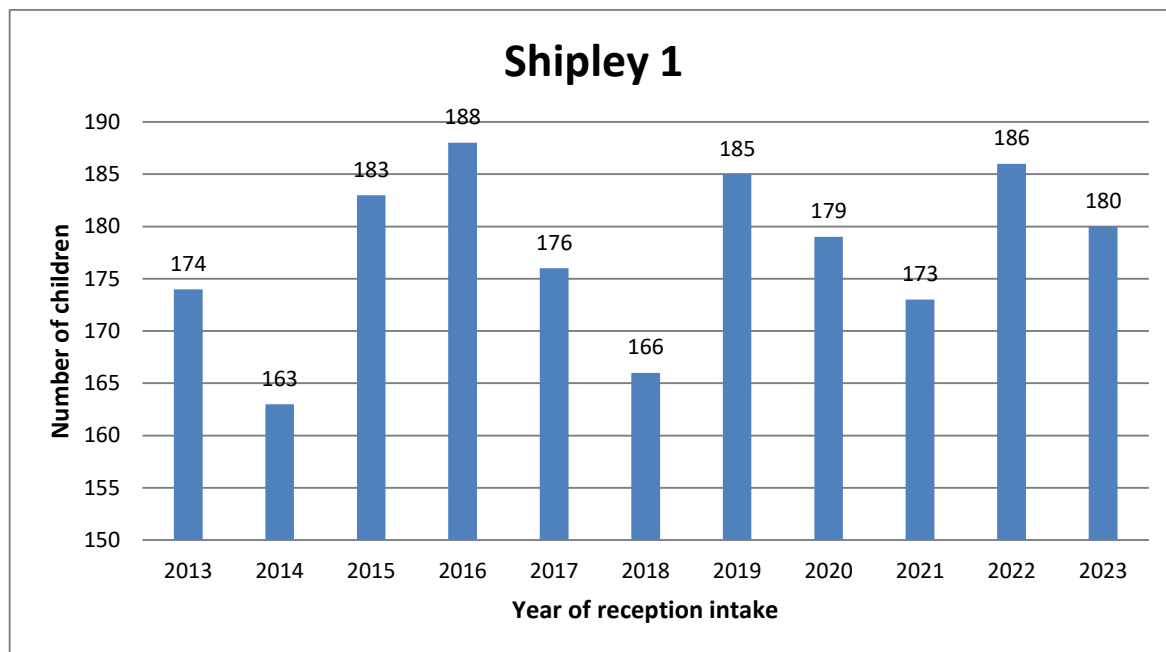
Shipley 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	168	157	164	4	1131	1114	17	1.50%
2015	168	150	154	14	1131	1121	10	0.90%
2016	168	171	169	-1	1131	1116	15	1.30%
2017	168	152	162	6	1176	1135	41	3.50%
2018	168	144	142	26	1176	1100	76	6.50%
2019	200	160	172	28	1176	1107	69	5.90%
2020	170	144	157	13	1176	1098	78	6.60%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- High Craggs Primary School admitted additional reception children in 2010 to meet the demand for places in this area prior to a permanent increase in PAN from 45 to 60 in 2011. This is incremental year on year until all age groups have a PAN of 60. The capacity of the school has been increased to accommodate all the children.
- Windhill C of E Primary School converted to academy status as part of the Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust, and changed its' name to Christ Church Academy in 2013.
- High Craggs Primary School converted to academy status under the Wakefield City Academy Trust in April 2016. They have since joined Star Academies Trust in April 2018.
- Low Ash Primary School increased its PAN in September 2019 from 60 to 90. However, due to a reduction in the forecast the PAN returned to 60 in 2020, which was approved by the schools adjudicator.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary increased its' PAN by 2 from 18 to 20 in 2019.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Shipley 1	174	163	183	188	176	166	185	179	173	186	180
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Shipley 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 97% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	169	169	177	171	171

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	170	157	13	1176	1098	78	6.6
2021	170	161	9	1176	1111	65	5.5
2022	170	153	17	1176	1109	67	5.7
2023	170	155	15	1176	1098	78	6.6
2024	170	155	15	1176	1090	86	7.3

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 176 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 172, a difference of 4, or 2.27%.

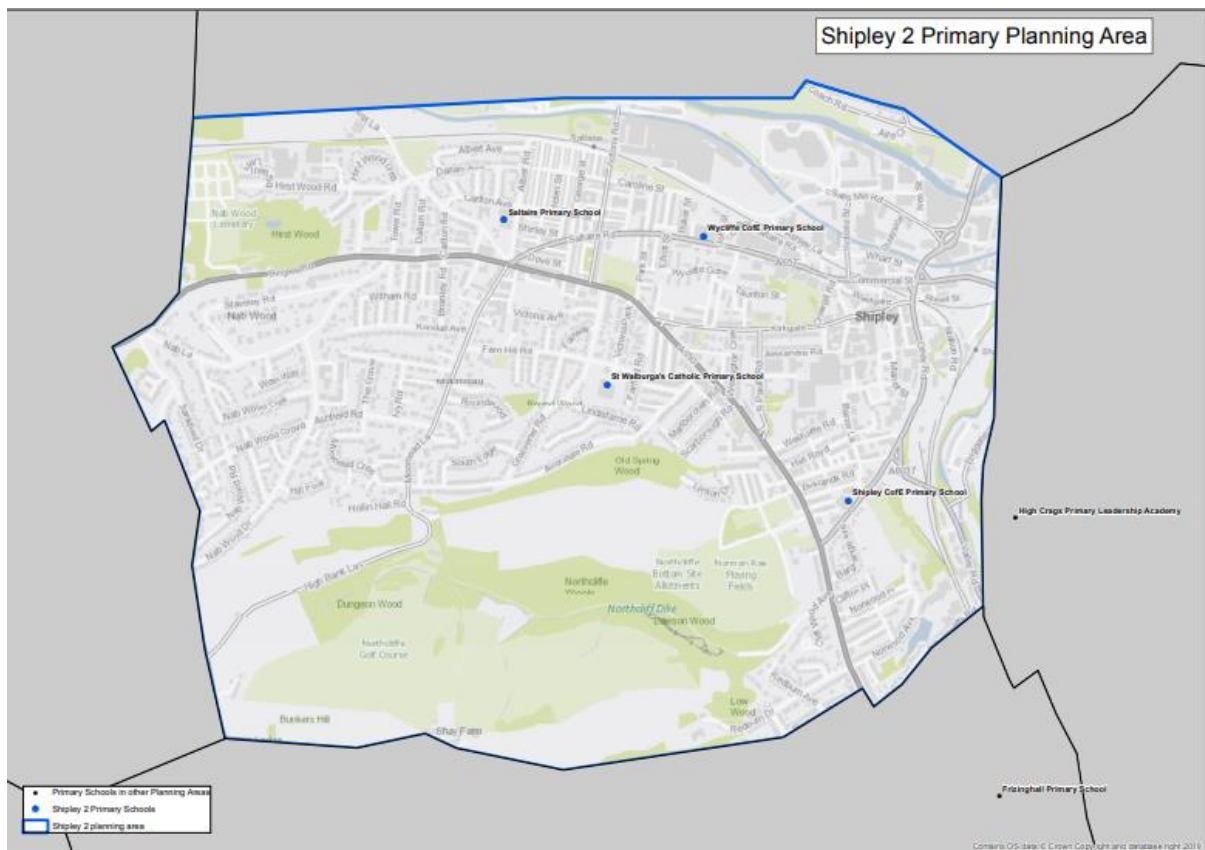
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1107, but the census shows 1100, which is a difference of 7 or 0.63%.

Shipley 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in Shipley 2 planning area, two of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and covers central Shipley, Saltaire, Hirst Wood, Nab Wood and Northcliffe in the south.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Saltire Primary School	Community	-	60	No
Shipley C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	30	Yes
St Walburga's Catholic Primary School	Academy	Blessed Christopher Warden (BCW)	30	Yes
Wycliffe C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	60	No

Map showing primary schools in the Shipley 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Shipley 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

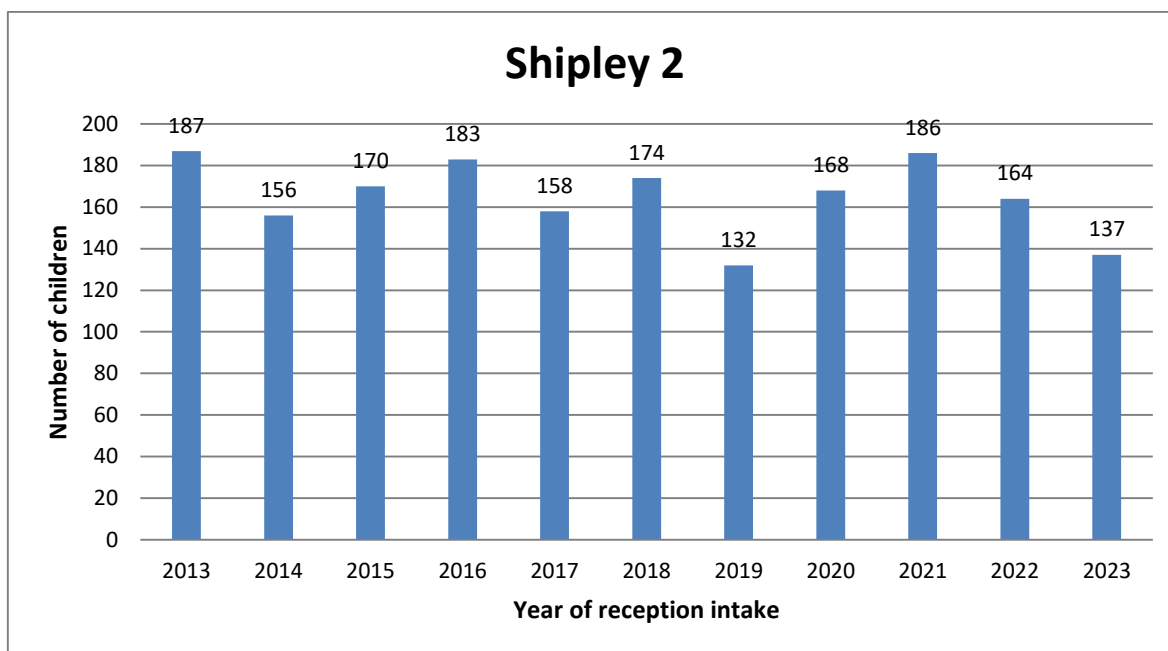
Shipley 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	180	195	175	5	1159	1104	55	4.70%
2015	180	183	173	7	1159	1122	37	3.20%
2016	180	211	181	-1	1159	1161	-2	-0.20%
2017	180	165	159	21	1151	1157	-6	-0.50%
2018	180	188	164	16	1256	1157	99	7.90%
2019	180	153	142	38	1256	1152	104	8.30%
2020	180	188	179	1	1256	1158	98	7.80%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- The PAN at Wycliffe C of E Primary School increased from 30 to 45 in September 2013. The net capacity of Wycliffe C of E Primary School is above the usual size for a 1 FE school (210) as following reorganisation in 2000 it was opened in a former middle school. Some space was previously used by Tracts but there is spare capacity which will be utilised as the school increases from 1 to 1.5FE.
- In September 2014 Wycliffe C of E Primary School agreed to admit a bulge class of 15 children to meet the demand for places in this area.
- The PAN at Wycliffe C of E Primary School increased permanently from 45 to 60 as from September 2015, additional building works was completed to increase the capacity of the school.
- Wycliffe CE Primary School admitted a bulge class of up to 15 additional pupils in September 2014 prior to their permanent PAN increase from 45 to 60 as from September 2015.
- St Walburga's Catholic Primary School converted to academy status under the Blessed Christopher Wharton (BCW) MAT in November 2016.
- Shipley C of E Primary School and Wycliffe C of E Primary School converted to academy status under the Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT) MAT in November 2018.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Shipley 2	187	156	170	183	158	174	132	168	186	164	137
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Shipley 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	161	168	160	130	130

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	180	179	1	1256	1158	98	7.8
2021	180	180	0	1256	1169	87	6.9
2022	180	158	22	1256	1154	102	8.1
2023	180	144	36	1256	1114	142	11.3
2024	180	144	36	1256	1097	159	12.7

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 147 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 142, a difference of 5, or 3.40%.

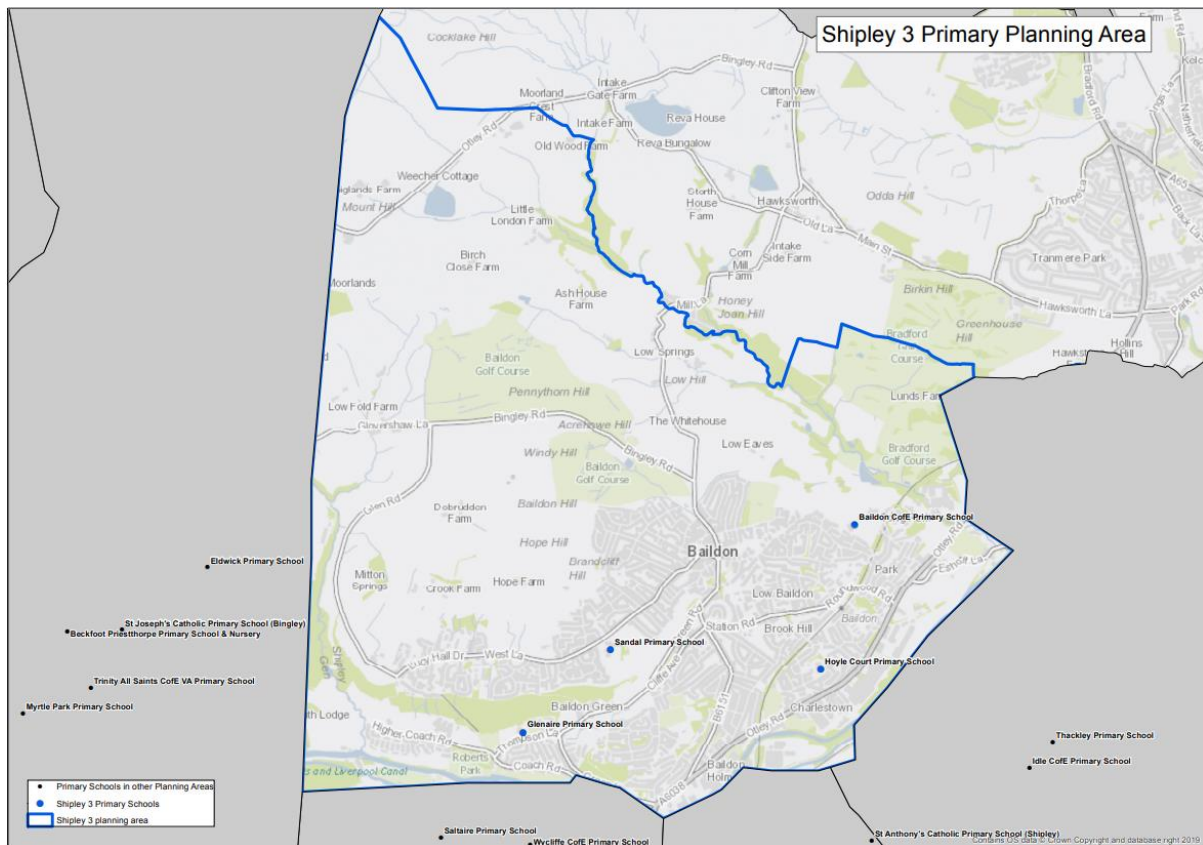
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1152, but the census shows 1157, which is a difference of minus 5 or -0.43%.

ShIPLEY 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are four primary schools in ShIPLEY 2 planning area, three of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and covers Baildon, Baildon Green, Baildon Moor and ShIPLEY Glen and although some urban also covers a significant amount of rural area.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Baildon C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	Yes
Glenaire Primary School	Community	-	30	Yes
Hoyle Court Primary School	Community	-	45	No
Sandal Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the ShIPLEY 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Shipley 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

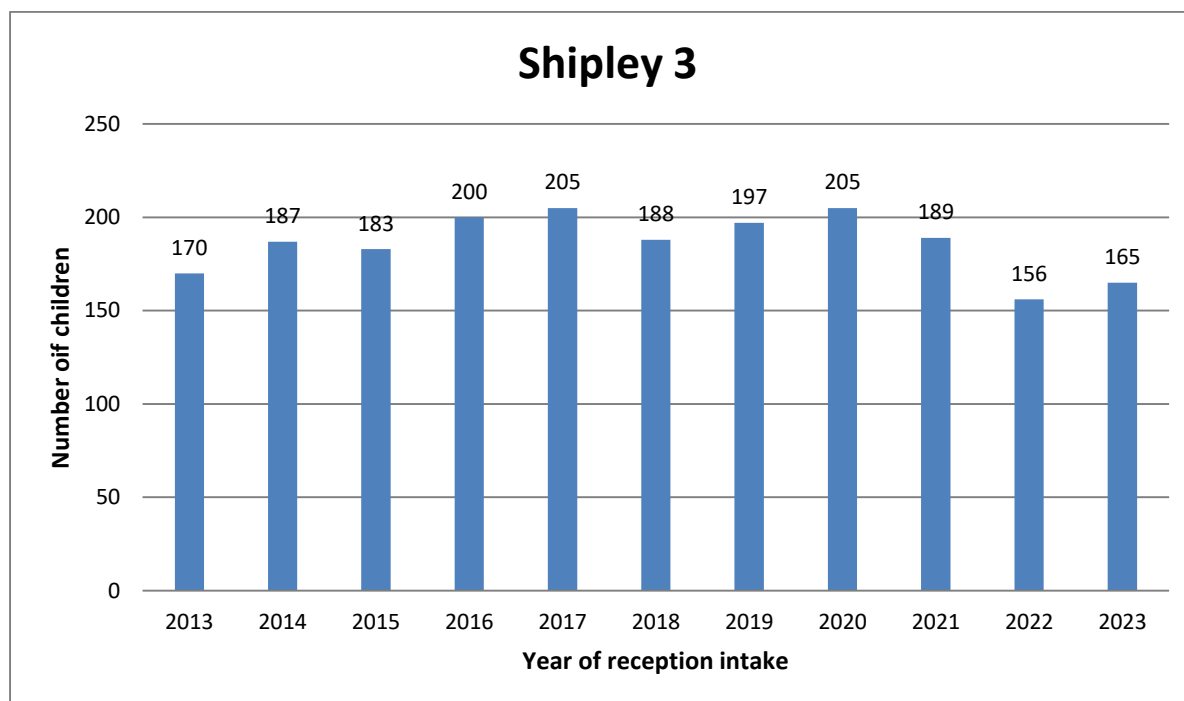
Shipley 3								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	195	183	186	9	1304	1284	20	1.50%
2015	195	202	194	1	1304	1288	16	1.20%
2016	195	184	188	7	1334	1295	39	2.90%
2017	195	200	202	-7	1364	1312	52	3.80%
2018	195	174	186	9	1364	1311	53	3.90%
2019	195	182	187	8	1364	1299	65	4.80%
2020	195	178	187	8	1364	1310	54	4.00%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Hoyle Court Primary School increased the PAN from 30 to 45 in September 2011.
- The admission policy at Sandal Primary School was changed to include a priority area from September 2018.

Health Authority Data for Shipley 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Shipley 3	170	187	183	200	205	188	197	205	189	156	165
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Shipley 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 94% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	189	175	142	149	149

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	195	187	8	1364	1310	54	4.0
2021	195	188	7	1364	1304	60	4.4
2022	195	157	38	1364	1269	95	7.0
2023	195	161	34	1364	1243	121	8.9
2024	195	161	34	1364	1207	157	11.5

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 187 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 187, a difference of 0, or 0%.

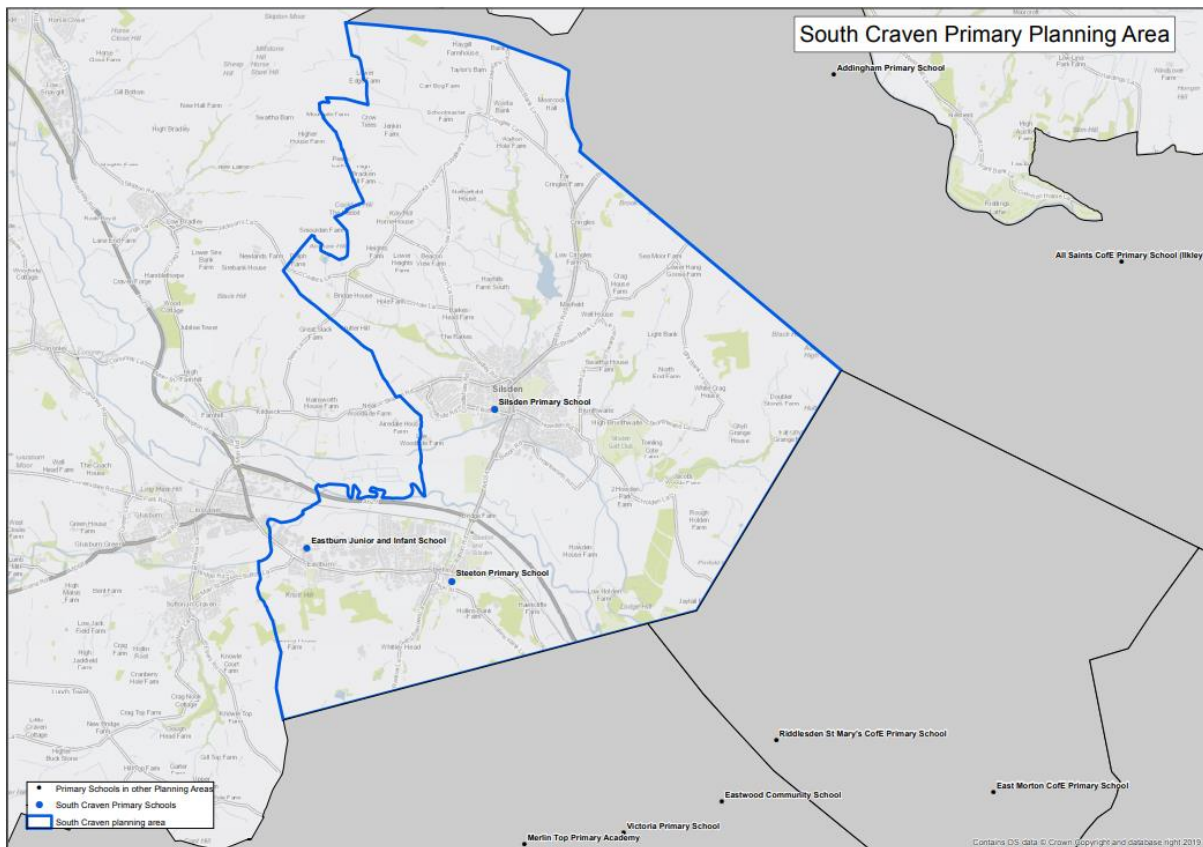
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1299, but the census shows 1311, which is a difference of minus 12 or -0.92%.

South Craven Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in South Craven planning area, one of which has nursery provision. The area is mainly rural and covers Silsden, Eastburn and Steeton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Eastburn Junior and Infant School	Community	-	30	No
Silsden Primary School	Community	-	90	Yes
Steeton Primary School	Community	-	45	No

Map showing primary schools in the South Craven planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South Craven

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

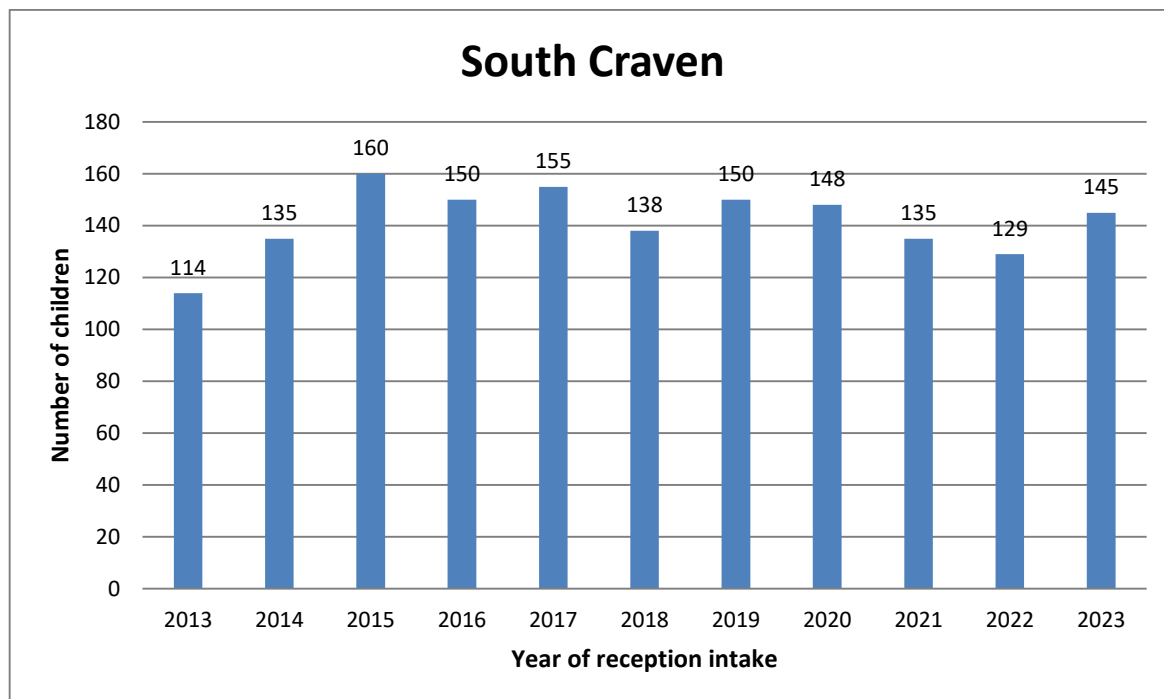
South Craven								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	165	139	163	2	1055	1003	52	4.90%
2015	165	167	170	-5	1055	1026	29	2.70%
2016	165	148	158	7	1055	1043	12	1.10%
2017	165	158	157	8	1115	1072	43	3.90%
2018	165	134	136	29	1115	1073	42	3.80%
2019	165	148	170	-5	1115	1087	28	2.50%
2020	165	154	153	12	1115	1096	19	1.70%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- The PAN at Aire View Infants was increased from 75 to 90 from September 2014.
- Aire View Infants became a primary school from September 2017 with provision for reception to year 6 pupils on a split site initially, and also changed its' name to Silsden Primary School.
- Hothfield School closed in August 2017, children and staff transferred to Silsden Primary School.
- A new school building is being constructed at Silsden Primary School to accommodate all age groups on one site.

Health Authority Data for South Craven

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South Craven	114	135	160	150	155	138	150	148	135	129	145
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South Craven

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 82% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	121	114	105	121	121

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2019	165	153	12	1115	1096	19	1.7
2020	165	153	12	1147	1102	45	3.9
2021	165	141	24	1147	1087	60	5.2
2022	165	161	4	1147	1092	55	4.8
2023	165	161	4	1147	1094	53	4.6

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 160 children in reception in January 2020.

The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 170, a difference of minus 10, or -6.25%.

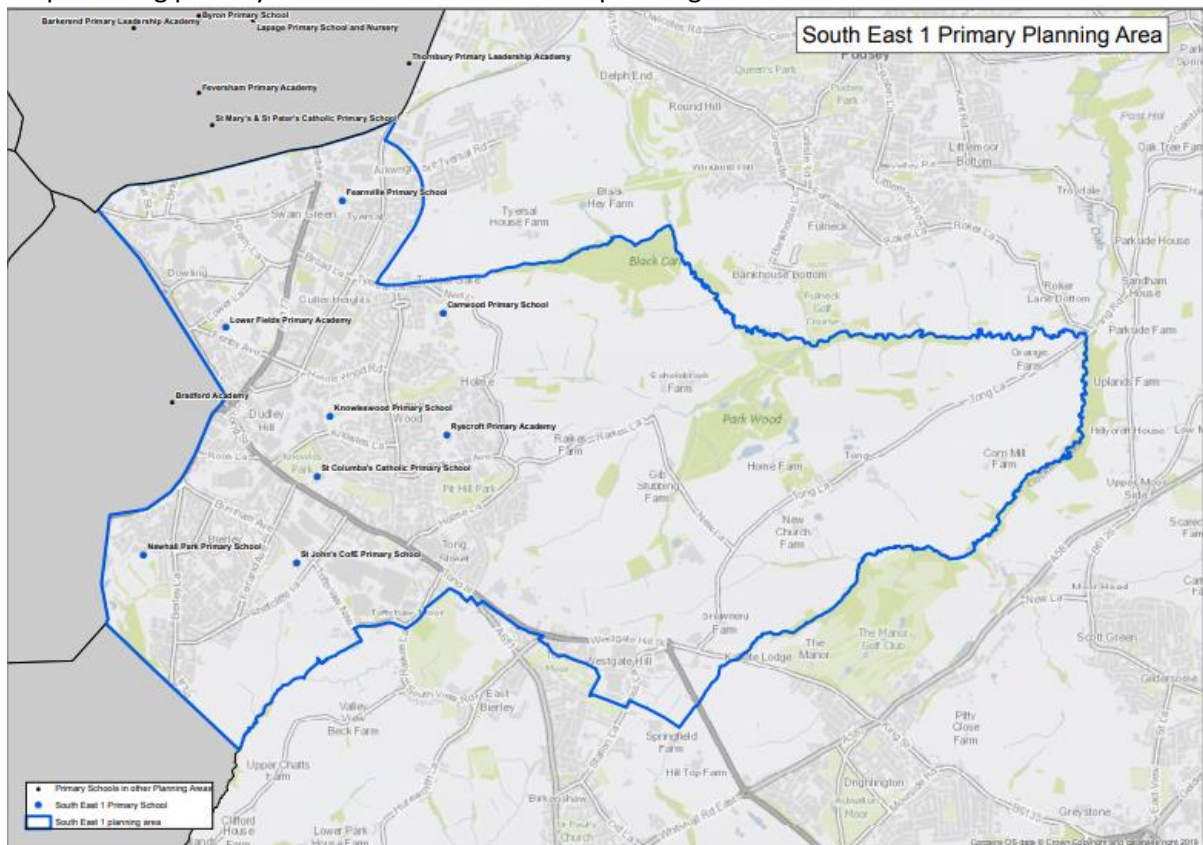
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1087, but the census shows 1073, which is a difference of 14 or 1.29%.

South East 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in South East 1 planning area, all of which have nursery provision. The area is mainly urban covering Cutler Heights, Dudley Hill, Holmewood and Tong where there are a number of housing estates. To the north and east the planning area borders on to Leeds and to the south onto Kirklees Local Authorities.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Carrwood Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Fearnville Primary School	Academy	Nurture Academies Trust (NET)	60	Yes
Knowleswood Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Lower Fields Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	60	Yes
Newhall Park Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Ryecroft Primary Academy	Academy	Delta Academies Trust	60	Yes
St Columba's Catholic primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	50	Yes
St John's C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South East 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South East 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

South East 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	470	425	439	31	2770	2888	-118	4.30%
2015	470	409	451	19	3032	2982	50	1.60%
2016	470	407	408	62	3032	2983	49	1.60%
2017	470	414	398	72	3149	2935	214	6.80%
2018	470	408	395	75	3203	2924	279	8.70%
2019	470	386	397	73	3203	2916	287	9.00%
2020	470	312	351	119	3203	2841	362	11.30%

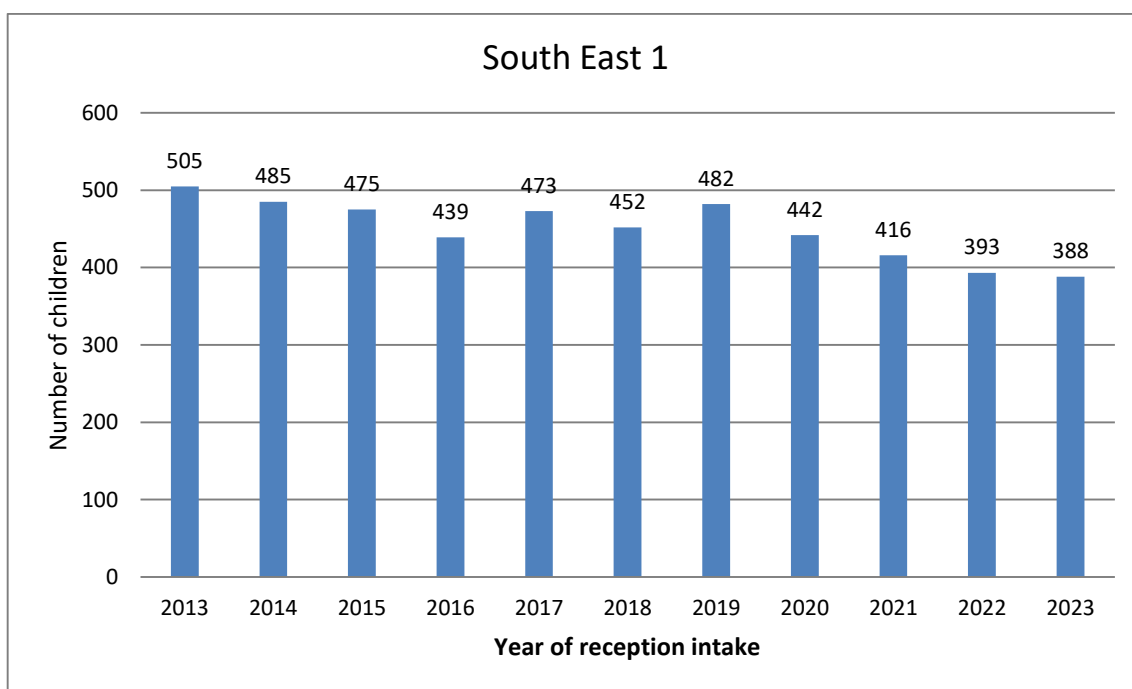
Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- In September 2009 and 2010 Carrwood Primary School and Knowleswood Primary School admitted additional children into their reception classes to meet the demand for places.
- Bradford Academy in an adjoining planning area (south west 4) became an all through school extending its' provision to include a reception class from September 2010. This helped meet the demand for places in this area for that year.
- Following full consultation in 2009/10, in September 2011 Carrwood Primary School increased its' PAN from 30 to 60, Knowleswood Primary School increased its' PAN from 45 to 60, Newhall Park Primary School increased its' PAN from 45 to 60.
- Ryecroft Primary School converted to academy status in September 2012 under Delta Academies Trust after increasing its' PAN from 30 to 60 in 2011.
- St Columba's Catholic Primary School increased its' PAN from 45 to 50 in September 2013.
- St John's C of E Primary School converted to academy status under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT) in October 2017.
- Fearnville Primary School converted to academy status in November 2018 under Nurture Academies Trust.
- Lower Fields Primary School converted to academy status under Delta Academies Trust in December 2018.
- Autumn 2019 consultation carried out for Carrwood Primary School to reduce PAN from 60 to 30 from September 2021.

- Ryecroft Primary School joined Delta Academies Trust in September 2020.

Health Authority Data for South East 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South East 1	505	485	475	439	473	452	482	442	416	393	388
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South East 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 87% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	386	363	346	339	339

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	470	351	119	3203	2841	362	11.3
2021	440	319	121	3203	2720	483	15.1
2022	440	311	129	3203	2606	597	18.6
2023	440	306	134	3203	2513	690	21.5
2024	440	306	134	3203	2411	792	24.7

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 402 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 397, a difference of 5, or 1.24%.

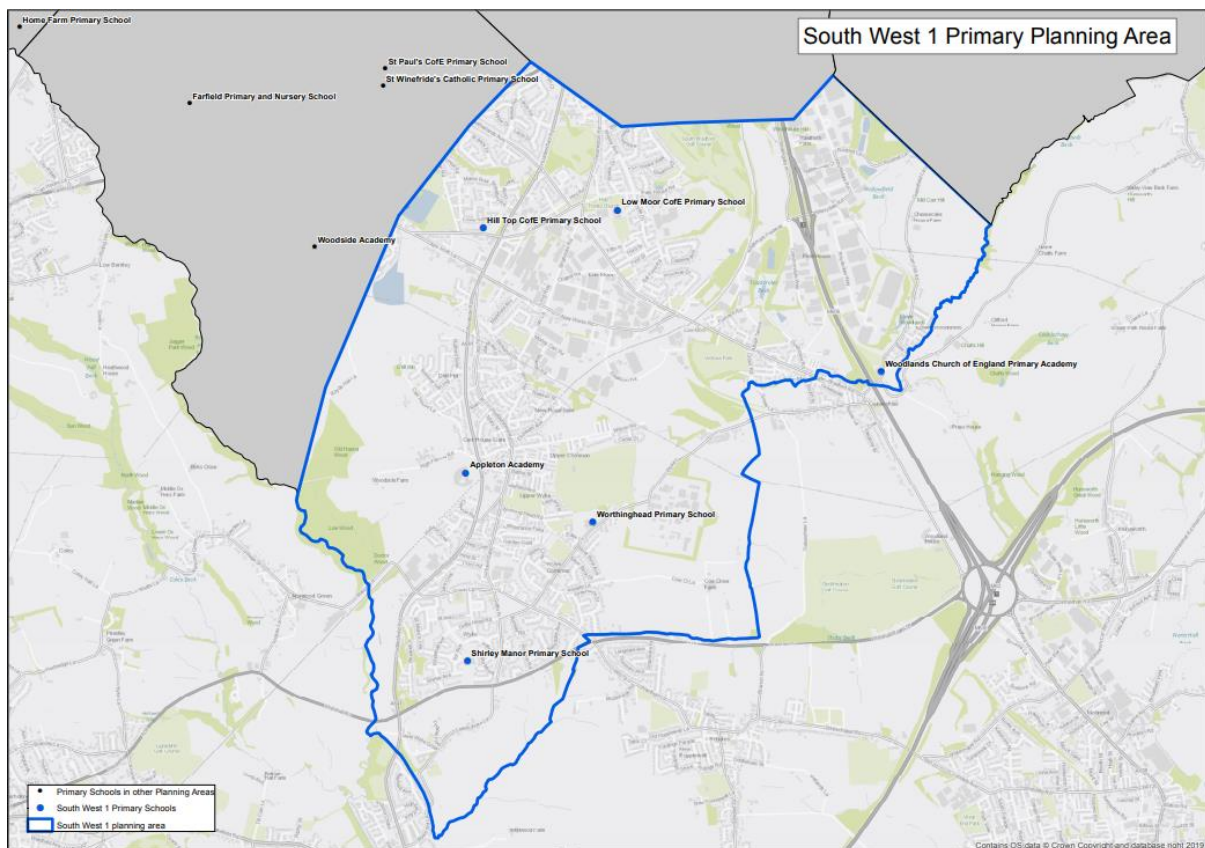
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2916, but the census shows 2924, which is a difference of minus 8 or -0.27%.

South West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 1 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban and rural covering Low Moor, parts of Oakenshaw and Wyke. To the west the planning area borders on to Calderdale Local Authority and to the east onto Kirklees Local Authority.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Appleton Academy	Academy	Exceed	60	Yes
Hill Top C of E Primary School	Foundation	-	30	Yes
Low Moor C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	No
Shirley Manor Primary Academy	Academy	Converter	30	Yes
Woodlands C of E Primary Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	15	Yes
Worthinghead Primary School	Community	-	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the South West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

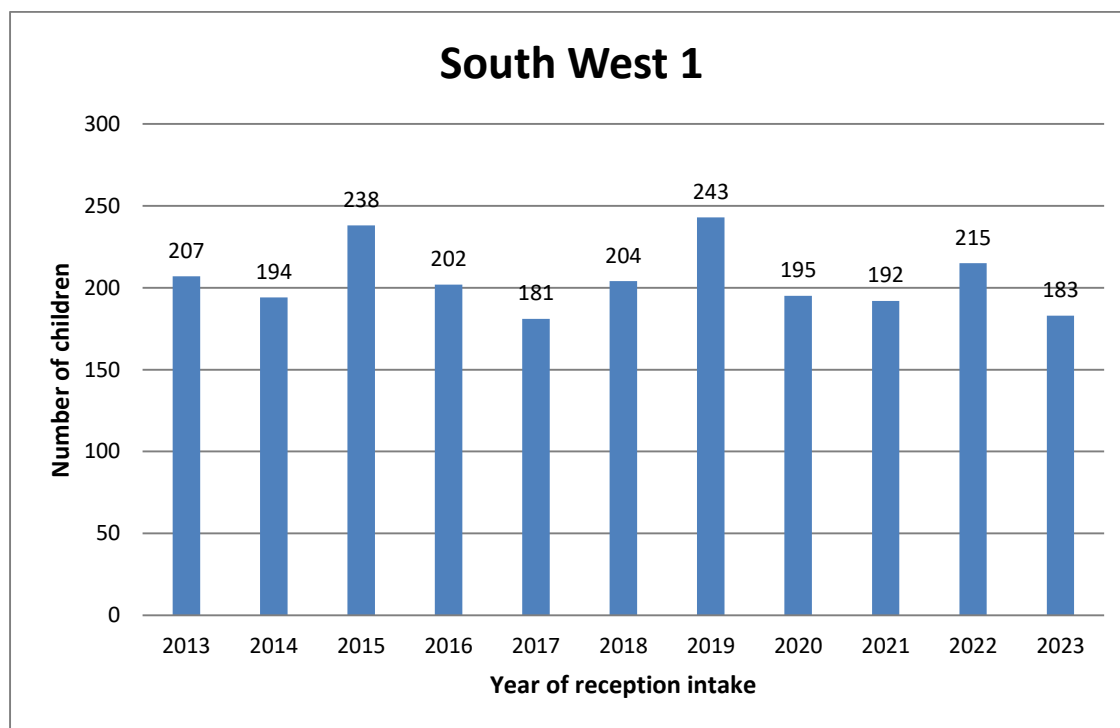
South West 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	225	200	226	-1	1571	1465	106	6.70%
2015	225	250	224	1	1571	1494	77	4.90%
2016	225	236	225	0	1571	1512	59	3.80%
2017	225	210	206	19	1571	1521	50	3.20%
2018	225	248	222	3	1571	1532	39	2.50%
2019	225	250	227	-2	1571	1537	34	2.20%
2020	225	223	218	7	1571	1542	29	1.80%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- High Fernley Primary school closed in July 2010. It was replaced as part of the all through Academy, namely, Appleton, but remained on the same site until the new school building construction work had been completed. The PAN at High Fernley was 30, but the PAN for the primary provision of Appleton Academy is 60.
- Appleton Academy moved to new premises and as an academy we have to use the total capacity in the funding agreement of 420 (2012).
- Shirley Manor Primary converted to academy status in March 2014 as a single academy trust.
- Woodlands Church of England Primary converted to academy status under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust in August 2018.
- Woodlands C of E Primary Academy opened a nursery provision for 13 children in September 2019.

Health Authority Data for South West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South West 1	207	194	238	202	181	204	243	195	192	215	183
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 87% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	169	169	191	164	164

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	225	218	7	1571	1542	29	1.8
2021	225	217	8	1571	1534	37	2.4
2022	225	225	0	1571	1522	49	3.1
2023	225	194	31	1571	1488	83	5.3
2024	225	194	31	1571	1472	99	6.3

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 227 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 227, a difference of 0, or 0%.

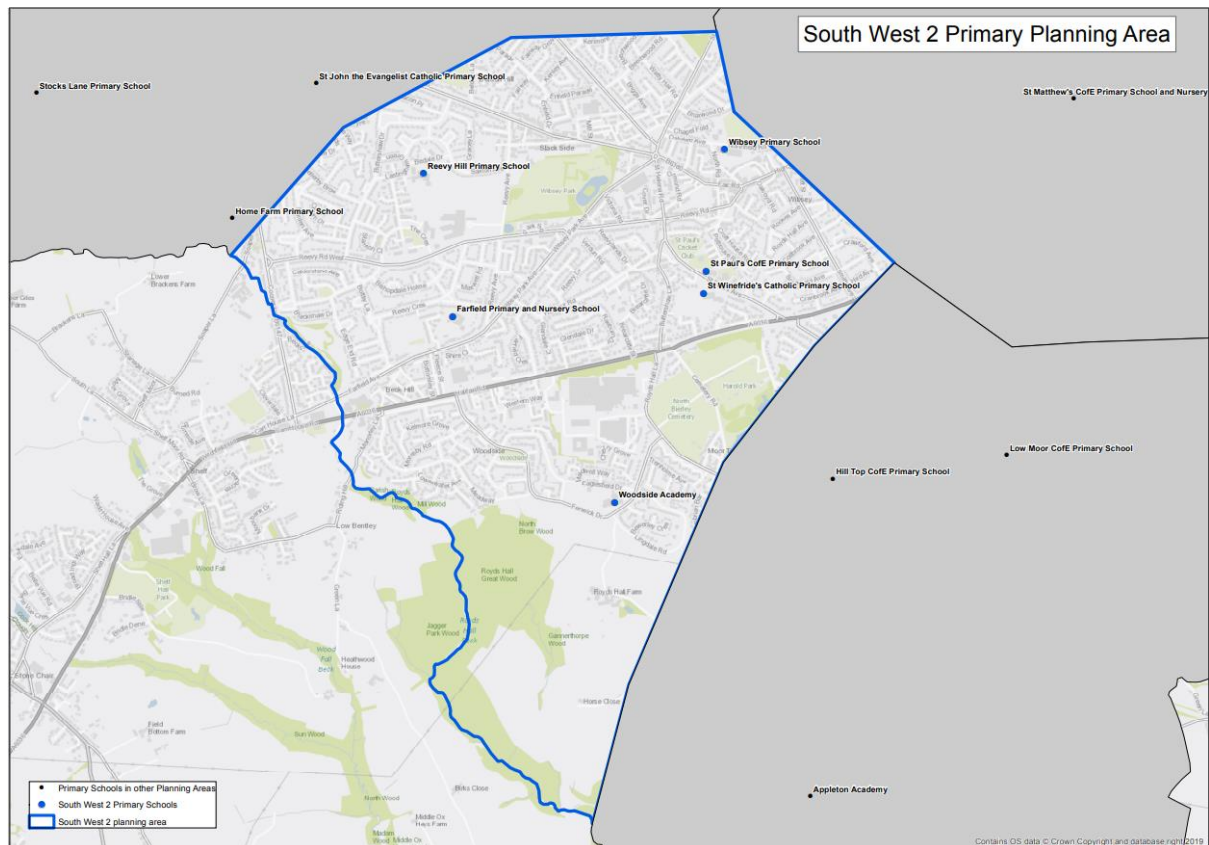
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1537, but the census shows 1532, which is a difference of 5 or 0.33%.

South West 2 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 2 planning area, five of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering Buttershaw, Wibsey and Woodside. To the south west the planning area borders on to Calderdale.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Farfield Primary and Nursery School	Community	-	60	Yes
Reevy Hill Primary School	Academy	Leading Learners	30	Yes
St Paul's C of E Primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	30	No
St Winefride's Catholic Primary Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Warden (BCW)	60	Yes
Wibsey Primary School	Community	-	90	Yes
Woodside Academy	Academy	Leading Learners	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 2 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South West 2

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

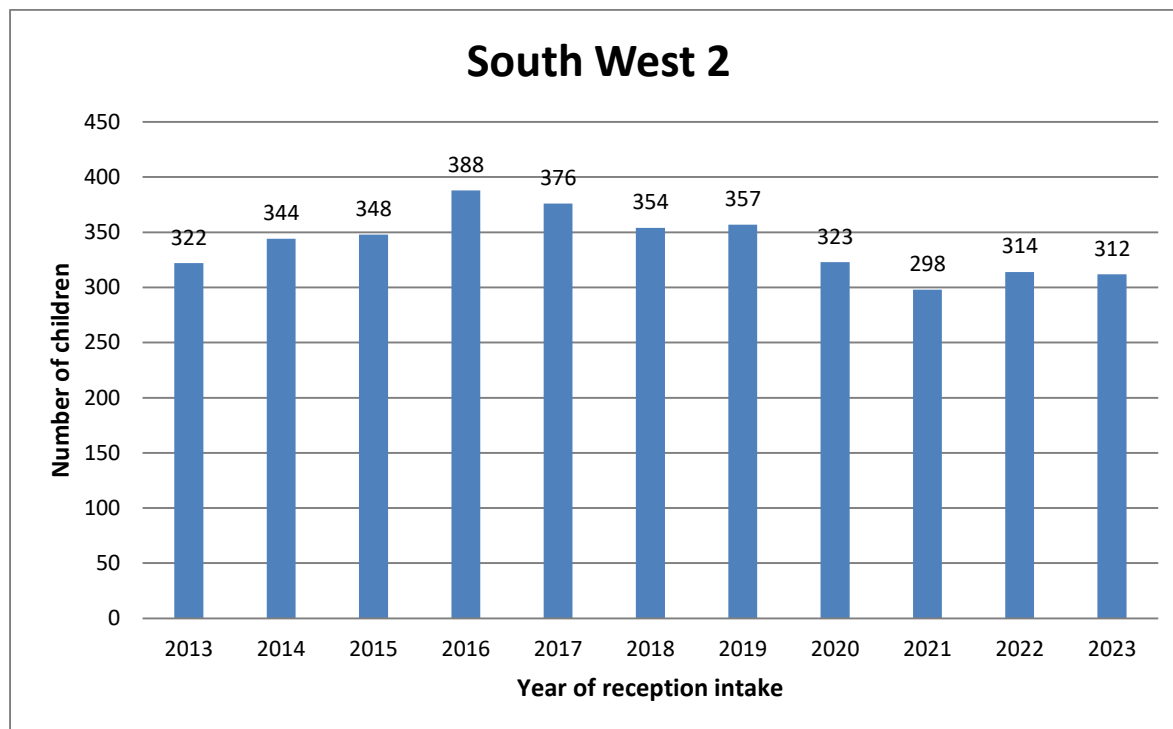
South West 2								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	330	314	319	11	2265	2211	54	2.40%
2015	330	340	329	1	2294	2234	60	2.60%
2016	330	340	332	-2	2304	2265	39	1.70%
2017	330	323	321	9	2304	2265	39	1.70%
2018	330	271	307	23	2316	2236	80	3.50%
2019	330	299	321	9	2316	2244	72	3.10%
2020	330	279	321	9	2316	2245	71	3.10%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Woodside School admitted additional children into reception in 2008 and 2010 to meet the demand for places prior to permanent increase in their PAN from 30 to 60 in 2011.
- Woodside Primary converted to academy status in December 2012 under Leading Learners Trust, with a name change to Woodside Academy.
- Reevy Hill Primary converted to academy status under the Leading Learners Trust in November 2016.
- St Winefride's Catholic Primary Academy converted to academy status under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Multi Academy Trust in October 2016.

Health Authority Data for South West 2

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South West 2	322	344	348	388	376	354	357	323	298	314	312
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South West 2

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 90% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	289	275	283	261	261

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	330	321	9	2316	2245	71	3.1
2021	330	303	27	2316	2220	96	4.1
2022	330	297	33	2316	2184	132	5.7
2023	330	277	53	2316	2135	181	7.8
2024	330	277	53	2316	2087	229	9.9

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 328 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 321, a difference of 7, or 2.13%.

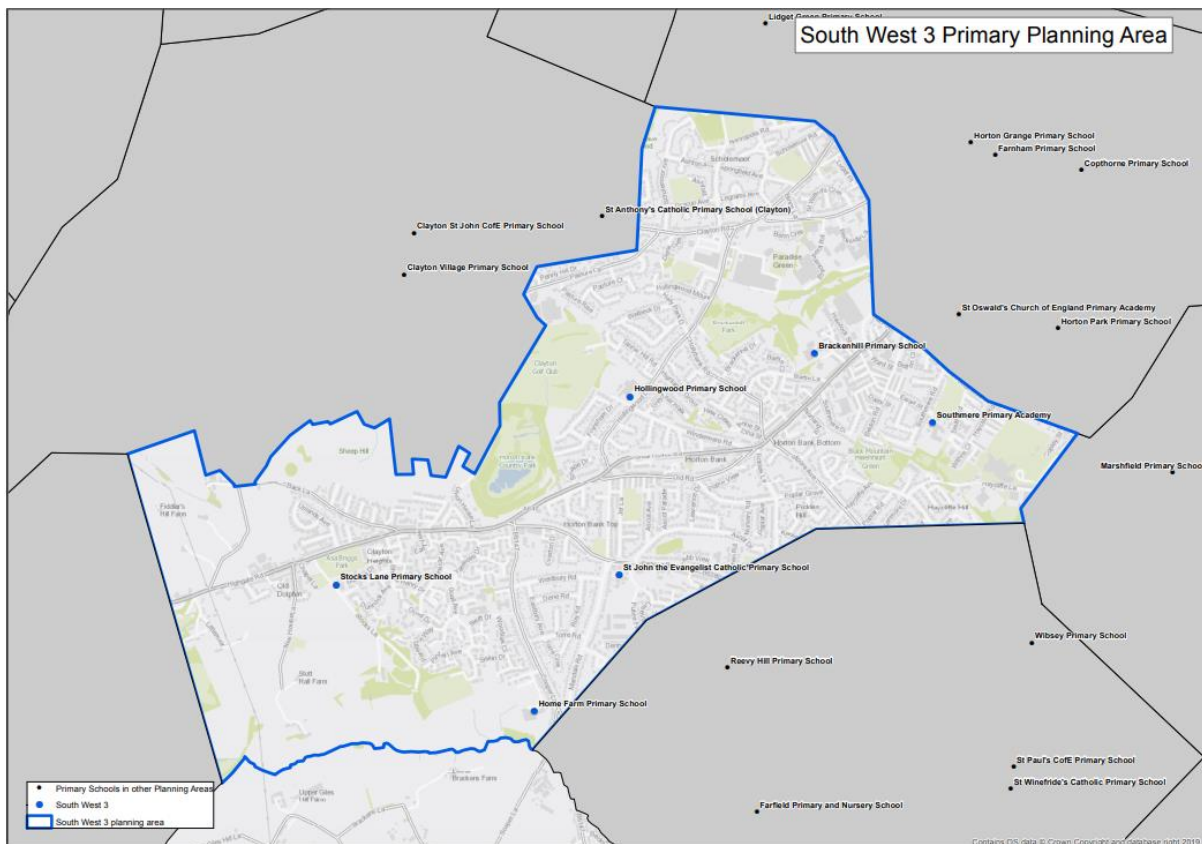
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2244, but the census shows 2236, which is a difference of 8 or 0.36%.

South West 3 Primary School Planning Area

There are six primary schools in South West 3 planning area, four of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering Horton Bank, Horton Bank Top, Clayton Heights, and Scholemoor.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Brackenhill Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Hollingwood Primary School	Academy	Pennine Education Trust	60	Yes
Home Farm Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Southmere Primary Academy	Academy	Delta	60	Yes
St John the Evangelist Catholic Academy	Academy	Blessed Christopher Warden (BCW)	30	No
Stocks Lane Primary School	Community	-	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the South West 3 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South West 3

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

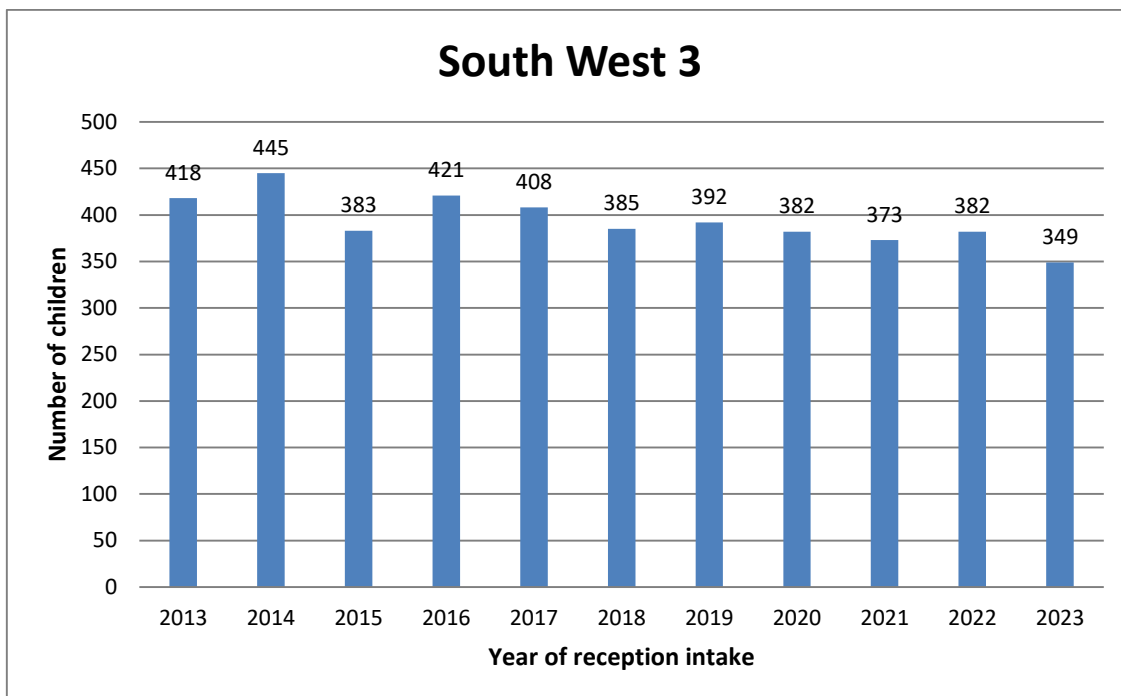
South West 3								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	285	275	277	8	1768	1834	-66	-3.70%
2015	285	245	278	7	1768	1911	-143	8.10%
2016	300	279	287	13	1933	1960	-27	-1.40%
2017	300	260	286	14	1993	1957	36	1.80%
2018	300	254	257	43	2098	1980	118	5.60%
2019	300	243	267	33	2098	1976	122	5.80%
2020	300	265	271	29	2098	1981	117	5.60%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Additional children admitted into Brackenhill Primary School in 2009 and 2010 to meet demand for places. PAN at Brackenhill increased permanently from 30 to 60 in 2011.
- Expansion carried out to accommodate the additional children.
- Additional children were admitted to Southmere Primary in 2010 to meet demand prior to permanently increasing PAN from 30 to 60 in 2011. Expansion carried out to accommodate the additional children.
- Southmere Primary converted to academy status under the Northern Education Trust in September 2014 with a name change to Southmere Primary Academy. They have since joined Delta Academies Trust in January 2019.
- Stocks Lane Primary School admitted a half bulge class in September 2015 as there was a shortfall of places in an adjoining planning area, prior to their permanent PAN increase from 15 to 30 in September 2016.
- St John the Evangelist Catholic Voluntary Aided School converted to academy status under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Multi Academy Trust in October 2016.
- Hollingwood Primary School converted to academy status under Pennine Education Trust in May 2018.

Health Authority Data for South West 3

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South West 3	418	445	383	421	408	385	392	382	373	382	349
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South West 3

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	339	332	336	326	326

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	300	271	29	2098	1981	117	5.6
2021	300	261	39	2098	1971	127	6.1
2022	300	255	45	2098	1937	161	7.7
2023	300	253	47	2098	1899	199	9.5
2024	300	253	47	2098	1867	231	11.0

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 269 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 267, a difference of 2, or 0.74%.

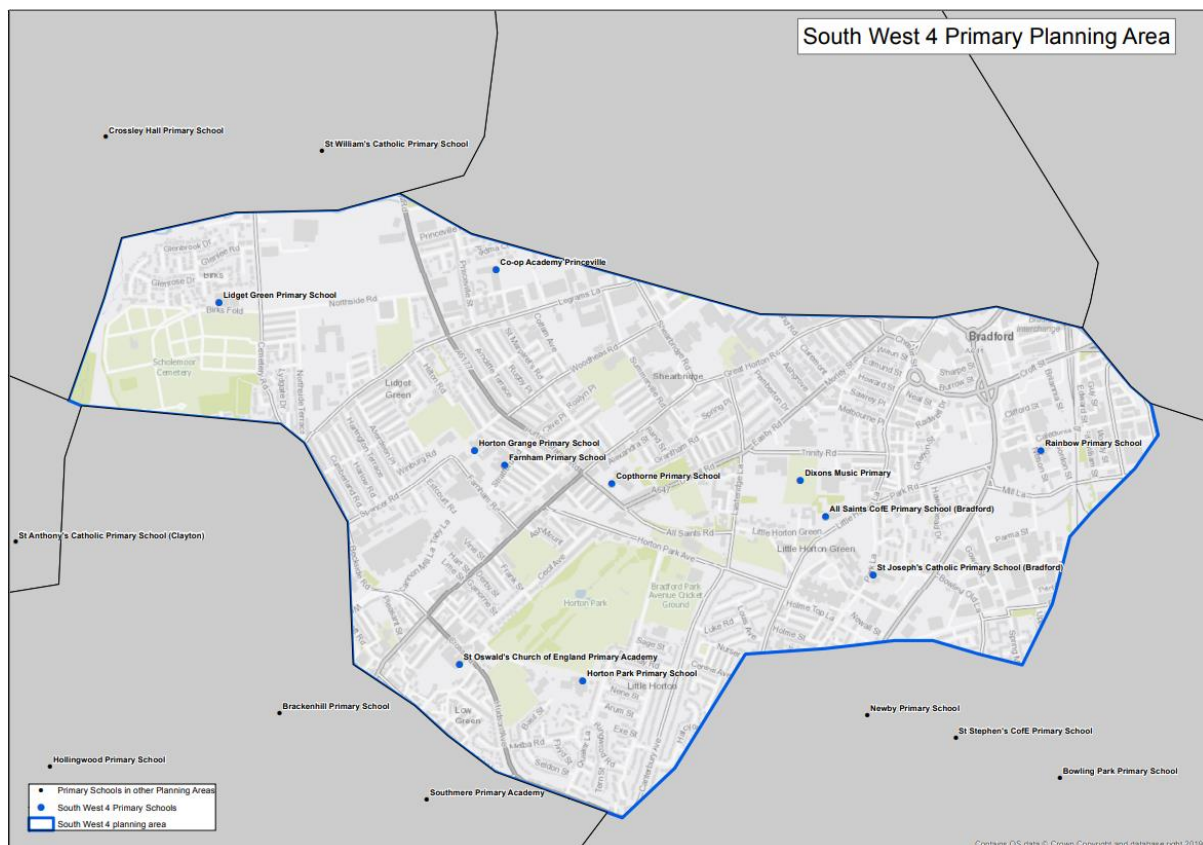
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 1976, but the census shows 1980, which is a difference of minus 4 or -0.20%.

South West 4 Primary School Planning Area

There are eleven primary schools in South West 4 planning area, eight of these primary schools have nursery provision. The area is urban covering parts of the city centre, Great Horton, Little Horton and Lidget Green.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
All Saints' C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled	-	90	Yes
Copthorne Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	Yes
Dixons Music Academy	Academy	Dixons	60	No
Farnham Primary School	Academy	Pennine Education Trust	60	Yes
Horton Grange Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	90	Yes
Horton Park Primary School	Academy	Exceed Academies Trust	60	No
Lidget Green Primary School	Foundation	-	90	Yes
Co-op Academy Princeville	Academy	Co-op	90	Yes
Rainbow Primary School	Free School	-	60	No
St Joseph's Catholic Bradford	Voluntary Aided	-	40	Yes
St Oswald's Church of England Primary School Academy	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 4 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South West 4

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

South West 4								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	760	634	719	41	5196	4663	533	10.30%
2015	760	739	717	43	5196	4824	372	7.20%
2016	775	690	696	79	5381	4959	422	7.80%
2017	775	649	644	131	5493	4934	559	10.20%
2018	775	723	705	70	5493	5025	468	8.50%
2019	760	705	660	100	5388	4985	403	7.50%
2020	730	668	676	54	5388	4936	452	8.40%

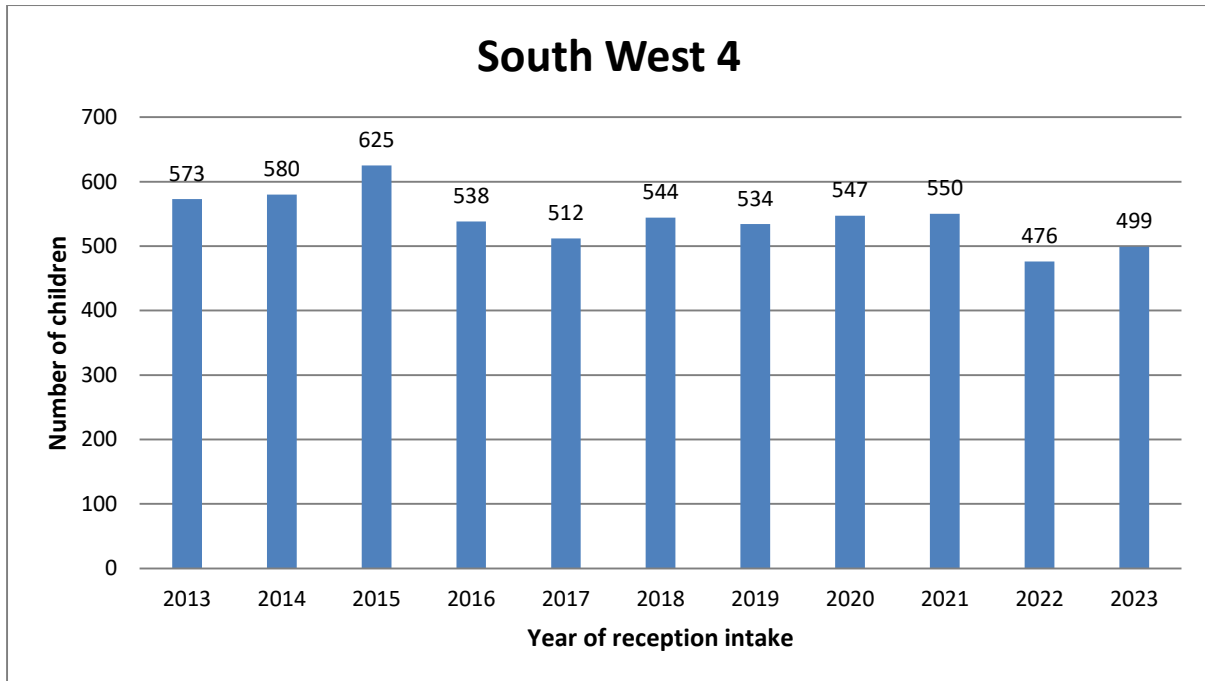
Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- All Saints' C of E moved to a new site in 2009 with a PAN of 60 but increased its' PAN to 90 in 2011 to include the former school site as split site accommodation. The school admitted additional children in 2010 to meet the demand for places.
- Dixons Music Academy opened in September 2012 with a reception intake of 30, this was increased to 60 as their planned admission number from September 2013.
- St Oswald's C of E Primary converted to academy status in November 2012 under Bradford Diocesan Academies Trust (BDAT).
- Rainbow Primary School (Free School) moved from a site in North West 4 to a new school building in South West 4 in January 2014.
- Copthorne, Horton Grange and Horton Park Primary all converted to academy status under Exceed Academies Trust in December 2016.
- Lidget Green Primary School increased its' PAN from 75 to 90 in 2016.
- Rainbow Primary School will reduce the PAN from 75 to 60 formally from 2019.
- Farnham converted to academy status under Pennine Academies Trust in May 2018.

- Princeville Primary converted to academy status in February 2020 under Co-op Academies Trust with a name change to Co-op Academy Princeville.
- Princeville Primary reduced its' PAN by 30 from 90 to 60 in September 2020.

Health Authority Data for South West 4

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South West 4	573	580	625	538	512	544	534	547	550	476	499
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South West 4

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	491	491	432	457	457

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	730	676	54	5388	4936	452	8.4
2021	730	668	62	5388	4887	501	9.3
2022	730	615	115	5388	4750	638	11.8
2023	730	644	86	5388	4701	687	12.8
2024	730	644	86	5388	4690	698	13.0

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 683 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 660, a difference of 23 or 3.37%.

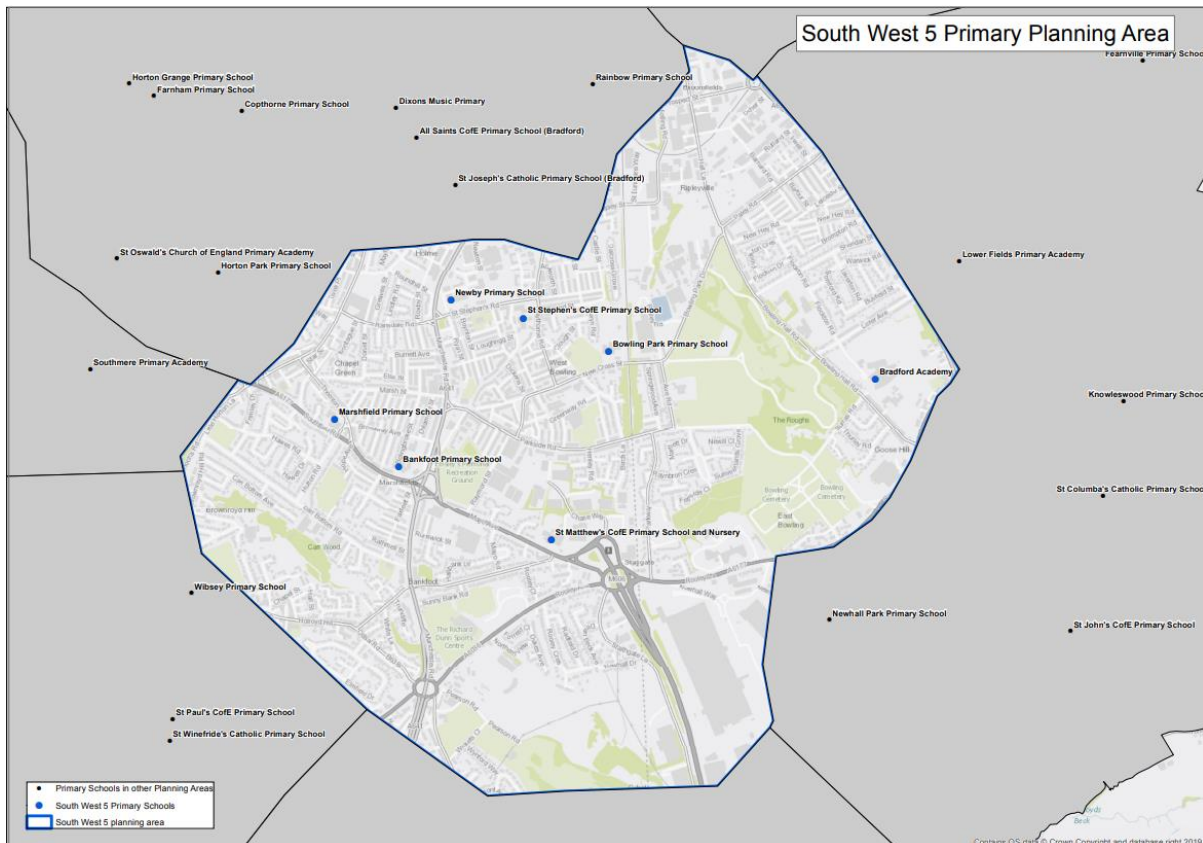
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 4985, but the census shows 5025, which is a difference of minus 40 or -0.80%.

South West 5 Primary School Planning Area

There are seven primary schools in South West 5, all of which have nursery provision. The area is urban covering parts of the city centre, Bankfoot, East and West Bowling, Odsal and part of Little Horton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Bankfoot Primary School	Community	-	30	Yes
Bowling Park Primary (two sites)	Community	-	90	Yes
Bradford Academy	Academy	Church of England Diocese of Leeds	60	Yes
Marshfield Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Newby Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
St Matthew's C of E Primary School and Nursery	Voluntary Controlled	-	60	Yes
St Stephen's C of E primary School	Voluntary Aided	-	60	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the South West 5 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in South West 5

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

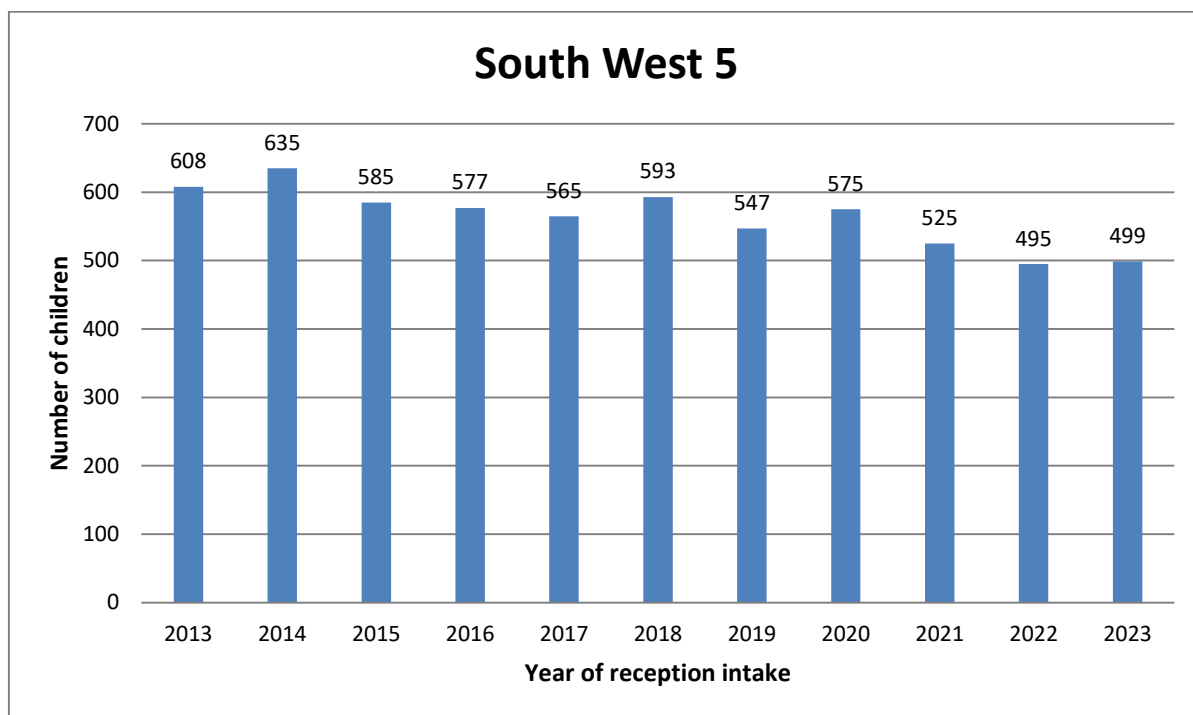
South West 5								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	420	466	423	-3	3012	2882	130	4.30%
2015	420	401	422	-2	3012	2941	71	2.40%
2016	420	379	380	40	2960	2950	10	0.30%
2017	420	416	408	12	2960	2956	4	0.10%
2018	420	405	403	17	2960	2940	20	0.70%
2019	420	394	407	13	2960	2954	6	0.20%
2020	420	401	414	6	2930	2938	-8	-0.30%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- St Stephen's CE Primary School admitted a bulge class in 2011 prior to increasing the PAN from 30 to 60 in September 2012.
- Bankfoot Primary School admitted a bulge class in September 2013 of 30 children. This bulge class left in July 2020.

Health Authority Data for South West 5

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
South West 5	608	635	585	577	565	593	547	575	525	495	499
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for South West 5

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	537	483	445	453	453

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	420	414	6	2930	2938	-8	-0.3
2021	420	410	10	2930	2984	-4	-0.1
2022	420	374	46	2930	2901	29	1.0
2023	420	375	45	2930	2882	48	1.6
2024	420	375	45	2930	2848	82	2.8

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 407 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 407, a difference of 0, or 0%.

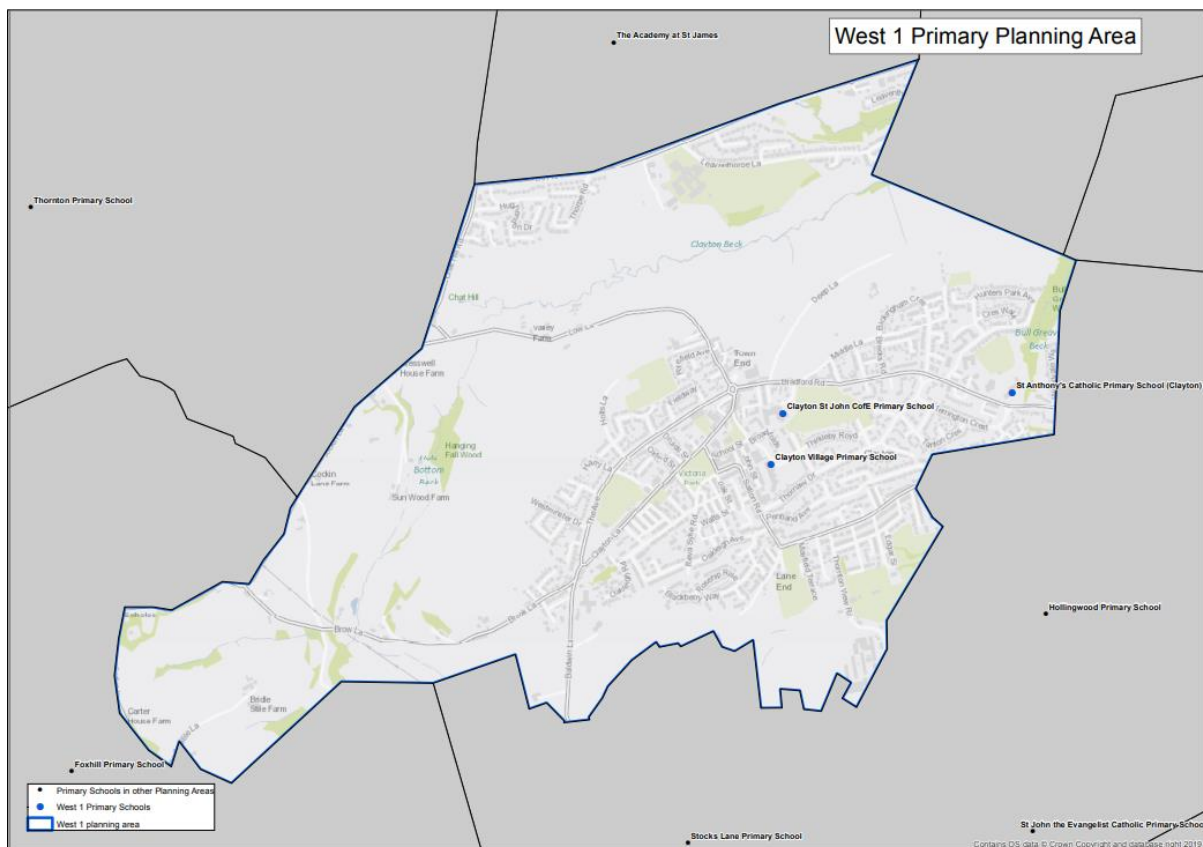
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2954, but the census shows 2940, which is a difference of 14 or 0.47%.

West 1 Primary School Planning Area

There are three primary schools in West 1, two of which have nursery provision. The area is semi-urban mainly covering Clayton.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Clayton St John's C of E Primary School	Academy	Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT)	60	Yes
Clayton Village Primary School	Community	-	30	No
St Anthony's Catholic School Clayton	Academy	Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust	30	Yes

Map showing primary schools in the West 1 planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in West 1

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

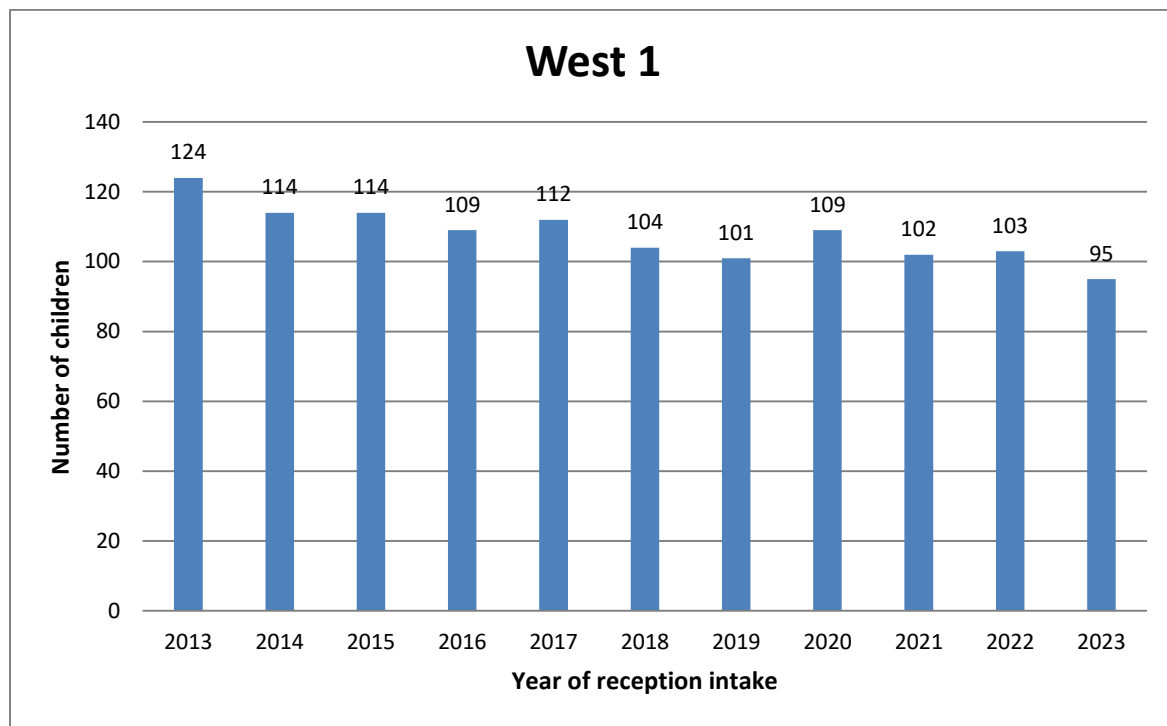
West 1								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	120	134	121	-1	858	824	34	4.00%
2015	120	129	122	-2	858	834	24	2.80%
2016	120	113	113	7	825	835	-10	-1.20%
2017	120	120	116	4	840	826	14	1.70%
2018	120	115	111	9	840	831	9	1%
2019	120	123	117	3	840	841	-1	-0.10%
2020	120	107	115	5	840	833	7	0.80%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Clayton C of E Primary changed its' name to Clayton St John C of E Primary School.
- Clayton St John C of E Primary School converted to academy status under Bradford Diocesan Trust in October 2017.
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary converted to academy status in May 2020 under the Blessed Christopher Wharton Catholic Academy Trust.

Health Authority Data for West 1

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
West 1	124	114	114	109	112	104	101	109	102	103	95
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for West 1

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 100% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	111	111	114	105	105

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	120	115	5	840	833	7	0.8
2021	120	120	0	840	832	8	1.0
2022	120	120	0	840	833	7	0.8
2023	120	117	3	840	836	4	0.5
2024	12	117	3	840	833	7	0.8

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 117 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 117, a difference of 0, or 0%.

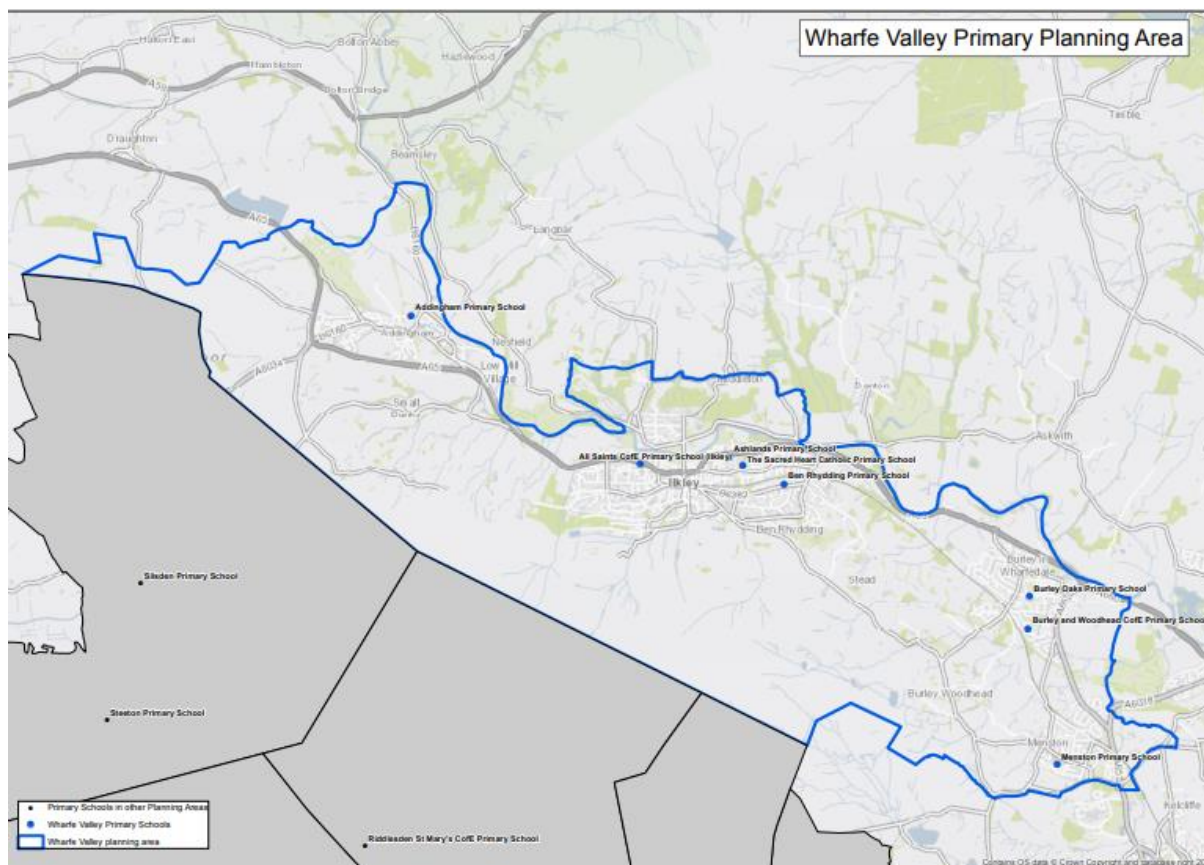
The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 841, but the census shows 831, which is a difference of 10, or 1.19%.

Wharfe Valley Primary School Planning Area

There are eight primary schools in Wharfe Valley, one of which has nursery provision. The area is semi-rural covering Addingham, Ilkley, Burley and Menston.

School name	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Nursery provision
Addingham Primary School	Community	-	30	No
All Saints C of E Primary School	Voluntary Controlled	-	60	No
Ashlands Primary School	Community	-	60	Yes
Ben Rhydding Primary School	Community	-	30	No
Burley & Woodhead Primary School	Voluntary Controlled	-	30	No
Burley Oaks Primary School	Community	-	60	No
Menston Primary School	Community	-	60	No
The Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School	Academy	The Bishop Wheeler Catholic Trust	30	No

Map showing primary schools in the Wharfe Valley planning area:



Historic numbers of pupils and applications in Wharfe Valley

The table below provides historical information on the total number of first preferences expressed for primary reception places in schools in this planning area compared with the actual number of places available. The total number on roll (NOR) is shown against the total number of school places available to give an overall number and percentage of surplus places (shown as a minus where there is a shortfall).

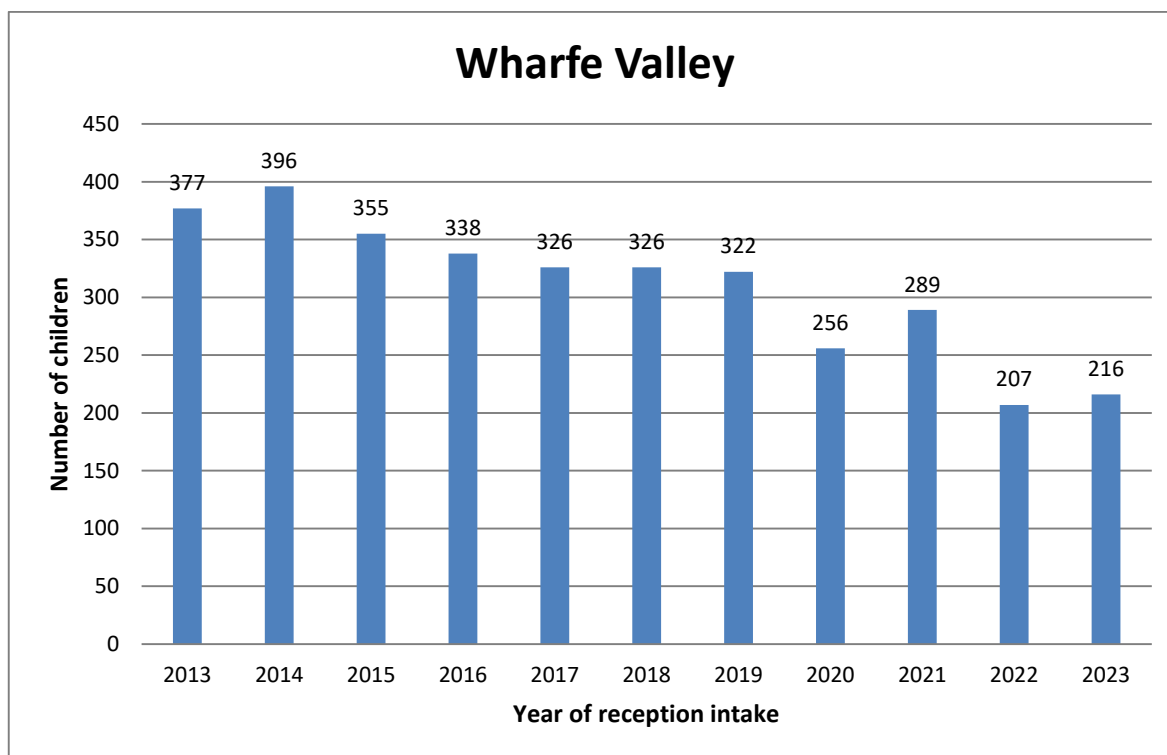
Wharfe Valley								
Year	PAN	1 st preferences expressed	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total Places	Total NOR	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2014	360	365	363	-3	2316	2414	-98	-4.20%
2015	345	338	334	11	2385	2459	-74	-3.10%
2016	345	321	320	25	2445	2451	-6	-0.20%
2017	345	331	316	29	2475	2445	30	1.20%
2018	360	335	333	27	2445	2409	36	1.50%
2019	360	336	328	32	2550	2395	155	6.10%
2020	360	277	302	58	2550	2340	210	9.20%

Previous changes to ensure sufficient school places and academy conversions

- Burley Oaks Primary School admitted additional children in 2009 and 2010 to help meet the demand for places prior to permanent increase from 45 to 60 in 2011.
- Ashlands Primary School admitted additional children in 2010 and 2011 to meet the demand for places prior to a permanent increase from 45 to 60 in September 2012.
- Menston Primary School reduced its' PAN from 60 to 45 in September 2012 but has admitted additional children who live in Menston.
- The Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School converted to academy status under The Bishop Wheeler Catholic Trust in April 2013.
- Ashlands Primary School admitted a year 3 bulge class in 2014 to meet in year demand.
- Menston Primary School has increased its' PAN from 45 to 60 as from September 2014 due to demand from children living in the Leeds area of Menston which is close to the school. Menston Primary School also admitted an additional a half bulge class in September 2014.
- All Saints' C of E Primary School increased its PAN from 45 to 60 as from 2018.

Health Authority Data for Wharfe Valley

The number of children recorded in the January 2020 data received from the Health Authority is shown below:



Year of reception intake	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Wharfe Valley	377	396	355	338	326	326	322	256	289	207	216
Age at 31 August 2019	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0

Forecasts for Wharfe Valley

The need for primary school places depends on the local child population. Key factors in the forecast are the number of births and children registered with the Health Authority in an area, migration in and around the District and movement of families into new housing developments. The take up rate of 91% is applied to the health data and the table below shows the calculated number of places required for reception in the coming years.

Year of reception intake	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Calculated places required	283	310	244	247	247

The table below shows the forecast details submitted to the DfE as part of the annual Schools Capacity (SCAP) return.

Year	PAN	Pupils in reception	Spare reception places	Total places	Total pupils forecast	Surplus places	% surplus places
2020	360	302	58	2550	2340	210	8.2
2021	360	329	31	2550	2304	246	9.6
2022	360	278	82	2550	2254	296	11.6
2023	360	280	80	2550	2214	336	13.2
2024	360	280	80	2550	2174	276	14.7

Accuracy of forecasts

We need to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of reception children recorded on roll by schools in the January Census, with the previous year's forecast.

The 2019/20 forecast showed there would be 334 children in reception in January 2020. The actual number recorded in January 2020 school census was 328, a difference of 6, or 1.80%.

The overall forecast of numbers in the schools in this planning area was 2395, but the census shows 2409, which is a difference of minus 14 or -0.58%.

The table below shows the number of secondary schools in each planning area, the number of those with post 16 provision and the published admission number (PAN) for each planning area (2020/21 academic year):

Planning Area	Number of Secondary Schools	Number of Secondary Schools with Post 16 Provision	Published Admission Number (PAN)
Aire Valley	4	3	1000
Bradford Central	10	5	1668
Bradford East	6	5	1275
Bradford South	7	2	1580
Bradford West	3	1	630
Cullingworth	1	1	210
Ilkley	1	1	300
Keighley	3	2	645
Total	35	20	7308

Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in the Bradford District

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Bradford District as a whole (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	6545	6621	6390	155	30,484	39,961*	35,957	4004	10.01%
2016	6796	6685	6517	279	30,889	40,984	36,400	4584**	11.18%
2017	6907	6993	6775	132	31,682	41,363	36,791	4572**	11.05%
2018	7018	6971	6806	212	32,480	41,417	37,398	4019**	9.7%
2019	7263	7271	7258	5	33,576	42,967***	37,625	5342**	12.4%
2020	7308	7268	7321	-13	34,412	43,027	38,216	4811**	11.18%

* Capacity of Studio School included in the total capacity for the planning area.

** Figures include unused capacity in the Free Schools.

*** Includes full capacity at Bronte Girls' and Eden Boys Leadership Academy.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority schools

There is a historic trend of cross border transfers from children living within the Bradford District.

The number of pupils living in the Bradford District allocated to schools in other local authorities over the past three years are shown in the table below:

Local Authority	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020	Average
Calderdale	181	200	192	191
Essex	-	1	-	0.3
Hertfordshire	-	1	-	0.3
Kirklees	66	62	48	59
Leeds	350	328	265	314
Lancashire	1	1	-	0.6
Merseyside	1	-	-	0.3
North Yorkshire	273	259	229	254
North Lincs	1	-	-	0.3
Manchester	1	-	-	0.3
Solihull	-	1	-	0.3
Wakefield	-	1	-	0.3
Total	874	854	734	821

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Bradford District

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children are starting to transfer to secondary schools.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The next table shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in schools within each separate planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a three-year period.

Planning Area	2018	2019	2020	Average
Aire Valley	13	20	26	20
Bradford Central	11	39	33	28
Bradford East	9	9	26	15
Bradford South	37	49	75	54
Bradford West	6	11	12	10
Cullingworth	3	5	6	5
Ilkley	25	40	35	33
Keighley	2	4	5	4
Total	106	177	218	167

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford District between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table.

They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all secondary schools within the Bradford District with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	% Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	7308	7321	-13	-0.2	38,216	43,027	4811	11.2%
2021/22	7278	7369	-91	-1.3	39,275	42,809	3534	8.3%
2022/23	7278	7298	-20	-0.3	39,906	42,869	2963	6.9%
2023/24	7278	7161	117	1.6	40,337	42,929	2592	6.0%
2024/25	7278	7103	175	2.4	40,471	42,929	2458	5.7%
2025/26	7278	7014	264	3.6	40,247	42,929	2682	6.2%
2026/27	7278	6871	407	5.6	39,691	42,929	3238	7.5%

Note that a number of schools have agreed to admit over the PAN where required up to 2022, making use of surplus space such as from undersubscribed year groups or closure of sixth form etc.

The size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in each planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

Planning Area	No. of Year 7 Pupils Forecast in 2018/19 for 2019/20	Actual No. of Year 7 Pupils in Jan 2020 Census	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Aire Valley	1030	1030	0	0%
Bradford Central	1599	1616	-17	-1.06%
Bradford East	1311	1269	42	3.20%
Bradford South	1597	1536	61	3.82%
Bradford West	627	613	14	2.23%
Cullingworth	208	209	-1	-0.48%
Ilkley	323	320	3	0.93%
Keighley	592	588	4	0.68%
Total	7287	7181	106	1.45%

The table below shows the overall number of pupils forecast in each planning area in 2018/19 against the actual numbers recorded:

Planning Area	Overall Forecast No. of Pupils in 2018/19 for 2019/20	Actual No. of Pupils Recorded in Jan 2020 Census	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Aire Valley	5725	5703	22	0.38%
Bradford Central	8300	8148	152	1.83%
Bradford East	6822	6727	95	1.39%
Bradford South	8152	7961	191	2.34%
Bradford West	3205	3138	24	0.75%
Cullingworth	1049	1050	-1	-0.10%
Ilkley	1834	1843	-9	-0.49%
Keighley	3094	3055	39	1.26%
Total	38,181	37,625	556	1.46%

The table below shows the number of 11-16 year olds forecast in each planning area in 2018/19 against the actual numbers recorded:

Planning Area	Overall Forecast No. of Pupils aged 11-16 in 2018/19 for 2019/20	Actual No. of Pupils Recorded in Jan 2020 Census	Difference in Numbers	Difference in %
Aire Valley	4865	4846	19	0.39%
Bradford Central	7001	6996	5	0.07%
Bradford East	5997	6014	17	-0.28%
Bradford South	7581	7518	63	0.83%
Bradford West	3067	3030	37	1.21%
Cullingworth	969	965	4	0.41%
Ilkley	1428	1414	14	0.98%
Keighley	2804	2793	11	0.39%
Total	33,712	33,576	136	0.40%

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Monitor the effects of the increase in primary school population in neighbouring local authorities, and the potential impact on the number of pupils able to access a place in a school in another local authority.

Aire Valley Secondary School Planning Area

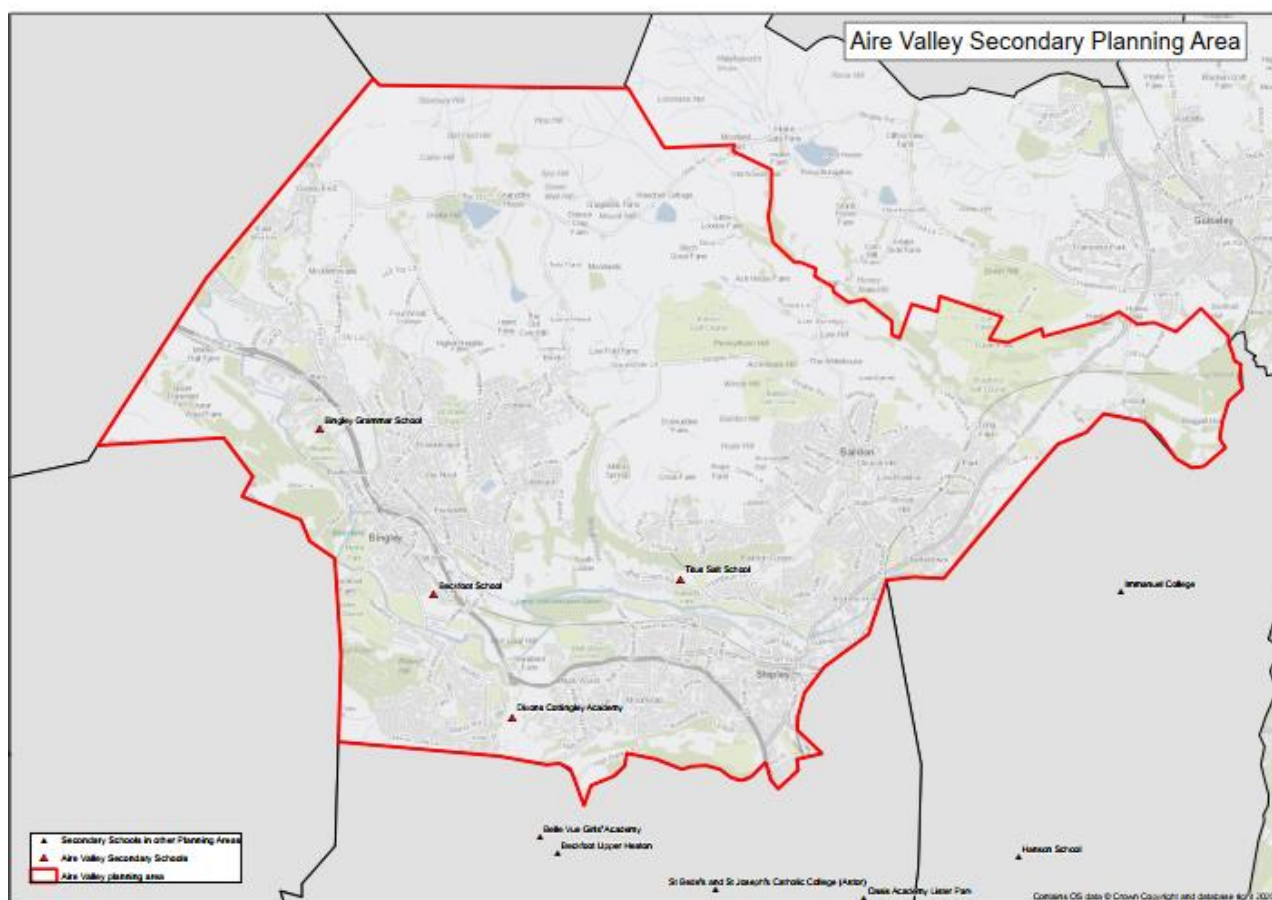
Secondary education in the Aire Valley Planning Area

There are 4 secondary schools in the Aire Valley planning area, three of which have post 16 provision. The area covers areas of rural and semi-rural countryside including parts of the town of Bingley and the villages of Crossflatts, Eldwick, Gilstead and Micklethwaite.

Schools in Aire Valley Planning Area

Secondary School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN) Year 7	Sixth form provision
Beckfoot School	Academy	Beckfoot Trust	270	Yes
Bingley Grammar School	Voluntary Aided		300	Yes
Dixons Cottingley	Academy	Dixons	180	No
Titus Salt School	Community		250	Yes
Total			1000	

Map of Aire Valley Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Aire Valley

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Aire Valley planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	990	990	941	49	4642	6039	5532	507	8.4%
2016	990	1014	978	12	4643	6039	5520	519	8.59%
2017	990	1044	933	57	4697	6039	5577	462	7.65%
2018	990	1042	985	5	4767	6030	5630	400	6.63%
2019	990	1055	1030	-40	4846	6036	5703	333	5.52%
2020	1000	1000	1021	-21	4939	6036	5802	234	3.88%

- Beckfoot converted to academy status under the Beckfoot & Hazelbeck Academy Trust (now named Beckfoot Trust) in August 2013.
- The Samuel Lister Academy joined the Dixons Academy Trust in September 2018 with a name change to Dixons Cottingley Academy.
- Titus Salt School increased the PAN from 240 to 250 from September 2020.

There is a great variation in the popularity and number of preferences made for schools in this group. Historically, Dixons Cottingley Academy had been significantly undersubscribed whilst preferences for Beckfoot are well above the published admission number.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in this planning area particularly to Guiseley School and St Mary's, Menston, both in Leeds LA.

The number of pupils living in Aire Valley planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities is shown in the next table:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	The Crossley Heath	-	1	1
	The North Halifax Grammar	1	1	1
Kirklees	Heckmondwike	-	2	
Leeds	Guiseley School	21	25	23
	Otley Prince Henry's Grammar	1	2	1
	St Mary's Menston	15	22	19
North Yorkshire	Ermysteds Grammar	1	7	6
	Skipton Girls' Grammar	6	1	-
	South Craven	-	-	1
	St Aidan's C of E High	-	-	1
	St John Fisher Catholic High School	-	-	1
Manchester	St Bede's College	1	-	-
Total		46	61	54

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Aire Valley Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children are starting to transfer to secondary schools in the Aire Valley planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The next table shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Aire Valley planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Beckfoot	6	7	6	6
Bingley	4	5	5	5
Dixons Cottingley	2	7	9	6
Titus Salt	1	1	6	3
Total	13	20	26	20

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Aire Valley planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table.

They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Aire Valley schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	1000	1021	-21	5802	6036	234	3.88%
2021/22	1000	1000	0	5832	6036	204	3.38%
2022/23	1000	1000	0	5908	6036	128	2.13%
2023/24	1000	1000	0	5919	6036	117	1.94%
2024/25	1000	999	1	5917	6036	119	1.96%
2025/26	1000	988	12	5891	6036	145	2.40%
2026/27	1000	976	24	5840	6036	196	3.24%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Aire Valley planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 1030 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded was 1030, a difference of 0 pupils or 0%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 5725, but the census shows 5703, a difference of 22 or 0.38%

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 4865, but the census shows 4846 a difference of 19 or 0.39%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Bradford Central Secondary School Planning Area

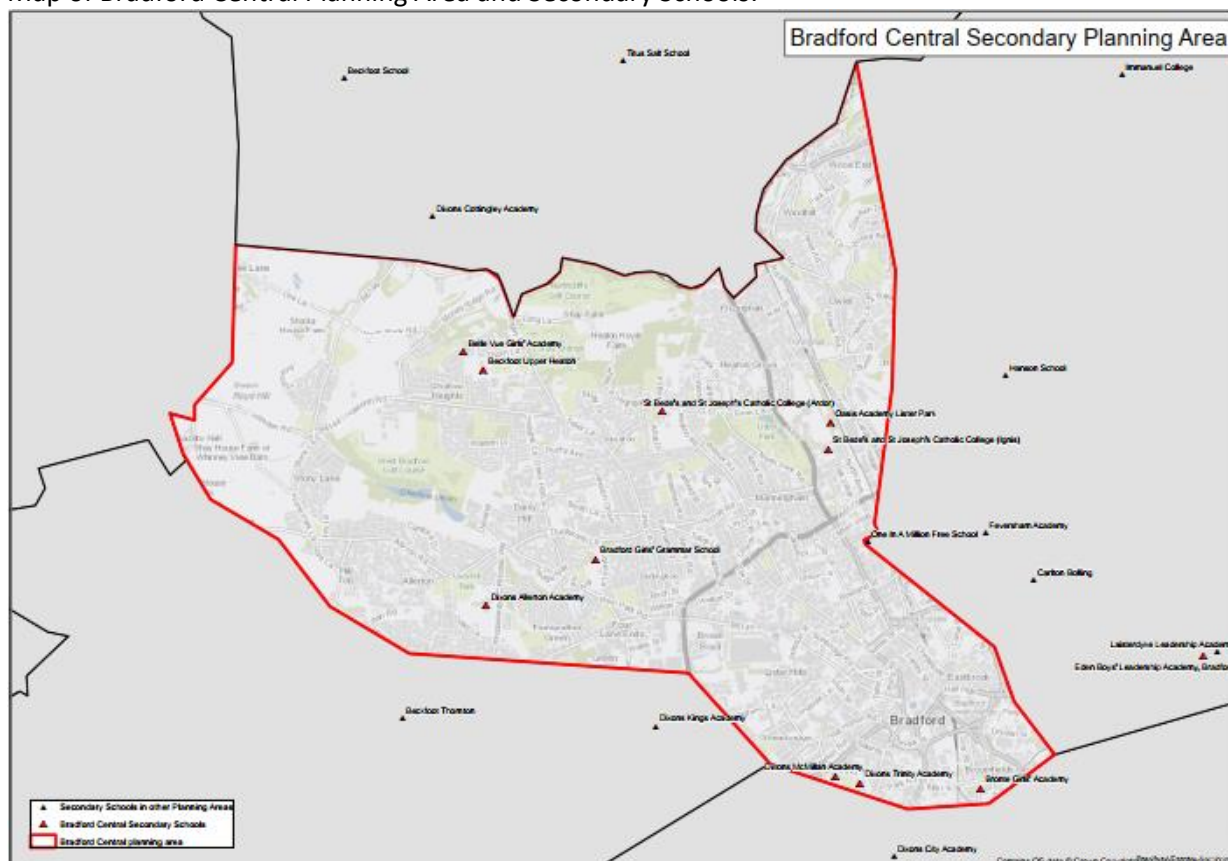
Secondary education in the Bradford Central Planning Area

There are 10 secondary schools in the Bradford Central planning area, five of which have post 16 provision including Bradford Studio School that admits pupils aged 14 to 19. The area covers a large part of the city centre but also stretches to the north and west into semi-rural areas of the District

Schools in Bradford Central Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Beckfoot Upper Heaton Academy	Academy	Beckfoot	145	No
Belle Vue Girls' School	Academy	BDAT	180	Yes
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	Free	-	140	No
Dixons Allerton Academy	Academy	Dixons	245	Yes
Bronte Girls' Academy	Academy	Feversham	120	No
Dixons McMillan Academy	Academy	Dixons	134	No
Dixons Trinity Academy	Academy	Dixons	134	No
Eden Boys' Leadership Academy*	Academy	Star	120	Yes
Oasis Academy Lister Park	Academy	Oasis	160	Yes
St Bede's & St Joseph's Catholic College	Voluntary Aided	-	290	Yes
Total			1668	

Map of Bradford Central Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Bradford Central

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Bradford Central planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places). The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	1310	1346	1272	38	5881	8545*	7142	1403	16.42%
2016	1310	1485	1352	-42	6220	8343	7476	867**	10.39%
2017	1336	1483	1366	-30	6407	8444	7694	750**	8.88%
2018	1343	1579	1387	-44	6659	8444	8102	342**	4.05%
2019	1588	1570	1616	-28	6996	9844***	8148	1696**	17.23%
2020	1668	1696	1712	-44	7271	9844	8383	1461**	14.84%

* Capacity of Studio School included in the total capacity for the planning area.

** Figures include unused capacity in the Free Schools.

*** Includes full capacity at Bronte Girls' and Eden Boys Leadership Academy.

- Belle Vue Boys School converted to academy status in September 2015 under the Beckfoot Trust as a co-educational school with a name change to Beckfoot Upper Heaton.
- Bradford Girls Grammar School increased its' PAN from 96 to 104 in 2016.
- Beckfoot Upper Heaton closed their sixth form provision and increased the PAN from 120 to 145 in September 2018.
- Dixons Allerton increased their PAN from 240 to 245 in September 2019.
- Bronte Girls' Academy opened in September 2019 under the Feversham Education Trust.
- Eden Boys Leadership Academy opened in temporary accommodation on the site of Laisterdyke Leadership Academy in September 2019 under the Star Academies Trust. The permanent site is on Thornton Road.
- Bradford Girls Grammar School removed the sixth form provision and increased its' PAN from 104 to 140 in September 2020.
- Bronte Girls' Academy admitted an additional 30 pupils in September 2020.
- Oasis Academy Lister Park admitted an additional 15 pupils in September 2020.
- Dixons McMillan Academy removed the sixth form provision and increased its' PAN 112 to 134 in September 2020.
- Dixons Trinity Academy increased its' PAN from 112 to 134 in September 2020.

There is a great variation in the popularity and number of preferences made for schools in the Bradford Central area. The two new free schools will impact on the schools in this area and trends will eventually be built into the forecasting methodology.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority schools

As this planning area is central and does not border onto any other Local Authority not many children from this area apply for schools in other Authorities.

The number of pupils living in Bradford Central planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities is shown in the table below:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	Lightcliffe Academy	-	1	-
	The Crossley Heath Grammar	5	-	5
	The North Halifax Grammar	8	8	10
Kirklees	Heckmondwike Grammar	-	2	1
	Upper Batley High School	-	1	-
Leeds	Co-operative Academy Priesthorpe	1	-	-
	Guiseley School	7	4	7
	St Mary's Menston	3	3	-
	Cockburn John Charles Academy	-	-	1
North Yorkshire	Ermysteds Grammar	1	2	-
	Skipton Girls' High School	2	-	-
Total		27	21	24

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Bradford Central Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children are starting to transfer to secondary schools in the Bradford Central planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The next table shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Bradford Central planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period:

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Beckfoot Upper Heaton	1	1	1	1
Belle Vue Girls' School	2	9	2	4
Bradford Girls' Grammar School	-	4	3	2
Bronte Girls' Academy	-	9	8	6
Dixons Allerton Academy	-	1	-	-
Dixons McMillan Academy	4	2	3	3
Dixons Trinity Academy	2	1	1	1
Eden Boys Leadership Academy	-	6	12	6
Oasis Academy Lister Park	1	3	3	2
St Bede's & St Joseph's	1	3	-	1
Total	11	39	33	28

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford Central planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Bradford Central schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19*	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	1668	1712	-44	8363	9844	1461	14.84%
2021/22	1668	1714	-46	8791	9844	1053	10.70%
2022/23	1668	1714	-46	9136	9844	708	7.20%
2023/24	1668	1672	-4	9436	9844	408	4.15%
2024/25	1668	1666	2	9578	9844	266	2.70%
2025/26	1668	1650	18	9579	9844	265	2.69%
2026/27	1668	1617	51	9479	9844	365	3.71%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

There are several housing developments in the area which are likely to impact on the demand for school places. Once approved these are included in the pupil forecasts.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Bradford Central planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 1599 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 1616, a difference of -17 pupils or -1.06%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 8300, but the census shows 8148 a difference of 152 or 1.83%

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 7001, but the census shows 6996 a difference of 5 or 0.07%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the new schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Bradford East

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Bradford East planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	1140	1171	1114	26	5346	6933	6347	586	8.45%
2016	1140	1101	1120	20	5370	6933	6341	592	8.54%
2017	1155	1103	1214	-59	5566	6937	6526	411	5.92%
2018	1215	1013	1222	-7	5771	6997	6656	341	4.87%
2019	1275	1200	1269	6	6014	7110	6727	383	5.39%
2020	1275	1126	1290	-15	6201	7170	6866	304	4.24%

- Immanuel College converted to academy status in February 2016 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust (BDAT).
- Laisterdyke converted to academy status in April 2016 under Tauheedul Education Trust (which is now named Star Academies) with a name change to Laisterdyke Leadership Academy.
- One In A Million Free School increased their PAN from 60 to 75 in September 2017.
- Carlton Bolling increased their PAN to 300 in 2018 in advance of full closure of sixth form.
- Carlton Bolling closed the sixth form provision in July 2019.
- Immanuel College increased their PAN from 240 to 300 in September 2019.
- Carlton Bolling College admitted up to an additional 30 pupils in September 2019 and 2020 to meet the demand in the area.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority (LA) schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in the east of this planning area particularly to Benton Park, Guiseley and Priestthorpe schools, in Leeds LA.

The numbers of pupils living in Bradford East planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the table below:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	The Crossley Heath Grammar	2	-	1
	The North Halifax Grammar	2	-	-
	Heckmondwike Grammar	2	1	1
	Honley High	-	1	-
Leeds	Abbey Grange	2	-	-
	Benton Park	56	58	54
	Co-operative Academy Priestthorpe	108	102	75
	Crawshaw School	2	2	2
	Dixons Unity	-	1	-
	Guiseley School	17	20	12
	Lawnswood School	-	1	-
	Leeds West Academy	1	2	1
	Otley Prince Henry's Grammar School	-	-	1
	Pudsey Grangefield School	3	8	4
	St Mary's Menston	10	15	10
	The Farnley Academy	-	-	1
Lancashire	Bay Leadership Academy	-	1	
North Yorkshire	South Craven	1	-	-
Trafford	Altrincham Grammar School for Boys	-	-	-
Total		206	214	162

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Bradford East Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children are starting to transfer to secondary schools in the Bradford East planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The table below shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Bradford East planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Carlton Bolling College	2	-	4	2
Feversham College	3	5	2	3
Hanson School	-	1	7	3
Immanuel College	-	-	4	1
Laisterdyke Leadership Academy	3	2	8	4
One In A Million Free School	1	1	1	1
Total	9	9	26	15

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford East planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Bradford East schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data:

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19*	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	1275	1290	-15	6866	7170	304	4.24%
2021/22	1275	1302	-27	7083	7230	147	2.03%
2022/23	1275	1263	12	7146	7290	144	1.98%
2023/24	1275	1260	15	7221	7350	129	1.75%
2024/25	1275	1248	27	7237	7350	113	1.54%
2025/26	1275	1244	31	7196	7350	154	2.09%
2026/27	1275	1227	48	7110	7350	240	3.27%

*Includes the increase in capacity at Immanuel of 60 places in each year until 2023.

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

There are several housing developments in the area which are likely to impact on the demand for school places. Once approved these are included in the pupil forecasts.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Bradford East planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 1311 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 1269, a difference of 42 pupils or 3.20%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 6822, but the census shows 6727 a difference of 95 or 1.39%.

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 5997, but the census shows 6014 a difference of minus 17 or -0.28%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Bradford South Secondary School Planning Area

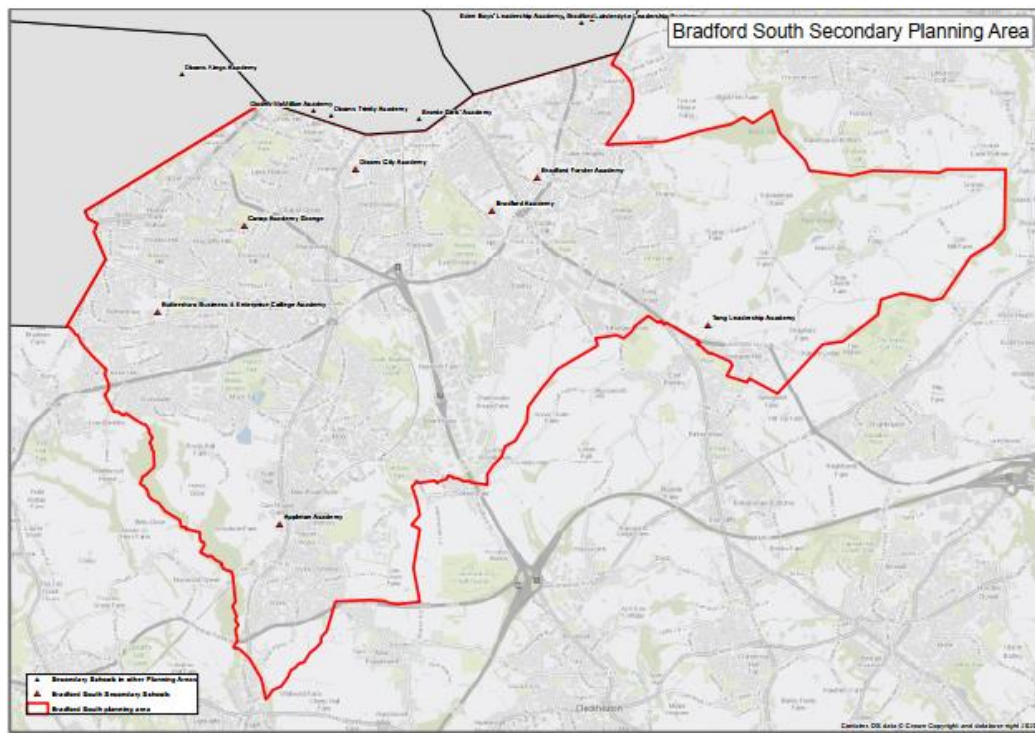
Secondary education in the Bradford South Planning Area

There are 7 secondary schools in the Bradford South planning area, two of which currently have sixth form provision. The area covers the southern and eastern area of the District with a rural area in the east. It includes the Bowling, Buttershaw, Tong and Woodside parts of the District and borders onto Leeds in the east, Calderdale to the west and Kirklees to the south.

Schools in Bradford South Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Appleton Academy	Academy	Exceed	180	No
Bradford Academy	Academy	Church of England Diocese of Leeds	230	Yes
Bradford Forster Academy	Academy	BDAT	210	No
Buttershaw Business and Enterprise College	Academy	BDAT	300	No
Co-op Academy Grange (formerly Grange Technology College)	Academy	Co-op	300	No
Dixons City Academy	Academy	Dixons	180	No
Tong Leadership Academy	Academy	Star	180	Yes
Total			1580	

Map of Bradford South Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Bradford South

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Bradford South planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19*	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places*	Surplus %
2015	1375	1677	1436	-61	6695	8250	8105	145	1.76%
2016	1610	1556	1462	148	6860	9300	8170	1130	12.15%
2017	1625	1784	1603	22	7096	9684	8047	1637	16.90%
2018	1655	1685	1549	106	7251	9560	8038	1522	15.92%
2019	1655	1435	1536	119	7518	9550	7961	1589	16.64%
2020	1580	1620	1579	1	7662	9550	7936	1614	16.90%

*Total capacity includes new schools and expansions which will fill over a period of 5 – 7 years.

The number of first preferences for Dixons City Academy for a number of years has been significantly over subscribed, and therefore gives a skewed picture of the number of applications made for this area.

- Bradford Forster opened in September 2015 under the Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust.
- Buttershaw Business and Enterprise College converted to academy status in September 2016 under Bradford Diocesan Academy Trust.
- Tong High School converted to academy status in December 2016 under Tauheedul Education Trust (now named Star Academies).
- Buttershaw removed sixth form provision and increased their PAN from 270 to 300 from September 2018.
- Bradford Academy increased its' secondary PAN to 230 permanently from 2018.
- Grange Technology College closed their sixth form provision in July 2020.
- Grange Technology College joined the Co-op Academies Trust in September 2019 with a name change to Co-op Academy Grange.
- Dixons City Academy removed the sixth form provision and increased the PAN from 165 to 180 from September 2020.
- Tong Leadership Academy consulted to reduce the PAN from 270 to 180 from September 2020.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in this planning area, particularly to Lightcliffe Academy in Calderdale and Whitcliffe Mount in Kirklees.

The numbers of pupils living in Bradford South planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the next table:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	Brighouse High	5	2	6
	Brooksbank	1	-	-
	Lightcliffe Academy	69	75	61
	Rastrick High	1	5	3
	The Crossley Heath Grammar	4	1	5
	The North Halifax Grammar	10	18	18
	Trinity Academy	1	1	-
Essex	Colchester Academy	-	1	-
Hertfordshire	Stanborough School	-	1	-
Kirklees	All Saints Catholic High	-	1	-
	Almondbury Community School	-	1	-
	BBG Academy	14	7	3
	Castle Hall	1	-	-
	Heckmondwike Grammar School	-	-	10
	St John Fisher Catholic High School	-	-	1
	The Mirfield Free Grammar and Sixth Form	-	-	1
	Westborough High School	-	-	1
	Whitcliffe Mount	25	23	7
	Benton Park	1	-	-
	Bruntcliffe High	-	2	3
	Co-operative Academy Priesthorpe	17	6	13
	Crawshaw School	2	1	1
	Guiseley School	-	1	-
	Horsforth School	-	1	-
	Leeds West Academy	1	1	1
	Pudsey Grangefield School	-	7	-
	St Mary's Menston	-	2	1
	Temple Learning Academy	1	-	-
	The Family Academy	1	-	-
The Morley Academy	-	-	1	
Woodkirk Academy	1	-	1	
Merseyside	Christ The King Catholic High	1	-	-
Wakefield	Kettlethorpe High	-	1	-
TOTAL		156	158	137

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary school forecasts in the Bradford South Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children will eventually transfer to secondary schools in the Bradford South planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The table below shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Bradford South planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Appleton Academy	6	1	6	4
Bradford Academy	2	4	4	3
Bradford Forster Academy	5	11	10	9
Buttershaw Business and Enterprise College	7	4	15	9
Co-op Academy Grange	2	-	16	6
Dixons City Academy	2	4	4	3
Tong Leadership Academy	13	25	20	19
Total	37	49	75	54

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford South planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Bradford South schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	1580	1579	1	7936	9550	1614	16.90%
2021/22	1580	1594	-14	8123	9550	1427	14.95%
2022/23	1580	1580	0	8123	9550	1427	14.95%
2023/24	1580	1524	56	8094	9550	1456	15.25%
2024/25	1580	1494	86	8043	9550	1507	15.78%
2025/26	1580	1472	108	7941	9550	1609	16.85%
2026/27	1580	1428	152	7790	9550	1760	18.43%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Bradford South planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 1597 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 1536 a difference of 61 pupils or 3.82%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 8152, but the census shows 7961 a difference of 191 or 2.34%.

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 7581, but the census shows 7518 a difference of 63 or 0.83%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Bradford West Secondary School Planning Area

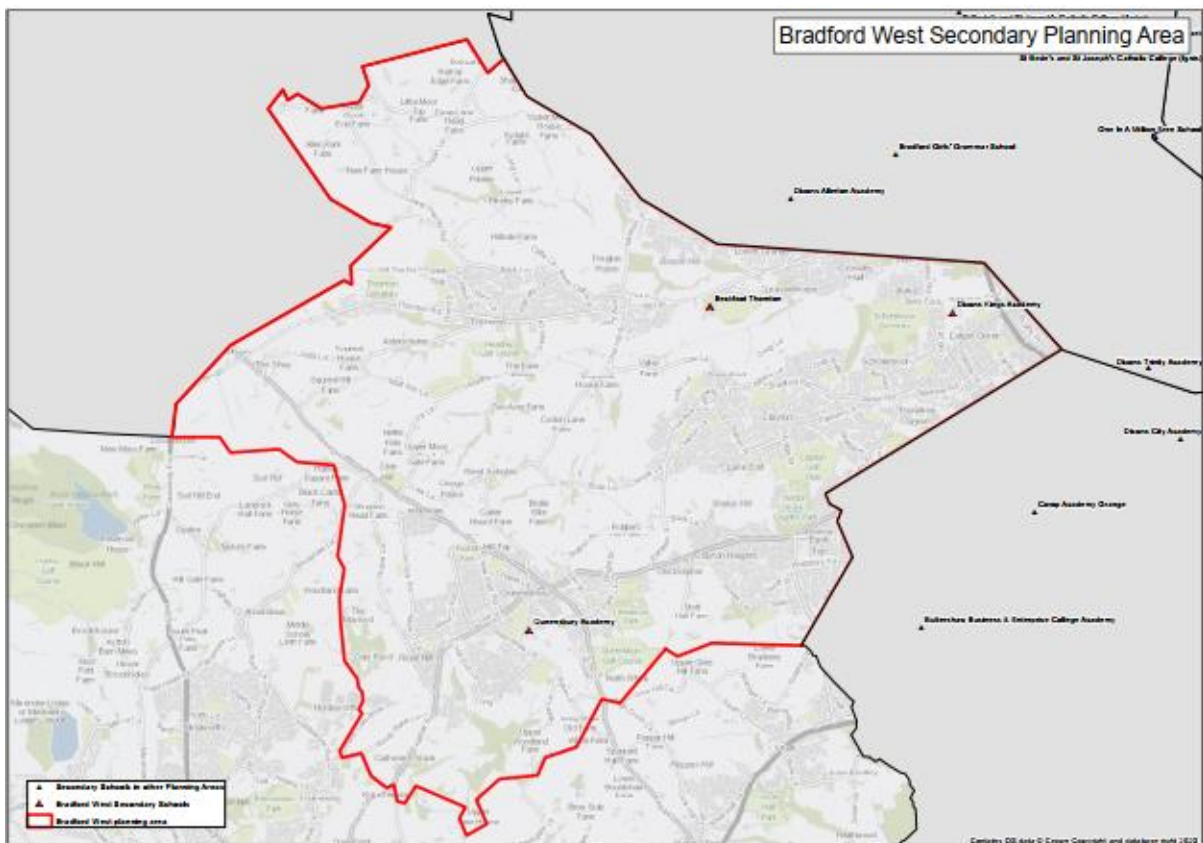
Secondary education in the Bradford West Planning Area

There are 3 secondary schools in the Bradford West planning area, one of which has post 16 provision. The area covers the western areas of Bradford covering rural and semi-rural areas including parts of Lidget Green, the villages of Clayton and Thornton, Keelham and Queensbury. It borders onto Calderdale in the south.

Schools in Bradford West Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Beckfoot Thornton Academy	Academy	Beckfoot	260	Yes
Dixons Kings Academy	Academy	Dixons	160	No
Queensbury Academy	Academy	Feversham Education Trust	210	No
Total			630	

Map of Bradford West Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Bradford West

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Bradford West planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	660	523	630	30	2986	3873	3213	660	17.04%
2016	660	538	597	63	2981	3873	3192	681	17.58%
2017	660	597	623	37	2993	3758	3149	609	16.21%
2018	660	620	611	49	3004	3758	3142	616	16.39%
2019	630	702	613	17	3030	3558	3138	420	11.80%
2020	630	723	624	6	3032	3558	3127	431	12.11%

- In 2014 Kings Science Academy joined the Dixons Academy Trust with a name change to Dixons Kings Academy.
- Queensbury School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Feversham Education Trust with a name change to Queensbury Academy.
- Thornton Grammar school converted to academy status in October 2016 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Thornton Academy.
- Queensbury Academy closed its' sixth form provision in July 2018.
- Queensbury Academy reduced the PAN from 240 to 210 from 2019.
- Queensbury Academy has consulted to reduce the PAN from 210 to 180 from September 2021.

There is a significant variation in the popularity and number of preferences made for schools in this group.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority (LA) schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in the south of this planning area particularly into Calderdale.

The numbers of pupils living in Bradford West planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the table below:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	Brighouse High	2	1	-
	Calder High School	-	1	-
	Lightcliffe Academy	17	28	21
	Park Lane Learning Trust	-	1	-
	Rastrick High	1	-	2
	Sowerby Bridge	1	-	-
	The Crossley Heath Grammar	3	1	5
	The North Halifax Grammar	15	25	20
	Trinity Academy, Halifax	7	8	10
Trinity Academy, Sowerby Bridge	-	1	-	
Kirklees	Heckmondwike Grammar	-	2	1
Leeds	Guiseley School	1	-	1
North Lincs	Outwood Academy	1	-	-
North Yorkshire	Brayton Academy	-	1	-
	Skipton Girls' High School	-	-	3
Solihull	Lydon School	-	1	-
Total		48	70	63

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Bradford West Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children will eventually transfer to secondary schools in the Bradford West planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The next table shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Bradford West planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Beckfoot Thornton Academy	2	-	3	2
Dixons Kings Academy	1	3	3	2
Queensbury School	3	8	6	6
Total	6	11	12	10

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Bradford West planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Bradford West schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	630	624	6	3127	3558	431	12.12%
2021/22	600	619	-19	3170	3280	110	3.36%
2022/23	600	618	-18	3176	3280	104	3.17%
2023/24	600	610	-10	3180	3280	100	3.05%
2024/25	600	609	-9	3181	3280	99	3.02%
2025/26	600	610	-10	3163	3280	117	3.57%
2026/27	600	588	12	3127	3280	153	4.67%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Bradford West planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 627 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 613 a difference of 14 pupils or 2.23%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 3205, but the census shows 3138 a difference of 24 or 0.75%

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 3067, but the census shows 3030 a difference of 37 or 1.21%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Cullingworth Secondary School Planning Area

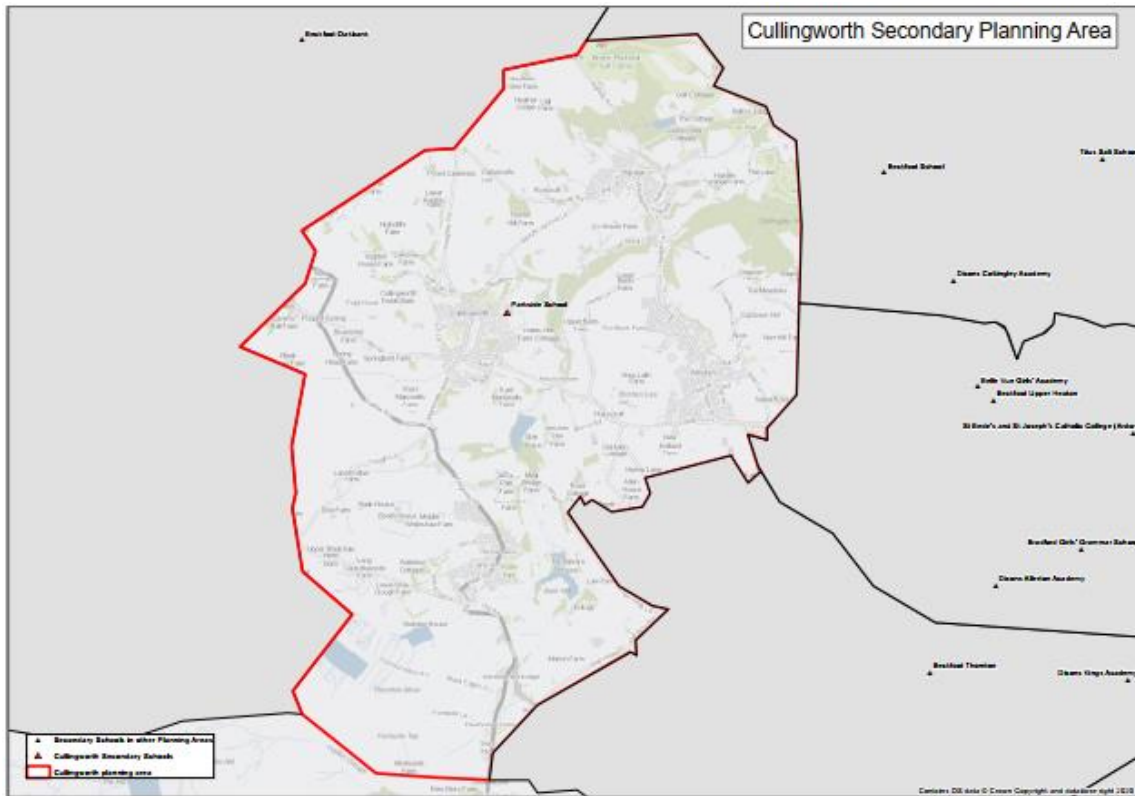
Secondary education in the Cullingworth Planning Area

There is one secondary school in the Cullingworth planning area which has post 16 provision. This is a rural area mainly covering the villages of Cullingworth, Denholme, Harden and Wilsden.

Schools in Cullingworth Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Parkside School	Trust	-	210	Yes
Total			210	

Map of Cullingworth Planning Area and Secondary School:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Cullingworth

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Cullingworth planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the school together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	180	178	182	-2	879	1024	982	42	4.10%
2016	180	179	172	8	878	1024	971	53	5.18%
2017	210	166	202	8	898	1024	1003	21	2.05%
2018	210	204	205	5	927	1151	1023	128	11.12%
2019	210	214	209	1	965	1170	1050	120	10.26%
2020	210	252	210	0	991	1170	1085	85	7.26%

- The school increased its' PAN from 180 to 210 from September 2017 and will fill up over 5 years incrementally.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority schools

There have previously been low levels of cross border transfers from children living in this area, to all neighbouring LA's

The numbers of pupils living in the Cullingworth planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the table below:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	The North Halifax Grammar	3	7	3
	Trinity Academy Sowerby Bridge	-	-	2
	Trinity Academy Halifax	-	-	1
Kirklees	All Saints Catholic High	-	-	1
North Yorkshire	Skipton Girls' High	2	-	-
Total		5	7	7

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Cullingworth Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children will eventually transfer to secondary schools in the Cullingworth planning area. A number of housing developments have been approved in this area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The table below shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Cullingworth planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Parkside School	3	5	6	5
Total	3	5	6	5

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Cullingworth planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Cullingworth schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	210	210	0	1085	1170	85	7.30%
2021/22	210	210	0	1114	1170	56	4.78%
2022/23	210	210	0	1130	1170	40	3.38%
2023/24	210	210	0	1142	1170	28	2.38%
2024/25	210	210	0	1146	1170	24	2.05%
2025/26	210	210	0	1147	1170	23	1.98%
2026/27	210	210	0	1147	1170	23	1.98%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Cullingworth planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 208 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 209 a difference of -1 pupil or -0.48%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 1049, but the census shows 1050, a difference of -1 or -0.10%.

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 969, but the census shows 965 a difference of 4 or 0.41%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Ilkley Secondary School Planning Area

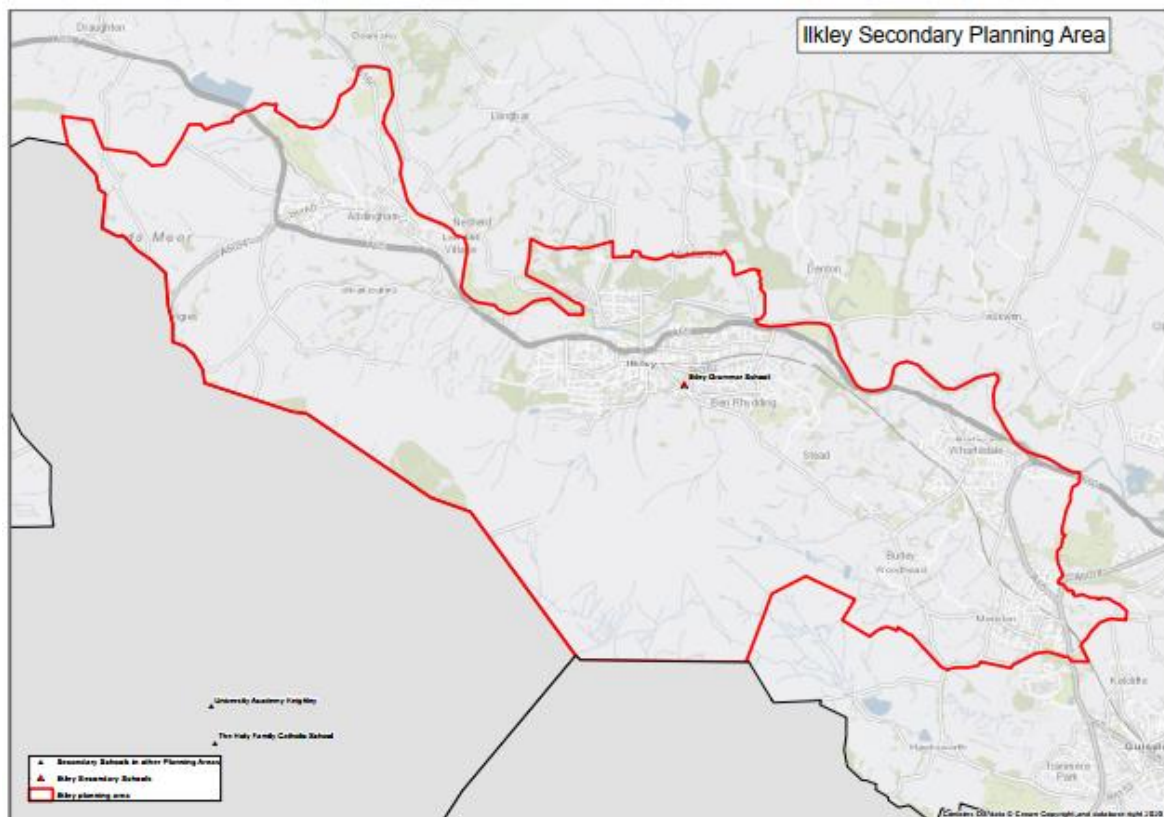
Secondary education in the Ilkley Planning Area

There is one secondary school in the Ilkley planning area, which has post 16 provision. The area is to the north of the Bradford District covering rural and semi-rural areas including Ilkley and the villages of Addingham, Burley and Woodhead and Menston. It borders Leeds Local Authority to the east and North Yorkshire to the north.

Schools in Ilkley Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Ilkley Grammar School	Academy	Moorland Trust	300	Yes
Total			300	

Map of Ilkley Planning Area and Secondary School:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Ilkley

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Ilkley planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	245	245	245	0	1225	1558	1538	20	1.28%
2016	261	281	281	-19	1261	1558	1609	-51	-3.27%
2017	286	292	292	4	1297	1558	1688	-130	-8.34%
2018	300	283	283	4	1343	1558	1746	-188	-12.07%
2019	300	356	356	-20	1414	1960	1843	117	5.97%
2020	300	360	360	-15	1486	1960	1919	41	2.09%

- Ilkley Grammar School increased the PAN from 245 to 261 from September 2016.
- Ilkley Grammar School increased the PAN from 261 to 286 from September 2017.
- Ilkley Grammar School increased the PAN from 286 to 300 from September 2018.
- Building work to expand the school was completed in September 2019.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority (LA) schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in this planning area particularly to Leeds and North Yorkshire Local Authorities.

The numbers of pupils living in the Ilkley planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the next table:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Leeds	Benton Park	1	-	-
	Guiseley School	7	6	5
	Otley Prince Henry's Grammar School	45	27	18
	St Mary's Menston Catholic School	49	30	29
North Yorkshire	Ashville	1	-	-
	Ermysted's Grammar	12	11	17
	Skipton Girls' High	10	3	7
Total		125	77	76

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years. The school population nationally has been growing considerably; in the future the numbers able to transfer to schools in other Local Authorities may reduce.

Secondary forecasts in the Ilkley Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children will eventually transfer to secondary schools in the Ilkley planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The next table shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in the schools in the Ilkley planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Ilkley Grammar	25	40	35	33
Total	25	40	35	33

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Ilkley planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Ilkley school with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	300	315	-15	1919	1960	41	2.08%
2021/22	300	300	0	1959	1960	1	0.03%
2022/23	300	300	0	2010	1960	-50	-2.57%
2023/24	300	300	0	2032	1960	-72	-3.70%
2024/25	300	300	0	2046	1960	-86	-4.37%
2025/26	300	300	0	2045	1960	-85	-4.35%
2026/27	300	300	0	2027	1960	-67	-3.40%

Note that the size of cohorts entering secondary schools have been increasing for a number of years as the increased number of primary aged children move up into the secondary phase. Across the district the forecast shows that numbers entering the secondary phase will begin to decrease from 2022, however there are variations between planning areas.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Bradford West planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 323 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 320 a difference of 3 pupils or 0.93%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 1834, but the census shows 1843 a difference of -9 or -0.49%.

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 1428, but the census shows 1414 a difference of 14 or 0.98%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Keighley Secondary School Planning Area

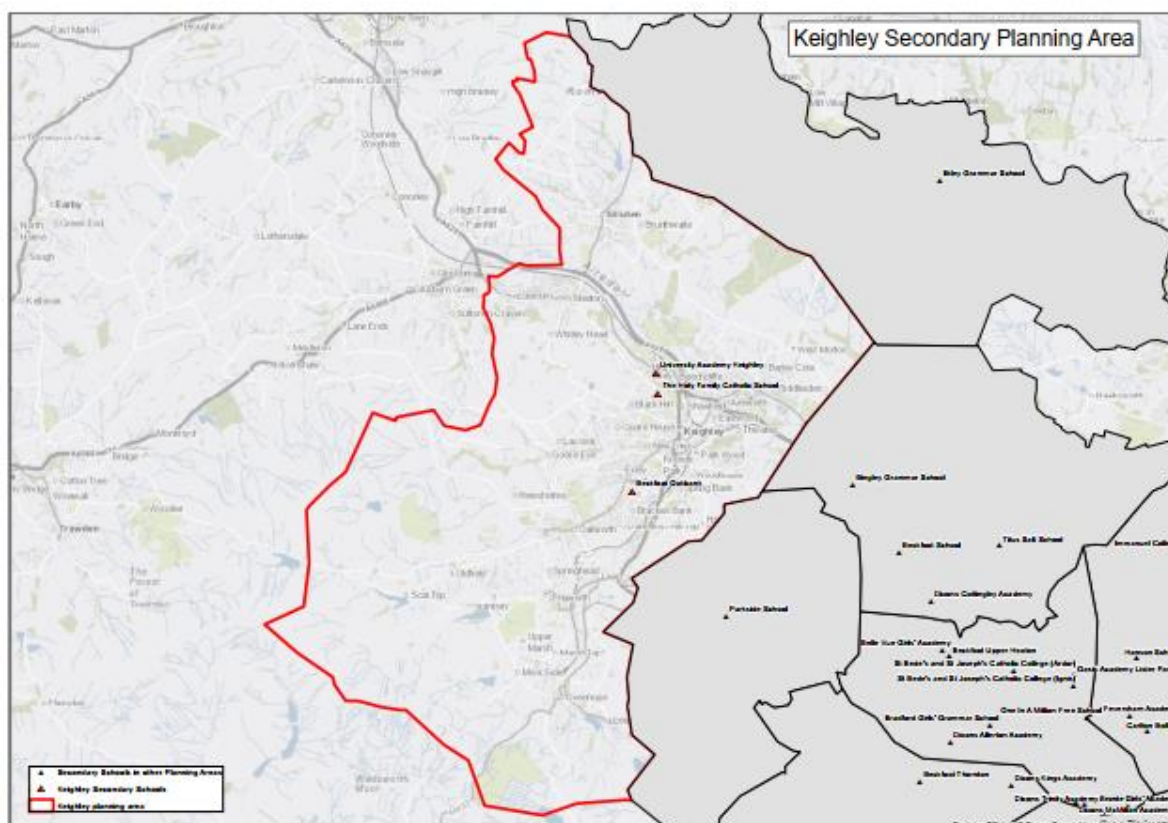
Secondary education in the Keighley Planning Area

There are 3 secondary schools in the Keighley planning area, two of which have post 16 provision. The area covers a large part of the western side of the District much of which is rural and semirural. It includes the town of Keighley and villages of Eastburn, Haworth, Oakworth, Oxenhope, Riddlesden, Silsden, Stanbury and Steeton.

Schools in Keighley Planning Area

School	School Type	Multi Academy Trust (MAT)	Published Admission Number (PAN)	Sixth Form
Beckfoot Oakbank Academy	Academy	Beckfoot	300	Yes
The Holy Family Catholic School	Voluntary Aided	-	165	Yes
University Academy Keighley	Academy	Bradford University & Bradford Council	180	No
Total			645	

Map of Keighley Planning Area and Secondary Schools:



Historic numbers of Secondary pupils in Keighley

The table below provides historical information on the total numbers of available year 7 secondary school places in the Keighley planning area (the PAN), compared to the actual number of year 7 preferences (demand for places).

The total number of 11 – 16 places and the actual number on roll (NOR) are shown against the total capacity of the schools together with surplus percentages and numbers.

Year (Sept)	PAN	1 st preference expressed	Pupils in Year 7	Spare Year 7 places	11 – 16 pupils on roll	Total capacity 11-19	Total NOR 11-19	Surplus places	Surplus %
2015	630	538	540	90	2701	3947	3161	786	19.91%
2016	645	531	556	89	2676	3914	3121	793	20.26%
2017	645	524	552	93	2728	3919	3107	812	20.72%
2018	645	545	551	94	2758	3919	3061	858	21.89%
2019	645	535	588	57	2793	3739	3055	684	18.29%
2020	645	491	570	75	2830	3739	3098	641	17.14%

- The Holy Family increased its' PAN from 150 to 165 from September 2016.
- Oakbank School converted to academy status in September 2016 under the Beckfoot Trust with a name change to Beckfoot Oakbank Academy.
- University Academy Keighley closed the sixth form provision in July 2018.

There is a significant variation in the popularity and number of preferences made for schools in this group.

Children transferring to Other Local Authority (LA) schools

There are cross border transfers from children living in this planning area particularly from the Eastburn, Silsden and Steeton areas.

The numbers of pupils living in the Keighley planning area allocated to schools in other local authorities are shown in the next table:

Local Authority	School	Pupils 2018	Pupils 2019	Pupils 2020
Calderdale	The Crossley Heath School	-	2	-
	The North Halifax Grammar	23	12	17
Leeds	St Mary's Menston	-	-	1
North Yorkshire	Ermysted's Grammar	40	28	40
	Skipton Girls' High	41	31	23
	South Craven School	152	170	128
	The Skipton Academy	2	5	2
	Upper Wharfedale	2	-	-
Lancashire	West Craven High	1	-	-
Total		261	248	211

It is difficult to predict accurately the numbers likely to transfer to other Local Authorities in the future, the forecasting process uses an average over the previous 3 years.

Secondary forecasts in the Keighley Planning Area

Forecasts for the future need for secondary places are based on the historic pattern of transfer from year 6 children in primary schools to year 7. As the population continues to grow several primary schools have expanded from which children will eventually transfer to secondary schools in the Keighley planning area.

It is general practice that wherever possible a surplus capacity of 5% is planned into the overall capacity of schools across the area. This is to allow for a range of factors which can change year on year including changes to parental preference and inward migration.

The table below shows the number of year 6 children that have transferred to year 7 in each of the schools in the Keighley planning area from private, independent or other local authority schools, over a 3 year period which appears to have reduced.

Secondary school	2018	2019	2020	Average
Beckfoot Oakbank Academy	1	2	2	2
The Holy Family Catholic School	1	0	2	1
University Academy Keighley	0	2	1	1
Total	2	4	5	4

Estimates of the number of pupils likely to require a secondary school place in the Keighley planning area between 2020 and 2026 are shown in the following table. They are compared to the total number of places available (PAN). The 'spare' places refer to the projected year 7 demand compared with the capacity of the schools. The total number on roll (NOR) is then compared with the total net capacity of all Keighley schools with an overall surplus number and percentage of spare capacity.

Forecast Data

Year	Available places	Pupils in year 7	Spare year 7 places	Forecast Total NOR	Total Capacity 11-19	Surplus places	% Surplus places
2020/21	645	570	75	3098	3739	641	17.15%
2021/22	645	630	15	3203	3739	536	14.33%
2022/23	645	613	32	3277	3739	462	12.35%
2023/24	645	585	60	3313	3739	426	11.39%
2024/25	645	577	68	3323	3739	416	11.13%
2025/26	645	540	105	3285	3739	454	12.15%
2026/27	645	525	120	3171	3739	568	15.19%

As can be seen in the table it appears that there are sufficient places in the Keighley planning area for the foreseeable future. The number of pupils in the primary schools in this area has grown; these will eventually move through the year groups and require places in the secondary schools.

Accuracy of forecasts

It is useful to understand how accurate forecasts are year on year. This is done by comparing the number of year 7 pupils admitted to schools in the Keighley planning area in 2019 with the number forecast the previous year.

The total number of year 7 pupils forecast in 2018/19 predicted there would be 592 pupils on the January 2020 census. The actual number recorded 588 a difference of 4 or 0.68%. Overall the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning were predicted to be 3094, but the census shows 3055 a difference of 39 or 1.26%.

For 11-16 year olds the forecast numbers in the schools in this planning area were predicted to be 2804, but the census shows 2793 a difference of 11 or 0.39%.

Proposals

Monitor the effects of the two new free schools and work with schools where they may wish to change their intake either into year 7 or sixth form.

Complete 2020 primary pupil forecasts by planning area and year

Bingley 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	239	252	272	266	266	274	260	1829
2020/21 forecast	237	239	252	272	267	267	273	1807
2021/22 forecast	246	237	238	252	272	268	266	1779
2022/23 forecast	223	246	238	237	253	273	267	1737
2023/24 forecast	204	222	246	238	237	255	272	1674
2024/25 forecast	204	203	222	246	239	239	254	1607
Bingley 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	149	143	150	147	163	160	147	1059
2020/21 forecast	154	150	143	145	150	163	157	1062
2021/22 forecast	140	155	150	138	148	150	160	1041
2022/23 forecast	132	141	154	145	141	147	147	1007
2023/24 forecast	144	133	141	148	148	140	143	997
2024/25 forecast	144	145	133	136	151	147	137	993
Bingley/Keighley	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	146	139	150	135	131	154	149	1004
2020/21 forecast	139	147	140	151	135	132	155	999
2021/22 forecast	119	140	147	141	150	136	132	965
2022/23 forecast	125	120	141	148	141	151	137	963
2023/24 forecast	137	126	121	142	148	142	152	968
2024/25 forecast	137	138	127	122	142	148	141	955
Keighley 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	327	351	349	341	367	338	367	2440
2020/21 forecast	347	324	352	345	343	367	342	2420
2021/22 forecast	303	347	326	348	347	342	371	2384
2022/23 forecast	314	301	348	322	350	347	346	2328
2023/24 forecast	332	312	302	344	324	349	351	2314
2024/25 forecast	332	330	313	298	346	324	353	2296
Keighley 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	384	378	415	409	404	420	379	2789
2020/21 forecast	405	383	381	417	403	405	422	2816
2021/22 forecast	370	405	386	382	412	404	406	2765
2022/23 forecast	317	370	407	387	376	412	405	2674
2023/24 forecast	314	316	372	408	381	377	413	2581
2024/25 forecast	314	313	317	373	402	381	379	2479
North East 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	384	372	390	390	384	387	345	2652
2020/21 forecast	402	383	368	389	390	369	386	2687
2021/22 forecast	389	405	381	371	390	375	369	2680
2022/23 forecast	376	391	403	383	372	374	375	2674
2023/24 forecast	388	378	390	404	384	358	374	2676
2024/25 forecast	388	390	377	392	405	368	358	2678

North East 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	341	344	343	339	323	345	344	2379
2020/21 forecast	338	343	343	345	340	326	343	2378
2021/22 forecast	336	346	346	349	348	345	325	2395
2022/23 forecast	331	344	350	353	350	352	343	2423
2023/24 forecast	296	339	348	357	355	354	350	2399
2024/25 forecast	296	304	343	354	358	359	352	2366
North East 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	692	716	695	729	709	755	747	5043
2020/21 forecast	661	702	721	691	731	710	757	4973
2021/22 forecast	655	671	709	716	693	732	711	4887
2022/23 forecast	629	663	678	703	718	694	734	4819
2023/24 forecast	634	637	669	672	704	719	695	4730
2024/25 forecast	634	642	643	664	674	705	721	4683
North West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	89	82	102	88	86	98	101	646
2020/21 forecast	85	90	80	100	87	83	99	624
2021/22 forecast	84	86	88	79	99	84	84	604
2022/23 forecast	89	85	84	87	78	96	85	604
2023/24 forecast	88	90	83	83	86	75	97	602
2024/25 forecast	88	89	88	82	82	83	76	588
North West 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	277	297	272	275	294	284	285	1984
2020/21 forecast	295	283	298	272	274	293	286	2001
2021/22 forecast	263	306	286	300	272	273	295	1995
2022/23 forecast	254	273	309	287	300	272	274	1969
2023/24 forecast	233	263	276	310	287	299	274	1942
2024/25 forecast	233	242	266	277	310	286	302	1916
North West 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	306	333	320	313	316	333	349	2270
2020/21 forecast	300	311	335	321	317	320	336	2240
2021/22 forecast	295	306	311	336	326	322	323	2219
2022/23 forecast	268	301	307	312	341	332	325	2186
2023/24 forecast	284	273	301	308	315	347	335	2163
2024/25 forecast	284	289	273	302	312	320	350	2130
North West 4	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	269	294	282	284	324	315	336	2104
2020/21 forecast	281	276	296	281	284	326	315	2059
2021/22 forecast	286	291	277	294	282	286	326	2042
2022/23 forecast	252	295	293	275	294	284	286	1979
2023/24 forecast	264	260	297	292	276	296	284	1969
2024/25 forecast	264	272	261	296	291	278	296	1958

North West 5	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	439	469	456	500	483	489	503	3339
2020/21 forecast	460	444	473	463	501	485	489	3315
2021/22 forecast	466	466	449	482	465	504	486	3318
2022/23 forecast	432	472	472	455	483	467	504	3285
2023/24 forecast	422	438	477	479	457	486	467	3226
2024/25 forecast	422	429	443	485	480	458	486	3203
Queensbury 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	116	116	119	113	116	117	120	817
2020/21 forecast	120	114	114	114	114	116	112	804
2021/22 forecast	120	118	112	109	115	114	111	799
2022/23 forecast	120	118	116	107	110	115	110	796
2023/24 forecast	120	118	116	111	108	110	110	793
2024/25 forecast	120	118	116	111	112	108	106	791
Shipley 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	172	140	164	163	155	151	162	1107
2020/21 forecast	157	171	140	162	166	154	148	1098
2021/22 forecast	161	158	171	139	165	165	152	1111
2022/23 forecast	153	161	158	170	141	164	162	1109
2023/24 forecast	155	153	161	156	172	140	161	1098
2024/25 forecast	155	155	153	159	159	171	138	1090
Shipley 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	142	163	161	182	172	163	169	1152
2020/21 forecast	179	141	165	158	182	169	164	1158
2021/22 forecast	180	178	143	161	158	178	171	1169
2022/23 forecast	158	179	181	140	161	155	180	1154
2023/24 forecast	144	157	182	177	140	158	156	1114
2024/25 forecast	144	143	159	178	177	137	159	1097
Shipley 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	187	190	199	186	184	187	166	1299
2020/21 forecast	187	186	189	199	182	183	184	1310
2021/22 forecast	188	187	186	189	193	181	180	1304
2022/23 forecast	157	188	186	186	184	190	178	1269
2023/24 forecast	161	158	187	186	181	183	187	1243
2024/25 forecast	161	162	157	187	181	179	180	1207
South Craven	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	170	129	162	164	165	156	141	1087
2020/21 forecast	153	163	130	165	162	163	160	1096
2021/22 forecast	153	153	166	135	165	162	168	1102
2022/23 forecast	141	153	156	171	136	164	166	1087
2023/24 forecast	161	141	156	161	170	135	168	1092
2024/25 forecast	161	160	144	161	161	169	138	1094

South East 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	397	399	414	403	435	444	424	2916
2020/21 forecast	351	399	400	417	402	431	441	2841
2021/22 forecast	319	354	399	405	416	399	428	2720
2022/23 forecast	311	322	354	404	405	412	398	2606
2023/24 forecast	306	314	323	357	403	401	409	2513
2024/25 forecast	306	309	313	326	358	400	399	2411
South West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	227	218	208	221	231	222	210	1537
2020/21 forecast	218	226	216	203	223	233	223	1542
2021/22 forecast	217	217	224	212	205	225	234	1534
2022/23 forecast	225	216	215	219	214	207	226	1522
2023/24 forecast	194	224	214	211	221	216	208	1488
2024/25 forecast	194	193	222	210	213	223	217	1472
South West 2	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	321	308	320	325	333	325	312	2244
2020/21 forecast	321	319	307	322	326	329	321	2245
2021/22 forecast	303	319	318	309	324	322	325	2220
2022/23 forecast	297	301	318	320	310	320	318	2184
2023/24 forecast	277	295	300	320	321	306	316	2135
2024/25 forecast	277	275	294	301	321	317	302	2087
South West 3	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	267	267	292	297	295	278	280	1976
2020/21 forecast	271	271	272	291	298	295	283	1981
2021/22 forecast	261	275	276	269	292	298	300	1971
2022/23 forecast	255	264	280	273	270	292	303	1937
2023/24 forecast	253	258	269	278	274	270	297	1899
2024/25 forecast	253	256	263	267	279	274	275	1867
South West 4	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	660	710	666	704	764	737	744	4985
2020/21 forecast	676	662	716	661	707	769	745	4936
2021/22 forecast	668	682	668	713	666	713	777	4887
2022/23 forecast	615	674	689	665	716	672	719	4750
2023/24 forecast	644	619	681	686	670	722	679	4701
2024/25 forecast	644	648	625	678	691	675	729	4690
South West 5	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	407	416	416	408	426	435	446	2954
2020/21 forecast	414	411	421	422	411	426	433	2938
2021/22 forecast	410	419	416	427	427	411	424	2934
2022/23 forecast	374	414	424	422	430	427	410	2901
2023/24 forecast	375	377	418	431	426	430	425	2882
2024/25 forecast	375	379	381	424	435	426	428	2848

West 1	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	117	111	123	117	124	125	124	841
2020/21 forecast	115	118	111	123	119	124	123	833
2021/22 forecast	120	117	118	111	125	119	122	832
2022/23 forecast	120	122	118	118	113	125	117	833
2023/24 forecast	117	122	123	118	120	113	123	836
2024/25 forecast	117	119	123	123	120	120	111	833
Wharfe Valley	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	328	334	330	329	334	375	365	2395
2020/21 forecast	302	334	338	324	328	338	376	2340
2021/22 forecast	329	310	339	333	323	331	339	2304
2022/23 forecast	278	336	314	335	332	327	332	2254
2023/24 forecast	280	285	341	309	334	336	329	2214
2024/25 forecast	280	286	290	336	307	337	338	2174

All primary planning areas	R	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
2019/20 actual	7553	7671	7770	7828	7984	8067	7975	54848
2020/21 forecast	7568	7590	7701	7753	7842	7976	8073	54503
2021/22 forecast	7381	7648	7630	7700	7778	7839	7985	53961
2022/23 forecast	6946	7450	7693	7624	7719	7771	7847	53050
2023/24 forecast	6927	7008	7494	7686	7642	7717	7775	52249
2024/25 forecast	6927	6989	7046	7488	7706	7632	7725	51513

Complete 2020 secondary pupil forecasts by planning area and year

Aire Valley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	1030	983	932	979	922	454	403	5703
2020/21 forecast	1021	1028	988	928	974	447	416	5802
2021/22 forecast	1000	1022	1034	986	924	457	409	5832
2022/23 forecast	1000	1002	1027	1033	981	446	419	5908
2023/24 forecast	1000	1001	1007	1026	1028	449	408	5919
2024/25 forecast	999	1000	1006	1006	1021	474	411	5917
2025/26 forecast	988	999	1005	1005	1001	460	433	5891
2026/27 forecast	976	987	1004	1004	1000	448	421	5840
Bradford Central	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	1616	1372	1374	1359	1297	515	615	8148
2020/21 forecast	1712	1618	1373	1359	1350	601	370	8383
2021/22 forecast	1714	1717	1622	1363	1348	605	422	8791
2022/23 forecast	1714	1718	1721	1610	1352	597	424	9136
2023/24 forecast	1672	1718	1722	1710	1598	595	421	9436
2024/25 forecast	1666	1675	1722	1711	1700	686	418	9578
2025/26 forecast	1650	1666	1676	1708	1701	691	487	9579
2026/27 forecast	1617	1651	1667	1663	1698	692	491	9479
Bradford East	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	1269	1228	1244	1163	1110	327	386	6727
2020/21 forecast	1290	1285	1234	1239	1153	396	269	6866
2021/22 forecast	1302	1313	1294	1231	1228	389	326	7083
2022/23 forecast	1263	1326	1323	1291	1219	403	321	7146
2023/24 forecast	1260	1285	1336	1320	1278	411	331	7221
2024/25 forecast	1248	1282	1295	1333	1307	434	338	7237
2025/26 forecast	1244	1263	1288	1288	1320	436	357	7196
2026/27 forecast	1227	1260	1268	1281	1276	440	358	7110
Bradford South	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	1536	1550	1582	1456	1394	120	323	7961
2020/21 forecast	1579	1537	1534	1574	1438	198	76	7936
2021/22 forecast	1594	1581	1522	1528	1552	202	144	8123
2022/23 forecast	1580	1596	1566	1514	1508	212	147	8123
2023/24 forecast	1524	1582	1581	1557	1493	202	155	8094
2024/25 forecast	1494	1526	1567	1572	1535	201	148	8043
2025/26 forecast	1472	1495	1511	1558	1550	209	146	7941
2026/27 forecast	1428	1474	1481	1504	1536	213	154	7790

Bradford West	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	613	615	611	583	608	44	64	3138
2020/21 forecast	624	614	607	607	580	61	34	3127
2021/22 forecast	619	628	608	605	604	59	47	3170
2022/23 forecast	618	623	622	605	602	61	45	3176
2023/24 forecast	610	623	617	619	602	62	47	3180
2024/25 forecast	609	614	617	614	616	63	48	3181
2025/26 forecast	610	610	606	613	611	64	49	3163
2026/27 forecast	588	612	602	602	610	64	49	3127
Cullingworth	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	209	205	196	176	179	48	37	1050
2020/21 forecast	210	209	203	193	176	49	45	1085
2021/22 forecast	210	210	207	200	193	48	46	1114
2022/23 forecast	210	210	208	204	200	53	45	1130
2023/24 forecast	210	210	208	205	204	55	50	1142
2024/25 forecast	210	210	208	205	205	56	52	1146
2025/26 forecast	210	210	208	205	205	56	53	1147
2026/27 forecast	210	210	208	205	205	56	53	1147
Ilkley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	320	297	281	275	241	237	192	1843
2020/21 forecast	315	321	294	280	276	220	213	1919
2021/22 forecast	300	317	319	292	281	252	198	1959
2022/23 forecast	300	302	315	317	293	257	226	2010
2023/24 forecast	300	302	300	313	318	268	231	2032
2024/25 forecast	300	303	300	298	314	290	241	2046
2025/26 forecast	300	301	300	298	299	287	260	2045
2026/27 forecast	300	301	298	298	299	273	258	2027
Keighley	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2019/20 actual	588	557	550	561	537	130	132	3055
2020/21 forecast	570	589	562	551	558	152	116	3098
2021/22 forecast	630	574	596	565	548	155	135	3203
2022/23 forecast	613	634	582	598	562	149	139	3277
2023/24 forecast	585	618	643	584	595	155	133	3313
2024/25 forecast	577	590	627	645	581	165	138	3323
2025/26 forecast	540	578	596	628	641	155	147	3285
2026/27 forecast	525	541	584	597	624	162	138	3171
All secondary planning areas	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
2018/19 actual	6807	6804	6538	6292	6043	2563	2355	37402
2019/20 forecast	7287	6795	6835	6481	6312	2434	2035	38179
2020/21 forecast	7248	7296	6819	6732	6441	2447	1931	38914
2021/22 forecast	7302	7271	7317	6717	6682	2489	1943	39721
2022/23 forecast	7225	7324	7291	7204	6676	2538	1978	40236
2023/24 forecast	7100	7247	7344	7180	7158	2546	2016	40591
2024/25 forecast	6969	7106	7261	7231	7139	2699	2023	40428
2025/26 forecast	6845	6974	7119	7146	7190	2665	2139	40078

Primary Schools/Academies within the Bradford District by Planning Area - 2020

Bingley 1

- Beckfoot Priestthorpe Primary School
- Cottingley Village Primary School
- Eldwick Primary School
- Myrtle Park Primary School
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy (Bingley)
- Trinity All Saints Primary School

Bingley 2

- Cullingworth Village Primary School
- Denholme Primary School
- Harden Primary School
- Wilsden Primary School

Bingley/Keighley

- Crossflatts
- East Morton C of E Primary School
- Riddlesden St Mary's C of E Primary School

Keighley 1

- Eastwood Community School
- Keighley St Andrew's C of E Primary School
- Laycock Primary School
- Long Lee primary School
- Merlin Top Primary Academy School
- Our Lady of Victories Catholic Primary School
- Parkwood Primary School
- St Anne's Catholic Primary School
- Victoria Primary School

Keighley 2

- Haworth Primary School
- Holycroft Primary School
- Ingrow Primary School
- Lees Primary School
- Beckfoot Nessfield
- Oakworth Primary School
- Oldfield Primary School
- Oxenhope Primary School
- St Joseph's Catholic Primary School (Keighley)
- Stanbury Primary School
- Worth Valley Primary School

North East 1

- Blakehill Primary School
- Cavendish Primary School
- Greengates Primary Academy
- Holybrook Primary School
- Idle C of E Primary School
- Our Lady & St Brendan's Catholic Primary School
- Co-op Academy Parkland
- Thackley Primary School
- Thorpe Primary School

North East 2

- Fagley Primary School
- Grove House Primary School
- Poplars Farm Primary School
- St Clare's Catholic Primary School
- St Francis Catholic Primary School
- St Luke's C of E Primary School
- Swain House Primary School
- Wellington Primary School

North East 3

- Barkerend Academy
- Byron Primary School
- Dixons Marchbank Primary Academy
- Feversham Primary Academy
- Killinghall Primary School
- Lapage Primary School and Nursery
- Peel Park Primary School and Nursery
- St Mary's & St Peter's Catholic Primary School
- Thornbury Primary Leadership Academy
- Westminster C of E Primary Academy

North West 1

- Keelham Primary School
- Thornton Primary School

North West 2

- Beckfoot Allerton Primary School and Nursery
- Dixons Allerton Academy
- Ley Top Primary School
- Sandy Lane Primary School
- St Matthew's Catholic Primary School
- The Academy at St James

North West 3

- Bradford Girls' Grammar School
- Crossley Hall Primary School
- Girlington Primary School
- St Philip's C of E Primary Academy
- St William's Catholic Primary School
- Whetley Academy

North West 4

- Atlas Community Primary School
- Dixons Manningham Academy
- Green Lane Primary School
- Iqra Academy
- Miriam Lord Community Primary School

North West 5

- Beckfoot Heaton Primary
- Frizinghall Primary School
- Heaton St Barnabas C of E Aided Primary School
- Lilycroft Primary School
- Lister Primary School
- Margaret McMillan Primary School
- St Cuthbert & the First Martyr's Catholic Primary
- Westbourne Primary

Queensbury

- Foxhill Primary School
- Russell Hall Primary School
- Shibden Head Primary Academy

Shipley 1

- Christ Church C of E Academy
- High Craggs Primary Leadership Academy
- Low Ash Primary School
- St Anthony's Catholic Primary School, A Voluntary Academy (Shipley)

Shipley 2

- Saltaire Primary School
- Shipley C of E Primary School
- St Walburga's Catholic Primary School
- Wycliffe C of E Primary School

Shipley 3

- Baildon C of E Primary School
- Glenaire Primary School
- Hoyle Court Primary School
- Sandal Primary School

South Craven

- Eastburn Junior and Infant School
- Silsden Primary School
- Steeton Primary School

South East 1

- Carrwood Primary School
- Fearnville Primary School
- Knowleswood Primary School
- Lower Fields Primary Academy
- Newhall Park Primary School
- Ryecroft Primary Academy
- St Columba's Catholic primary School
- St John's C of E Primary School

South West 1

- Appleton Academy
- Hill Top C of E Primary School
- Low Moor C of E Primary School
- Shirley Manor Primary Academy
- Woodlands C of E Primary Academy
- Worthinghead Primary School

South West 2

- Farfield Primary and Nursery School
- Reeve Hill Primary School
- St Paul's C of E Primary School
- St Winefride's Catholic Primary Academy
- Wibsey Primary School
- Woodside Academy

South West 3

- Brackenhill Primary School
- Hollingwood Primary School
- Home Farm Primary School
- Southmere Primary Academy
- St John the Evangelist Catholic Academy
- Stocks Lane Primary School

South West 4

- All Saints' C of E Primary School
- Copthorne Primary School
- Dixons Music Academy
- Farnham Primary School
- Horton Grange Primary School
- Horton Park Primary School
- Lidget Green Primary School
- Co-op Academy Princeville
- Rainbow Primary School
- St Joseph's Catholic Bradford
- St Oswald's Church of England Primary School Academy

South West 5

- Bankfoot Primary School
- Bowling Park Primary (two sites)
- Bradford Academy
- Marshfield Primary School
- Newby Primary School
- St Matthew's C of E Primary School and Nursery
- St Stephen's C of E primary School

West 1

- Clayton St John's C of E Primary School
- Clayton Village Primary School
- St Anthony's Catholic School Clayton

Wharfe Valley

- Addingham Primary School
- All Saints C of E Primary School
- Ashlands Primary School
- Ben Rhydding Primary School
- Burley & Woodhead Primary School
- Burley Oaks Primary School
- Menston Primary School
- The Sacred Heart Catholic Primary School

Secondary Schools/Academies within the Bradford District by Planning Area - 2020

Aire Valley

- Beckfoot School
- Bingley Grammar School
- Dixons Cottingley
- Titus Salt School

Bradford Central

- Beckfoot Upper Heaton Academy
- Belle Vue Girls' School
- Bradford Girls' Grammar School
- Dixons Allerton Academy
- Bronte Girls' Academy
- Dixons McMillan Academy
- Dixons Trinity Academy
- Eden Boys' Leadership Academy*
- Oasis Academy Lister Park
- St Bede's & St Joseph's Catholic College

Bradford East

- Carlton Bolling College
- Feversham College
- Hanson School
- Immanuel College
- Laisterdyke Leadership Academy
- One In A Million Free School

Bradford_South

- Appleton Academy
- Bradford Academy
- Bradford Forster Academy
- Buttershaw Business and Enterprise College
- Co-op Academy Grange*
- Dixons City Academy
- Tong Leadership Academy

**Formerly Grange Technology College*

Bradford_West

- Beckfoot Thornton Academy
- Dixons Kings Academy
- Queensbury Academy

Cullingworth

- Parkside School

Ilkley

- Ilkley Grammar School

Keighley

- Beckfoot Oakbank Academy
- The Holy Family Catholic School
- University Academy Keighley